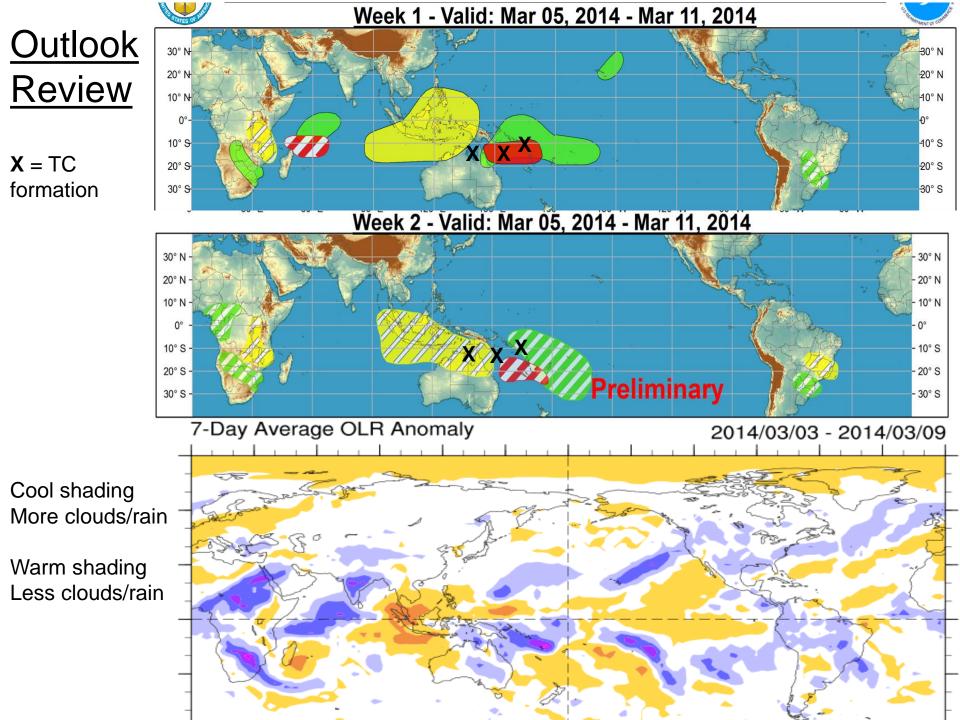
Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook

<u>March 11, 2014</u>

Adam Allgood

<u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts



Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO:

• ENSO-neutral is expected to continue through the Northern Hemisphere spring 2014, with about a 50% chance of El Niño developing during the summer or fall.

• ENSO Alert System Status: El Niño Watch

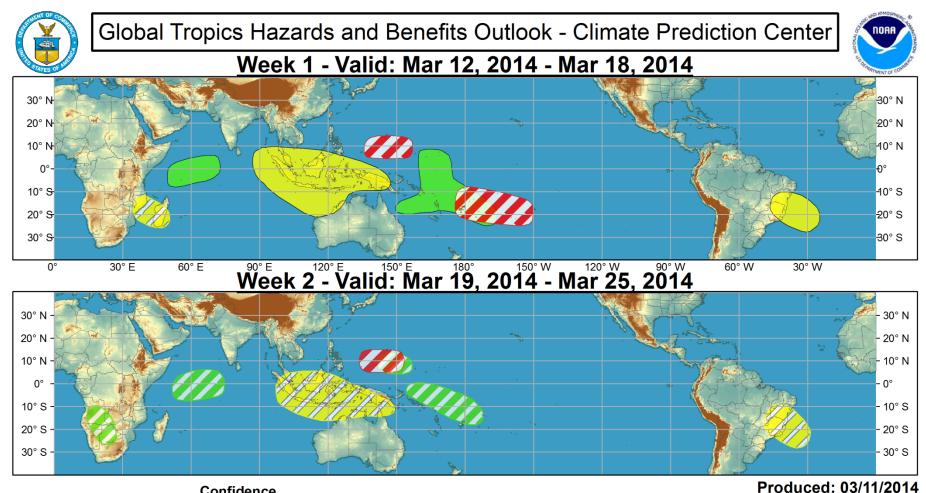
MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

• The MJO remained active during the previous week, with the enhanced phase now propagating over the Western Hemisphere.

