Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook October 25, 2016

Dan Harnos

<u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

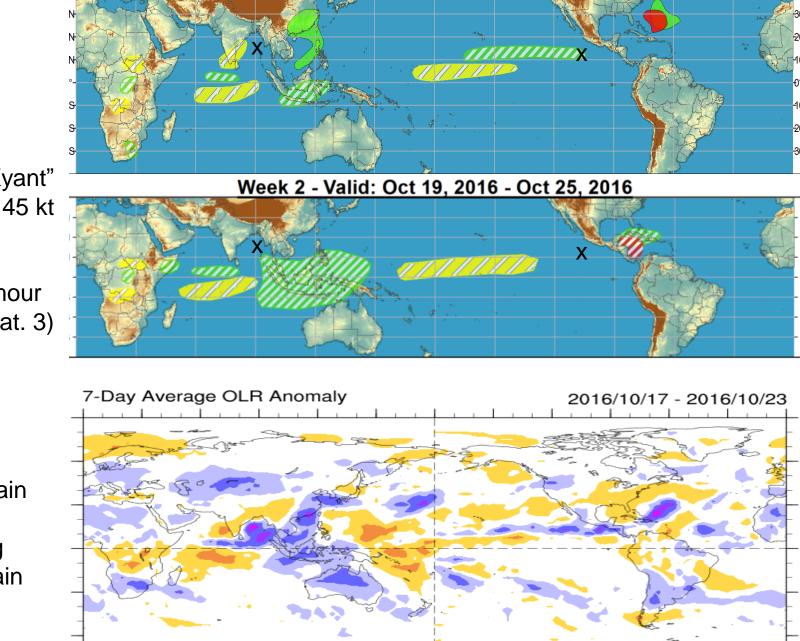
Outlook Review

North Indian: TS3 "Kyant" 45 kt

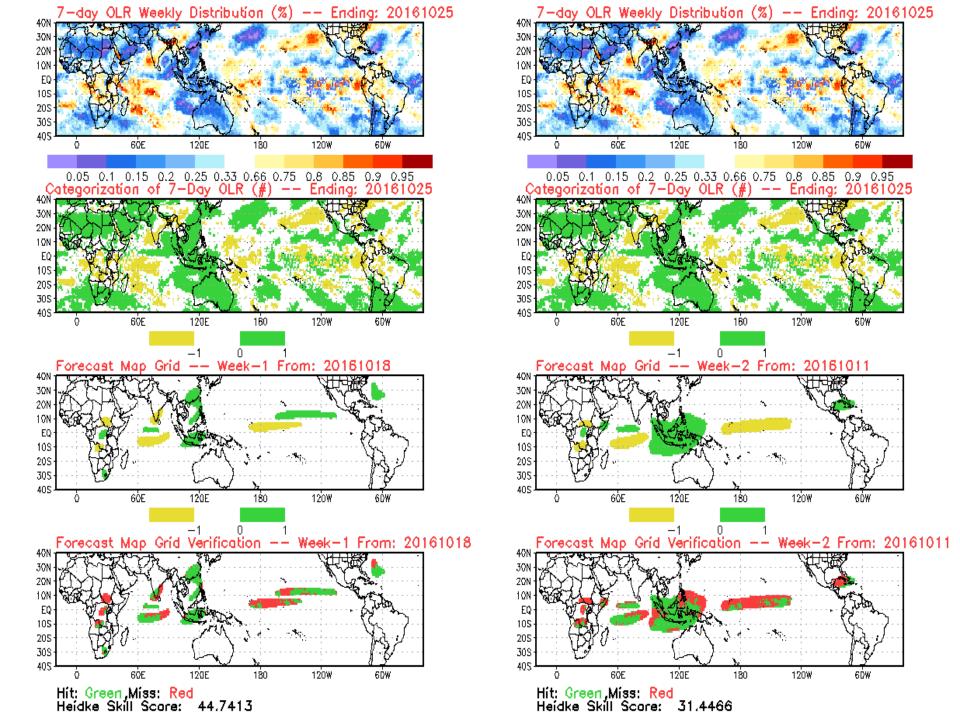
East Pacific: Seymour 110 kt (Cat. 3)

