Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook November 12, 2013

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<u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

<u>Outlook</u> <u>Review</u>



Cool shading More clouds/rain

Warm shading Less clouds/rain

Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO:

• ENSO-neutral is expected into the Northern Hemisphere spring 2014.

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

• The MJO propagated eastward to the Indian Ocean basin over the past week, weakening in magnitude. The future of the MJO is highly uncertain.

• Dynamical model MJO index forecasts suggest little in the way of a coherent MJO signal, likely being influenced by other tropical variability, such as atmospheric Kelvin waves. There appears to be one faster-moving envelope of convection that could propagate eastward into the West Pacific, while a more slowly evolving signal is held back across the western Indian Ocean.

•Confidence is fairly low, though the situation is likely to resolve over the next one to two weeks, at which time a more certain forecast of MJO evolution will be possible.

Extratropics:

- The extended range forecast for the U.S. is not influenced greatly by the MJO or coherent ENSO modes.
- The AO is currently forecast to turn neutral and possibly negative over the next one to two weeks.
- There is some tendency in the Week-2 ensemble means of establishing a Wave-4 global pattern with most extended (Weeks 3&4) ensemble systems showing higher *potential* for blocking somewhere in the North Atlantic sector.

•The evolution of the MJO will be very important for the evolution of North American climate during December.



Confidence

Produced: 11/12/2013

Forecaster: Baxter

Tropical Cyclone Formation Above-average rainfall Below-average rainfall Above-normal temperatures Below-normal temperatures

High Moderate Development of a tropical cyclone that eventually reaches tropical storm/cyclone strength. Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.









IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies



Degrees K

MJO Observation/Forecast



GFS

ECMWF

UKMET

Average Conditions when the MJO is present (Nov-Mar)



16 Member Ensemble Mean Forecast from 11Nov2013 Anomalies (mm/day) 12Nov2013-18Nov2013 Week 60N 50N 40N 30N 20N · 10N · ΕQ 10S · 20S · 30S 40S · 50S-60S | 6ÔE 120E 120W 180 6Ó₩ a -20-16-12 -8 -4 -2 -1 8 12 2 4 16 20 1 2 Anomalies (mm/day) ee.

CFSv2 Weeks 1 & 2 Precipitation





Connections to U.S. Impacts







Week 2 – Temperature and Precipitation





Confidence

Produced: 11/12/2013

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Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

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Product is updated once per week. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.