• Influence from a slowly evolving low-frequency base state continues to strongly influence the pattern of global tropical convection.

Extratropics:

• Due to considerable spread among the dynamical model MJO forecasts as they try to reconcile interference between the MJO and the low-frequency signal, there is increased uncertainty regarding the influence of tropical convective patterns on the extratropics.



Confidence High Moderate

Tropical Cyclone Formation Above-average rainfall Below-average rainfall Above-normal temperatures Below-normal temperatures

Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.









Development of a tropical cyclone that eventually reaches tropical storm/cyclone strength.

Australian Government Bureau of Meteorology



Forecaster: Allgood

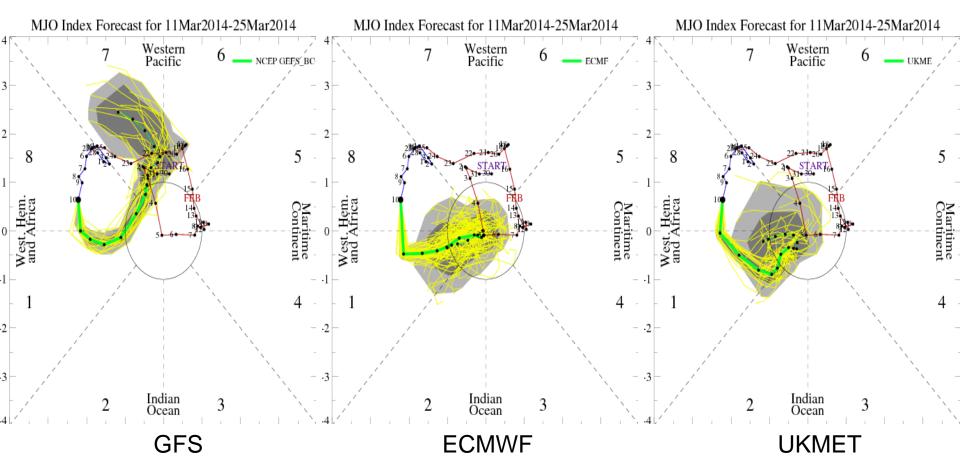
IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence 24 FEB 2014 50N 40N 30N 20N 10N EQ 105 205 305 40S 50S 60S 03 MAR 2014 60N 50N 40N 30N 20N 10N EQ 10\$ 20S 30\$ 40S 50S 605 MAR 2014 10 60N 50N 40N 30N 20N 10N EQ 105 20S 30\$ 40S 50S

Note the persistence of enhanced convection over the SWP

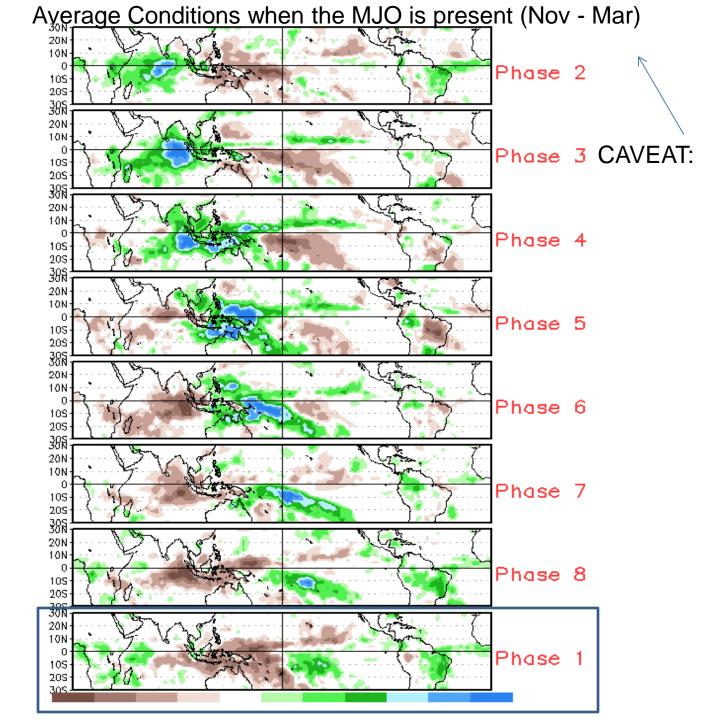
Eastward propagation of large scale VP anomalies is evident.