Cool shading More clouds/rain

Warm shading Less clouds/rain



Week 1 - Valid: Oct 19, 2016 - Oct 25, 2016



Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO:

- La Niña Watch
- La Niña is favored to develop (~70% chance) during the Northern Hemisphere fall, and slightly favored to persist (~55% chance) this winter 2016-17.

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

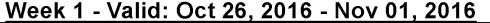
- MJO activity not present, instead low frequency modes appear to be driving the tropical circulation.
- Dynamical model guidance diverges regarding possible emergence of a potentially weak MJO over the next two weeks, but tends to suggest continued weakness of the intraseasonal signal.

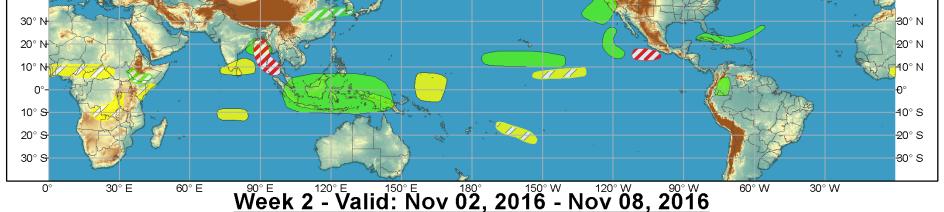
Extratropics:

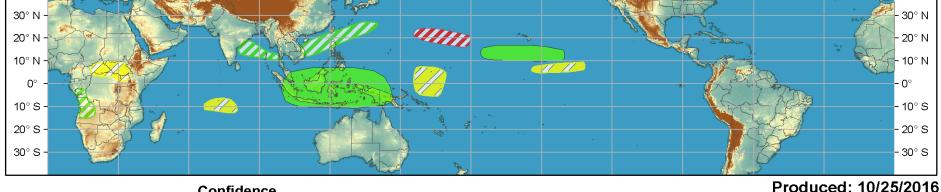
• Tropical and subtropical impacts related to the MJO are not anticipated at this time. Influences instead are expected to be driven by the low frequency state and possible tropical cyclone activity.

Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center









Confidence High Moderate

Forecaster: D.Harnos

Tropical Cyclone Formation Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Above-average rainfall Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Below-average rainfall Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

Below-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.



Above-normal temperatures













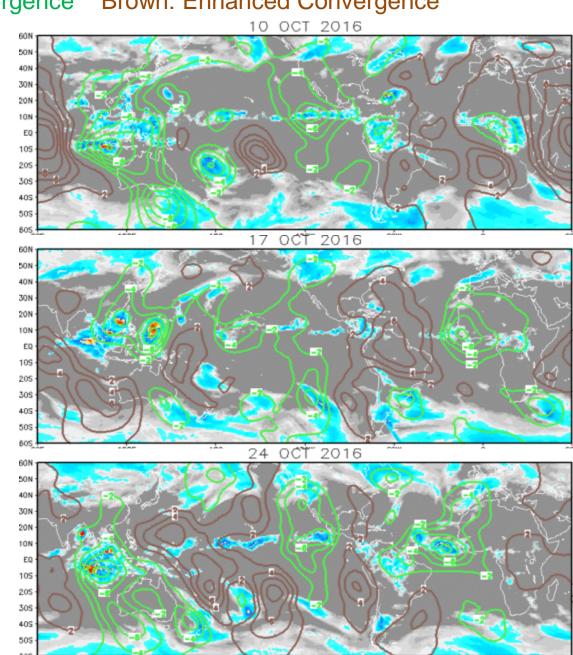
IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

