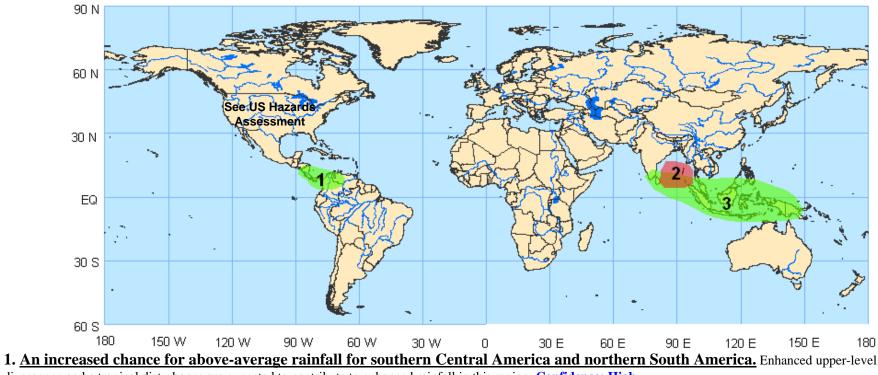
## Global Tropics Hazards/Benefits Assessment - Climate Prediction Center - Issued: 11/24/2008



Product issued once per week with no updates. Conditions are subject to change after issuance time and before next outlook. Product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7 day period for US interests only. Please also consult your local responsible forecast agency.

## <u>Week 1 Outlook – Valid: November 25 – December 1, 2008</u>



divergence and a tropical disturbance are expected to contribute to enhanced rainfall in this region. Confidence: High

2. <u>An increased chance for tropical cyclogenesis in the Bay of Bengal</u>. The MJO signal, above-average sea surface temperatures (SSTs) and some model guidance suggest an enhanced risk of tropical cyclone development in this region. **Confidence: Moderate** 

3. <u>An increased chance for above-average rainfall for Sri Lanka, southern Bay of Bengal, Indonesia, Borneo and Papua New Guinea.</u> The enhanced convective phase of the MJO signal is expected to contribute to enhanced rainfall in this region. <u>Confidence: High</u>

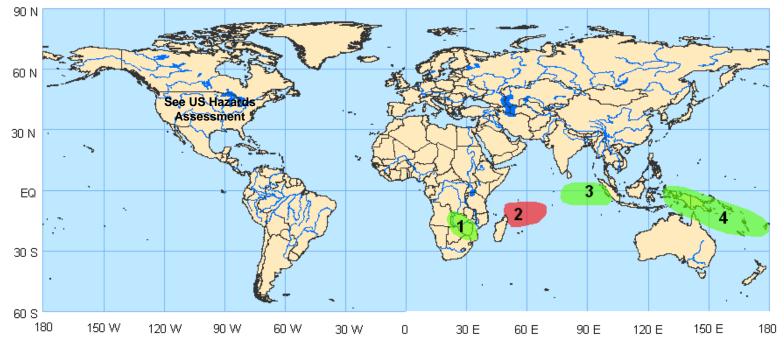
Please note: Confidence estimates are subjective in nature and are not based on an objective scheme. The estimates are given to provide additional information to the user.

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## Week 2 Outlook – Valid: December 2 – December 8, 2008



1. <u>An increased chance for above-average rainfall for southeastern Africa.</u> Enhanced upper-level divergence associated with a fast MJO signal and interaction with the extratropical circulation are expected to contribute to wet conditions in this region. <u>Confidence: Moderate</u>

2. <u>An increased chance for tropical cyclogenesis northeast of Madagascar</u>. Favorable winds and above-average sea surface temperatures suggest an enhanced risk of tropical cyclone development in this region. <u>Confidence: Moderate</u>

3. <u>An increased chance for above-average rainfall for the eastern equatorial Indian Ocean.</u> A component of the existing circulation pattern is expected to persist and contribute to wet conditions in this region. <u>Confidence: Moderate</u>

4. <u>An increased chance for above-average rainfall for Papua New Guinea and the SPCZ region</u>. The enhanced convective phase of the MJO is expected to contribute to enhanced rainfall in this region. <u>Confidence: Moderate</u>

Please note: Confidence estimates are subjective in nature and are not based on an objective scheme. The estimates are given to provide additional information to the user.