60S

MJO Observation/Forecast

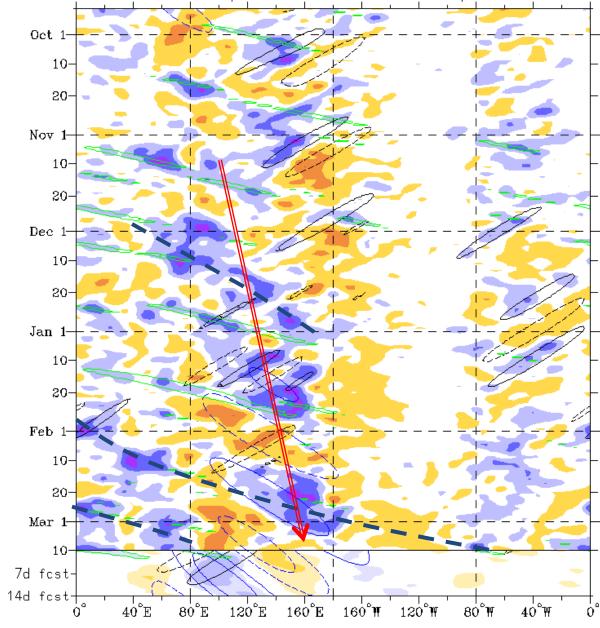


- The dynamical model MJO forecasts indicate a weakening MJO signal due to destructive interference with the base state favoring enhanced convection over the west-central Pacific
- The GFS breaks down the MJO signal quickly, while the UKMET indicates continued eastward propagation.