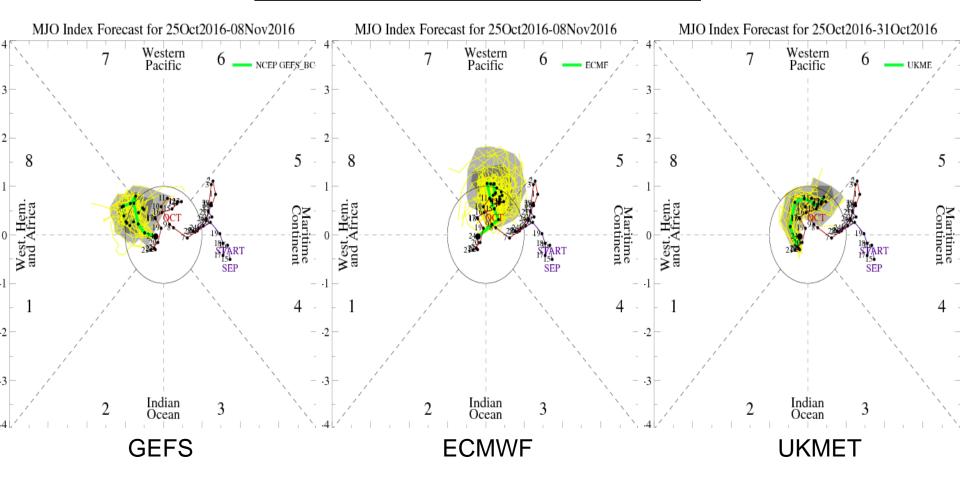
Incoherent pattern, strong anomalies associated with neg. Indian Ocean Dipole event over Maritime Continent.

Continued messy pattern, low-frequency signal and TCs over West Pacific most apparent.

Wave-3 pattern with more coherent spatial anomalies. Still appears largely tied to the low frequency state and TC activity.



