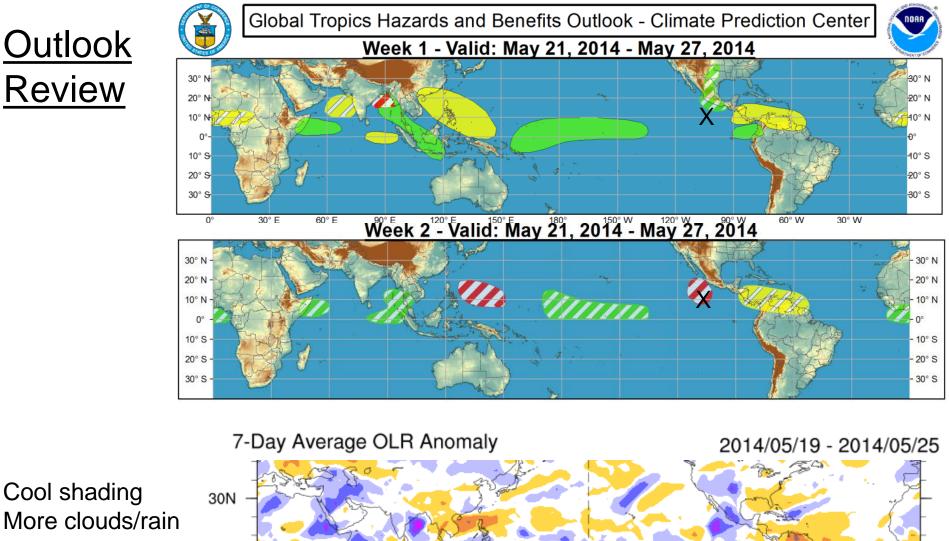
Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook

<u>May 27, 2014</u>

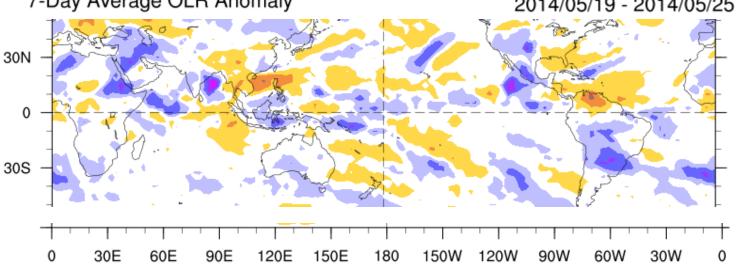
Stephen Baxter

<u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts



Warm shading Less clouds/rain



Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO:

• Chance of El Niño increases during the remainder of the year, exceeding 65% during summer.

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

• The MJO has shown signs of reorganization with a new enhanced phase developing over parts of Africa and the Indian Ocean.

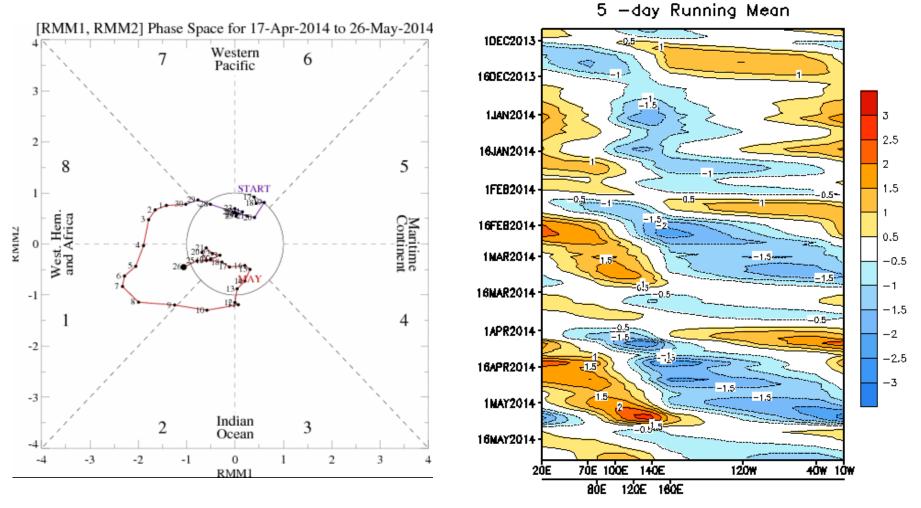
• Kelvin wave activity has also been prominent over the past couple of weeks.