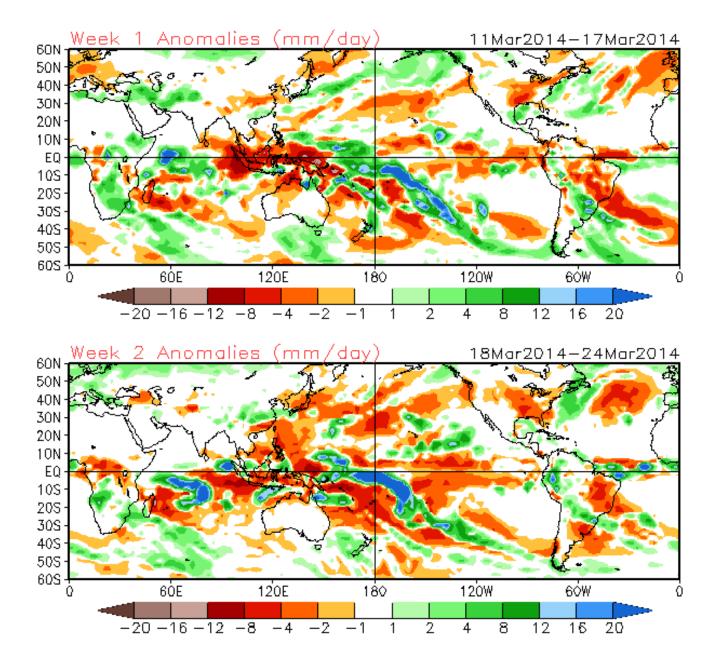


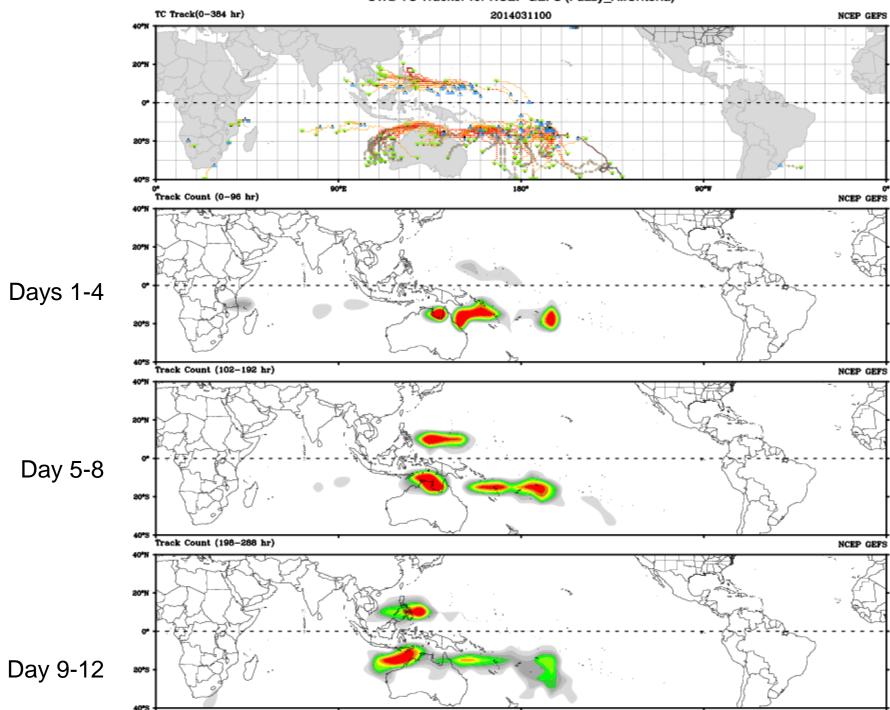
Slowly evolving base state favoring convection over the western Pacific (red arrow)

Active phase of the MJO over the Western Hemisphere (dashed lines), some enhanced convection over the western Indian Ocean.