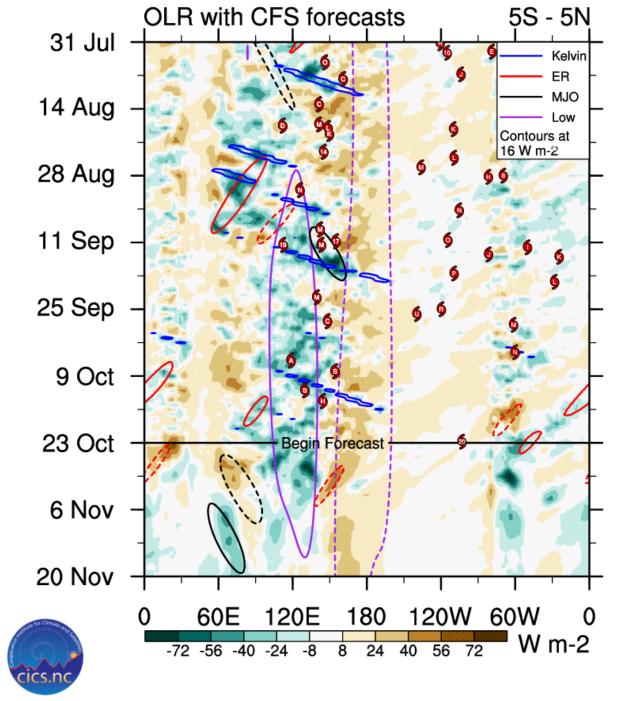
MJO Observation/Forecast



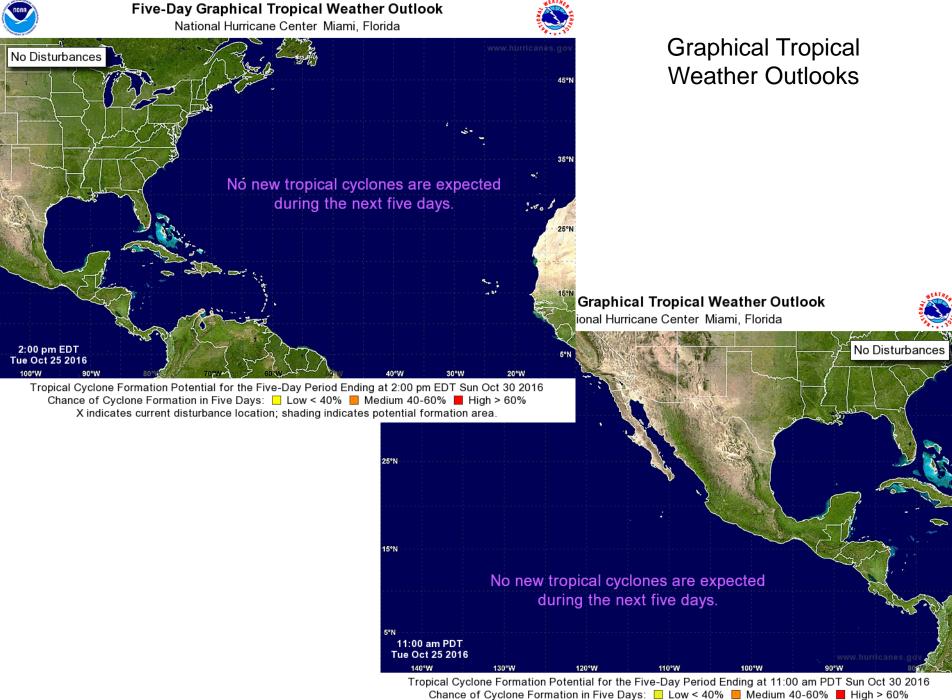
Model guidance diverges in regards to MJO treatment. The GEFS briefly amplifies an East Pacific signal in week-2, while the ECMWF and UKMET support a possible weak MJO signal in the West Pacific during week-2.

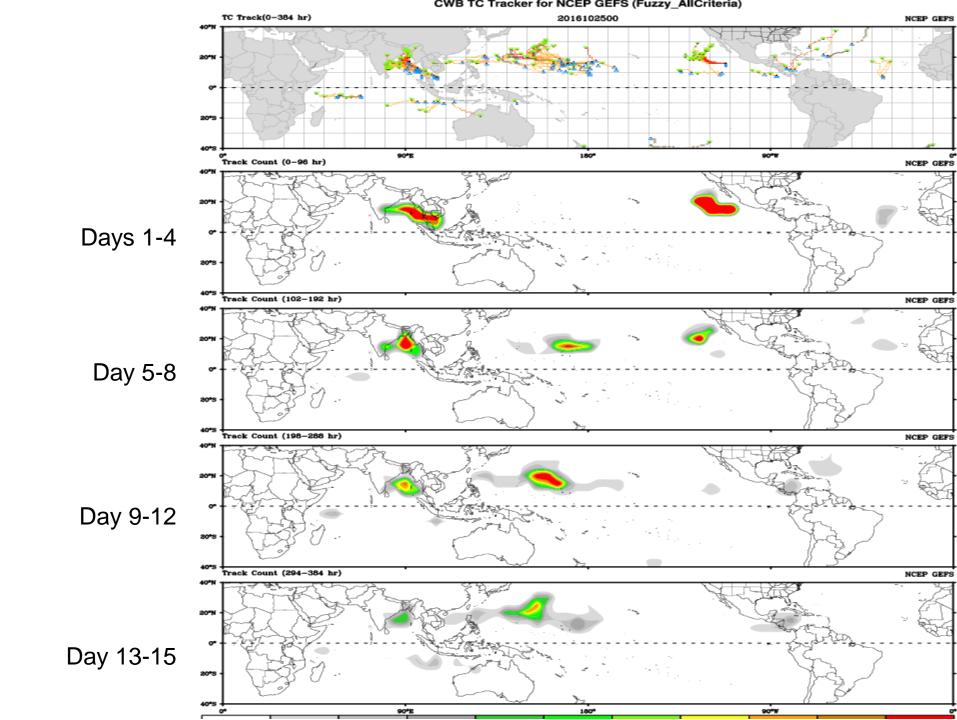
Model spread is substantial, other guidance supports weakness in the RMM index.