• Dynamical tools are split, with the consensus suggesting a weak MJO event propagating eastward from the Indian Ocean.

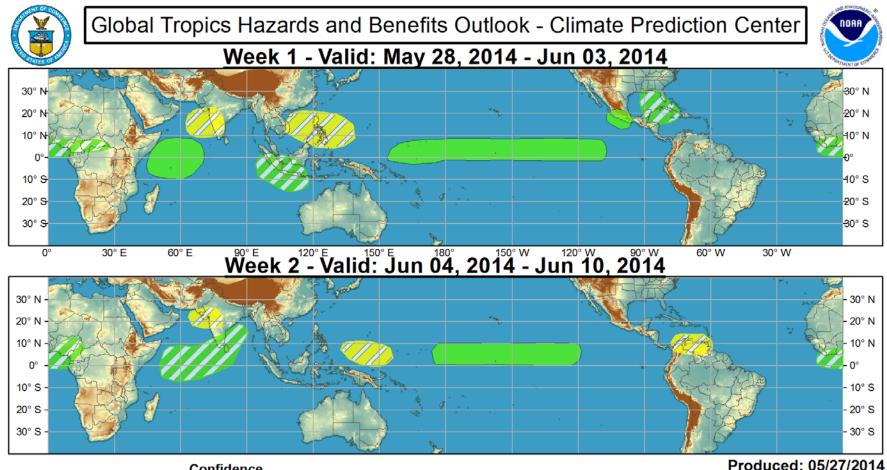
Extratropics:

• It is often challenging to discern extratropical impacts from the MJO during the spring and summer seasons. There is some evidence that suggests the MJO enhanced phase over the Indian Ocean weakly supports anomalous ridging centered over the Gulf of Alaska.

MJO Indices



Data updated through 27 May 2014



Confidence

Tropical Cyclone Formation Above-average rainfall

Below-average rainfall

Above-normal temperatures

Below-normal temperatures

High Moderate

Forecaster: Baxter Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.









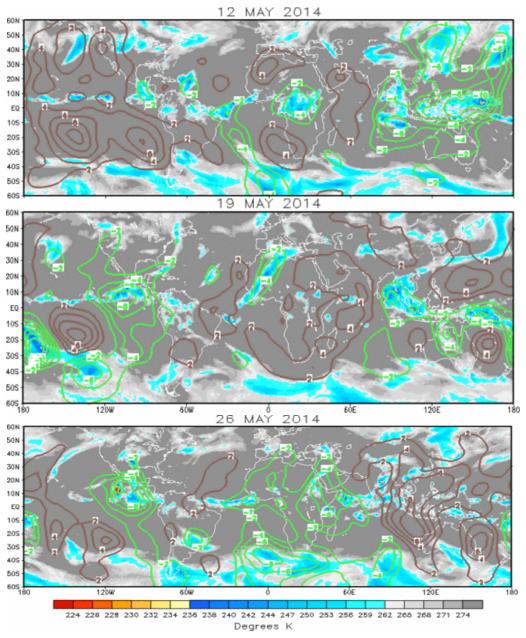


IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

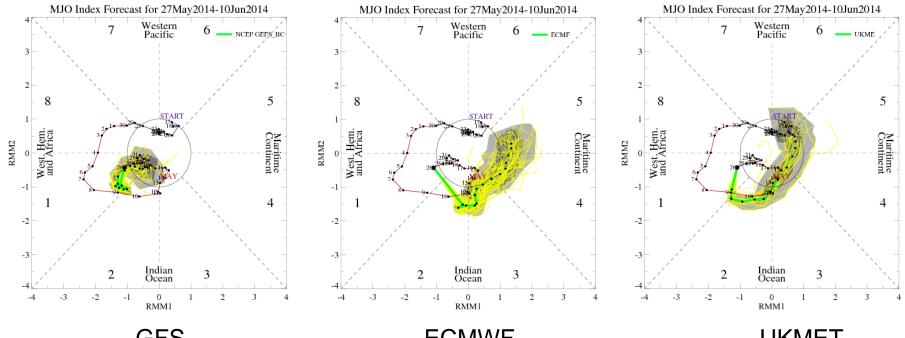
Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