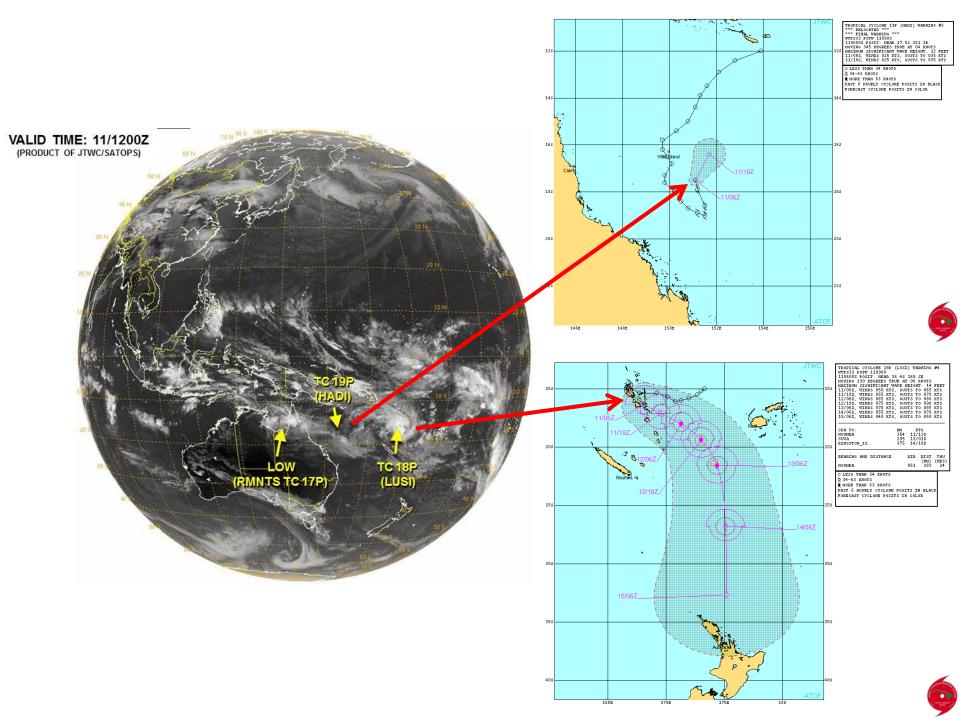


Indications of other modes of variability, including mid-latitude influence near the Date Line.

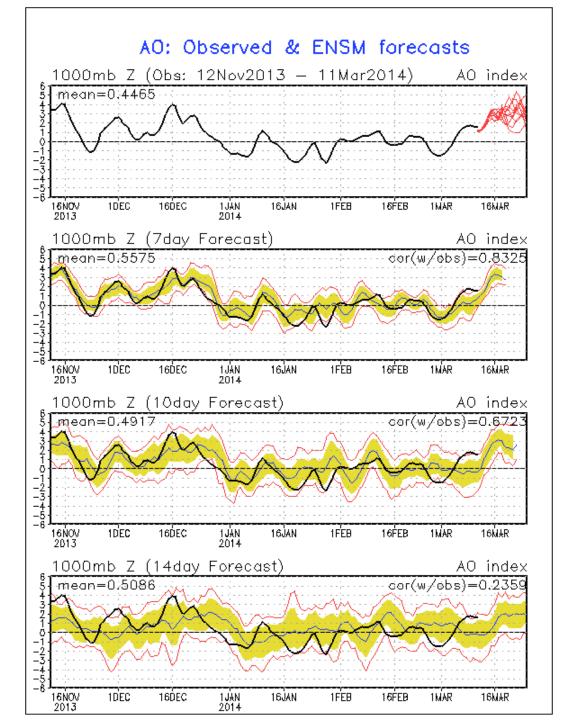


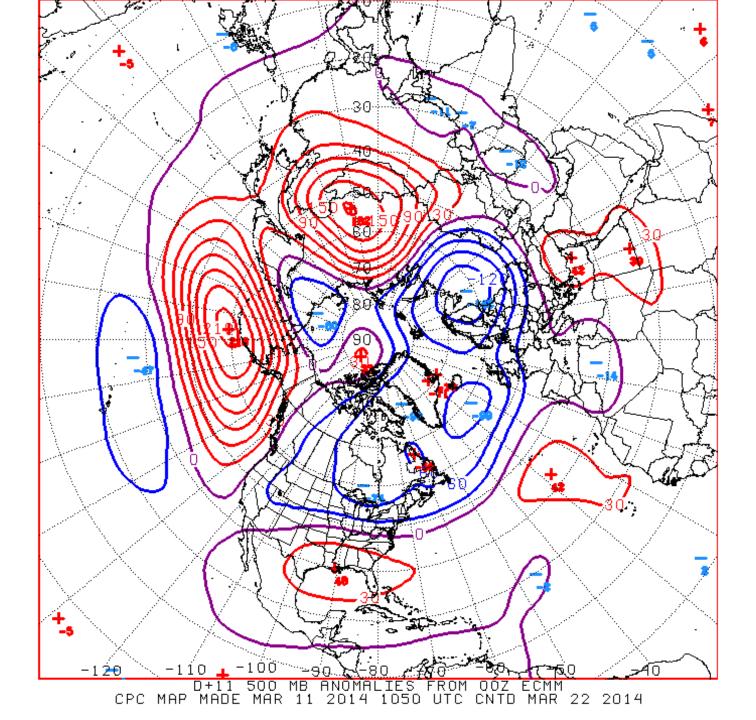


CWB TC Tracker for NCEP GEFS (Fuzzy_AllCriteria)