Low frequency activity most apparent. Hints of Rossby wave and MJO activity over next two weeks, although inconsistency among models.

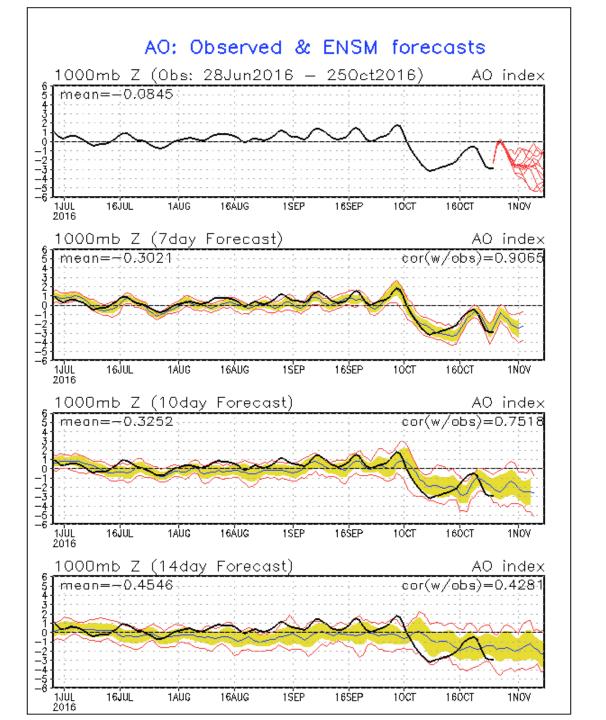


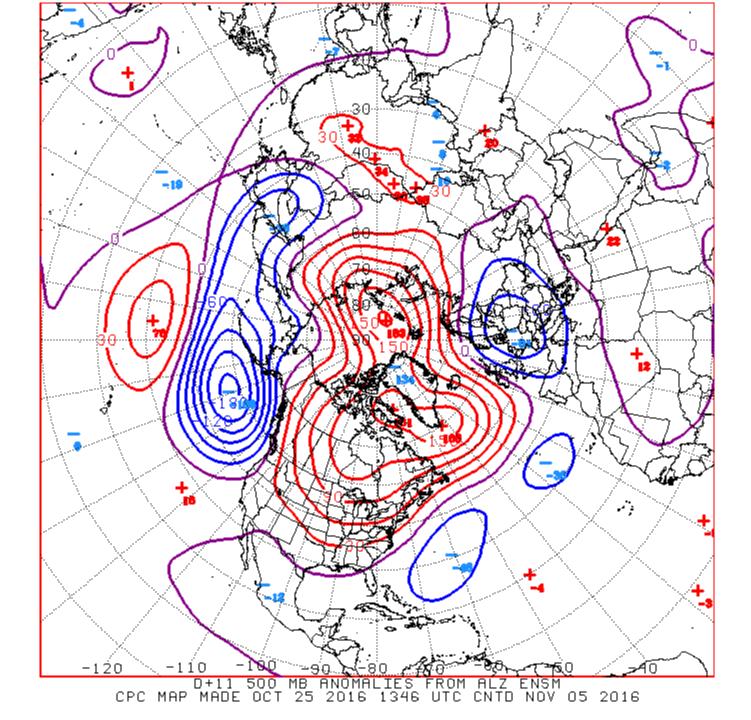
CFS: Anom. PREC Week: 1: 26-Oct-2016 to 01-Nov-2016 (mm/week). 150 60 N F 100 30 N 50 EQ Ю -50 308 -100-150 **6**0S 120E 60 E 180 120W 60W CFS: Anom. PREC Week: 2: 02-Nov-2016 to 08-Nov-2016 (mm/week) 60 N n 150 100 30 N 50 EQ Ю. -50308 -100**6**0S -15060 E 120E 60W 0 180 120W