Features of note:

- 1. Rapid eastward propagation associated with Kelvin wave activity.
- 2. Tendency for convection over the warmer-than-normal SSTs across the equatorial Pacific.
- Recent reorganization across the Eastern Hemisphere, possibly related to a new MJO event.



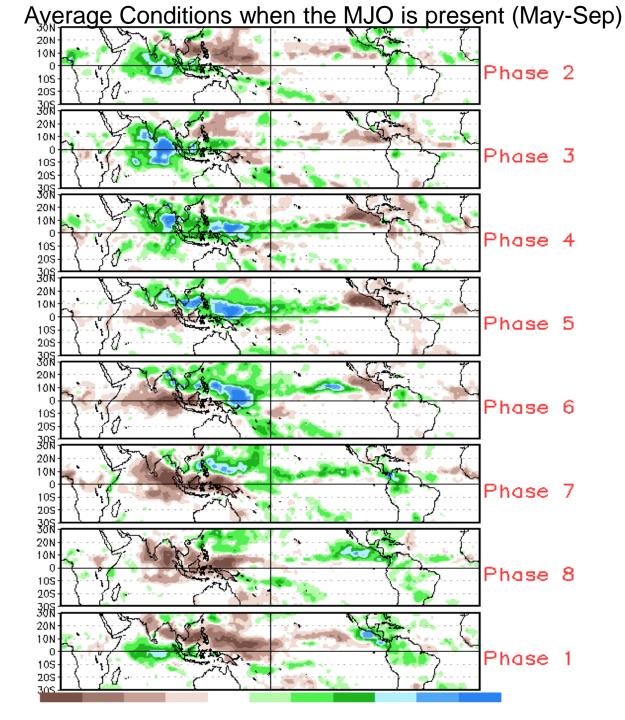
MJO Observation/Forecast



GFS

ECMWF

UKMET

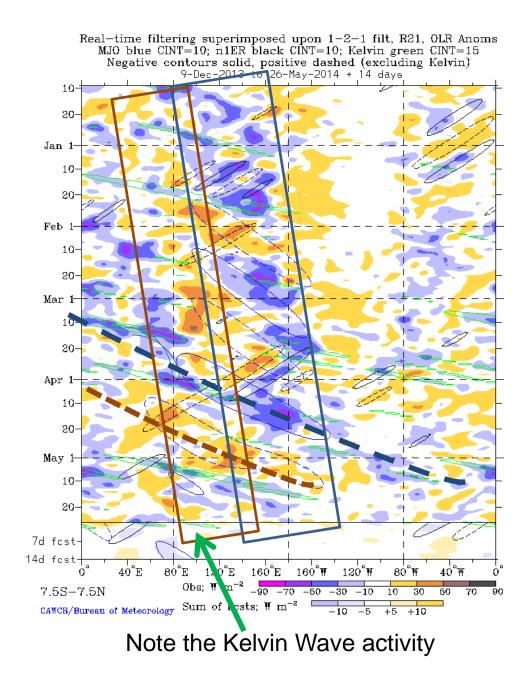


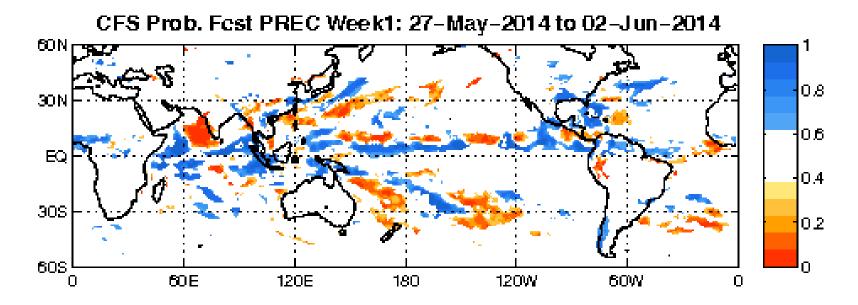
Active MJO pattern (dashed/dotted lines)