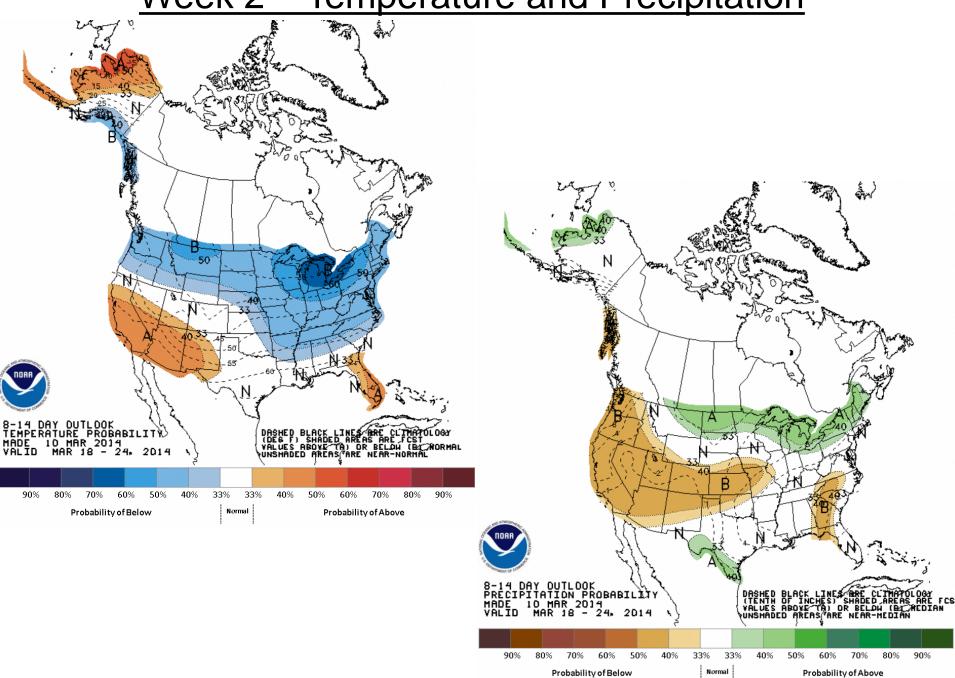


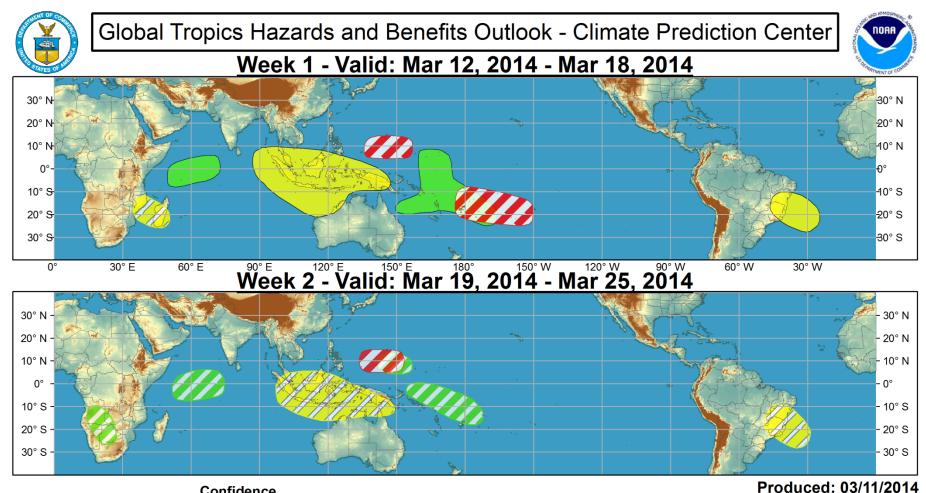
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Week 2 – Temperature and Precipitation





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