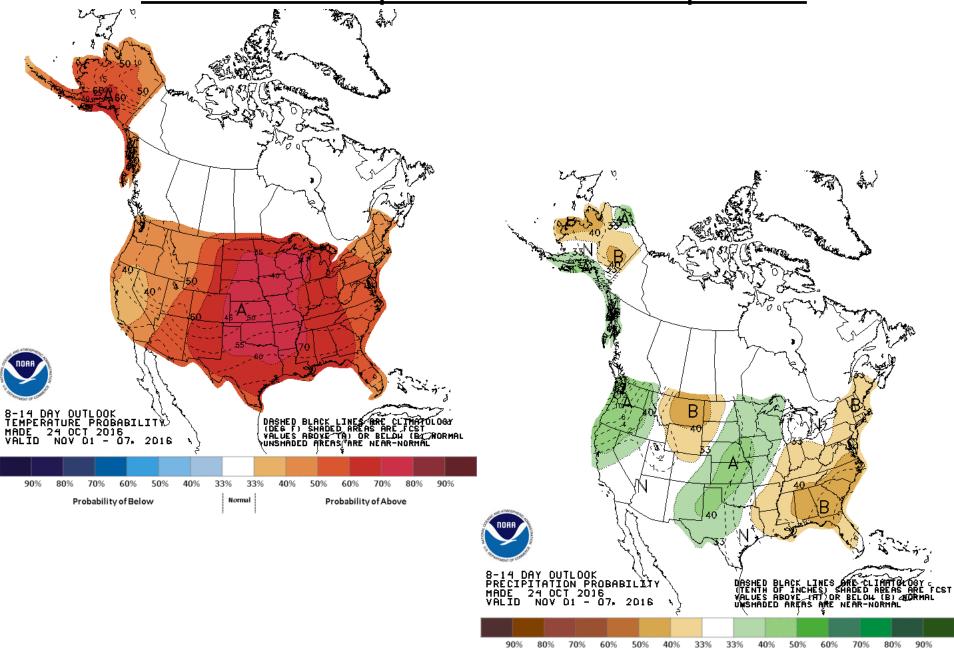


Connections to U.S. Impacts





Week 2 – Temperature and Precipitation



Probability of Below

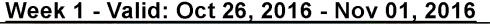
Normal

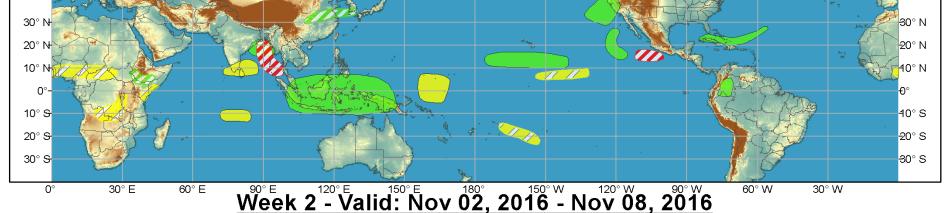
Probability of Above

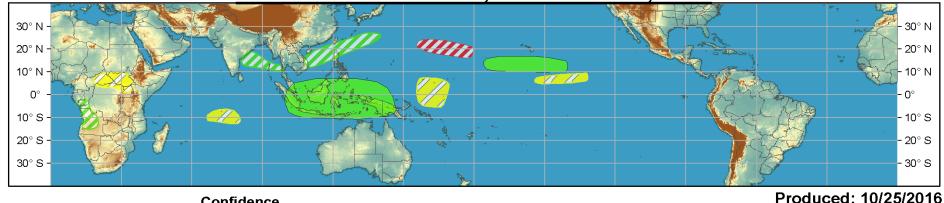
Y

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