Low frequency base state (boxes)

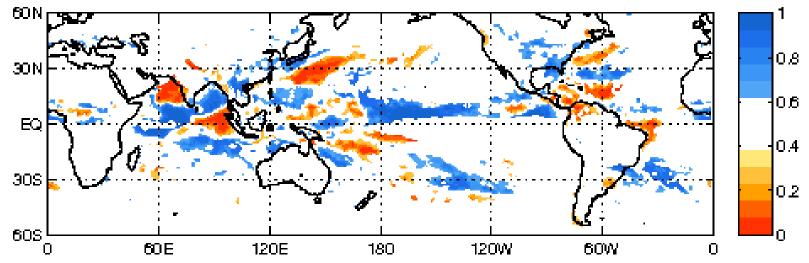
The low frequency signal has been modulated by subseasonal signals (e.g., MJO, Kelvin Waves)

There appears to an emerging signal over Africa and the western Indian Ocean. It is unclear whether that signal will be dissipated entirely by Kelvin waves or whether a more organized MJO will ensue.

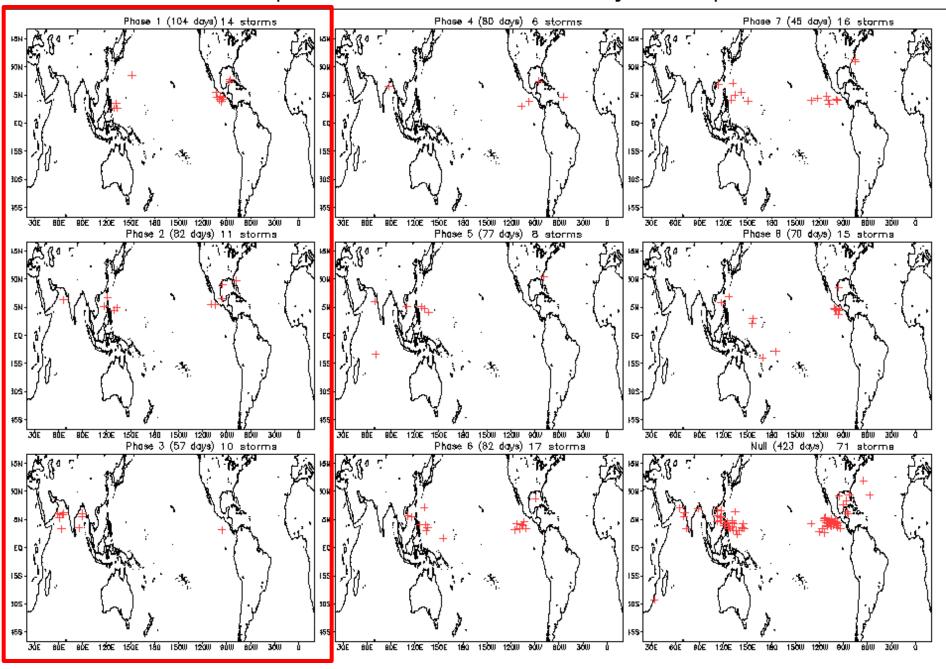


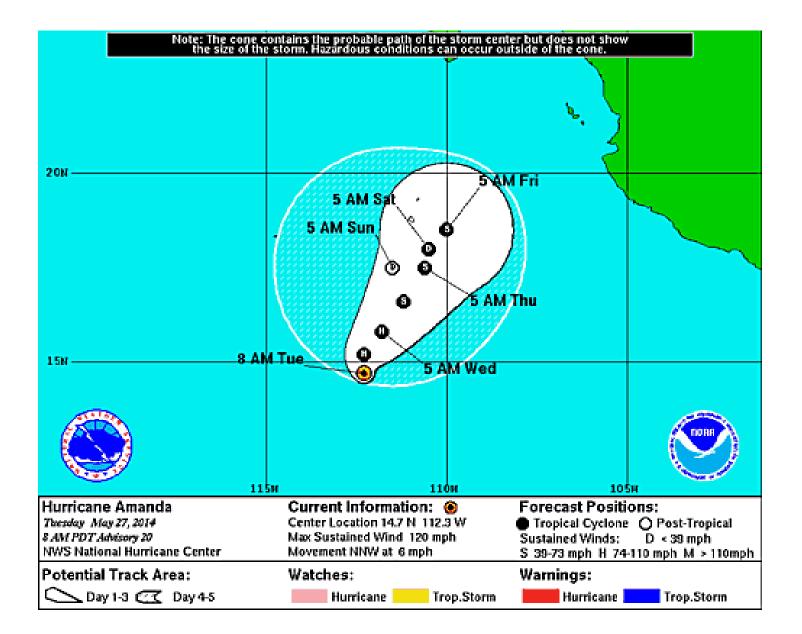


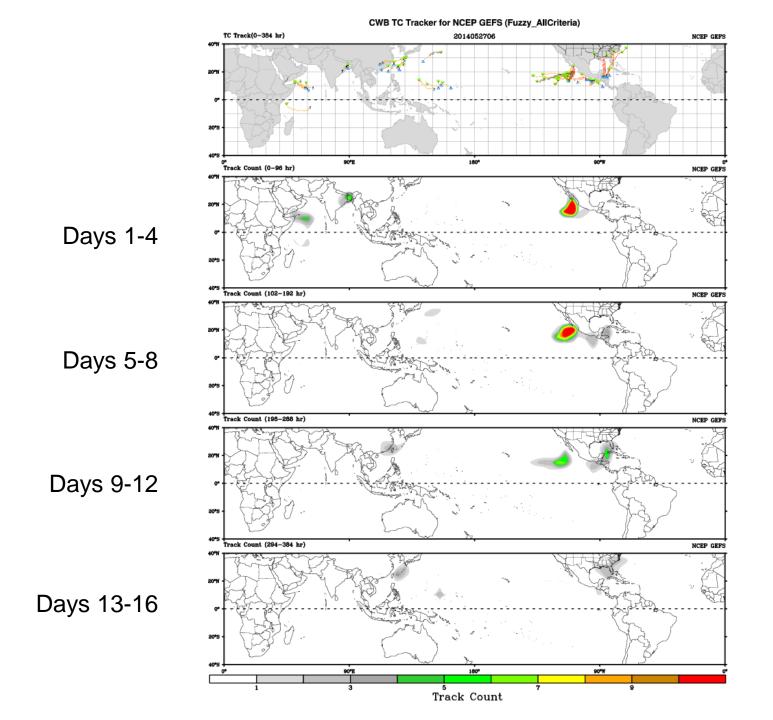
CFS Prob. Fest PREC Week2: 03-Jun-2014 to 09-Jun-2014



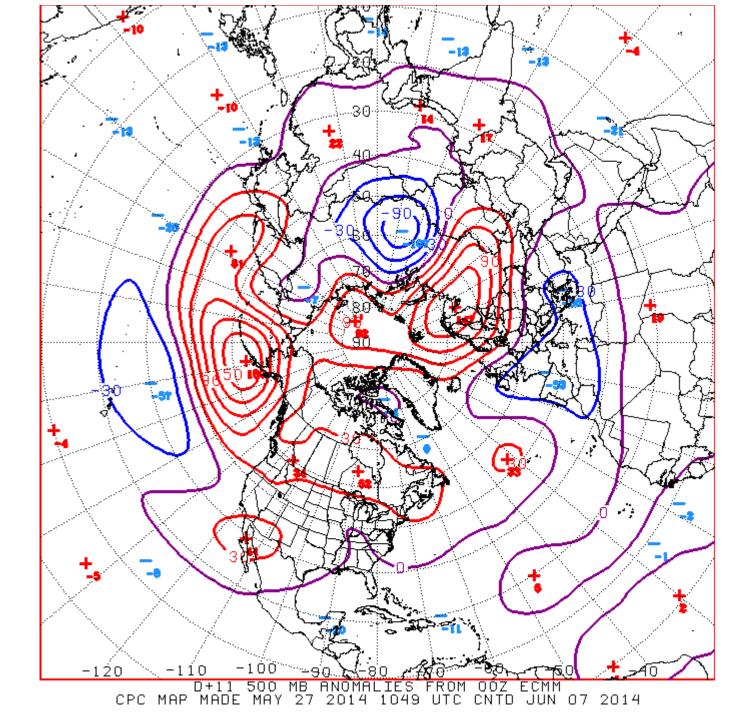
June Tropical Storm Formation by MJO phase



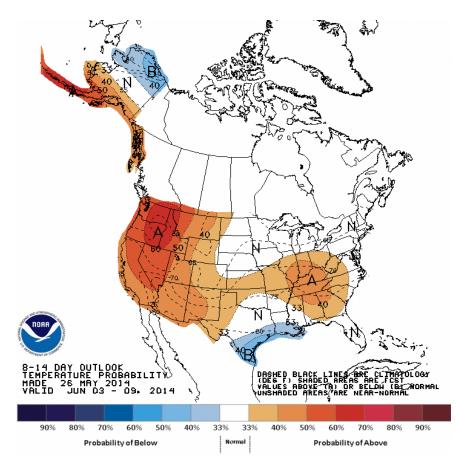


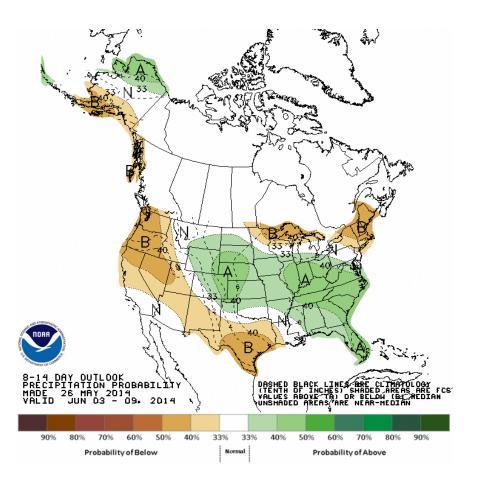


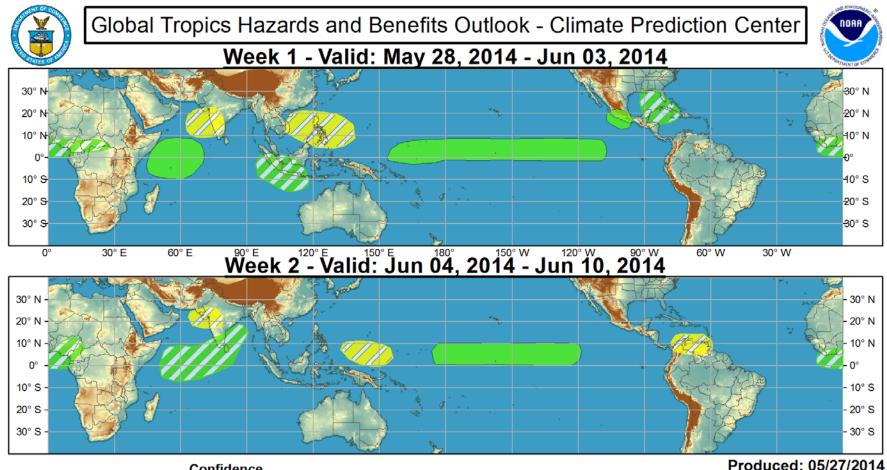
Connections to U.S. Impacts



Week 2 – Temperature and Precipitation







Confidence

Tropical Cyclone Formation Above-average rainfall

Below-average rainfall

Above-normal temperatures

Below-normal temperatures

High Moderate

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