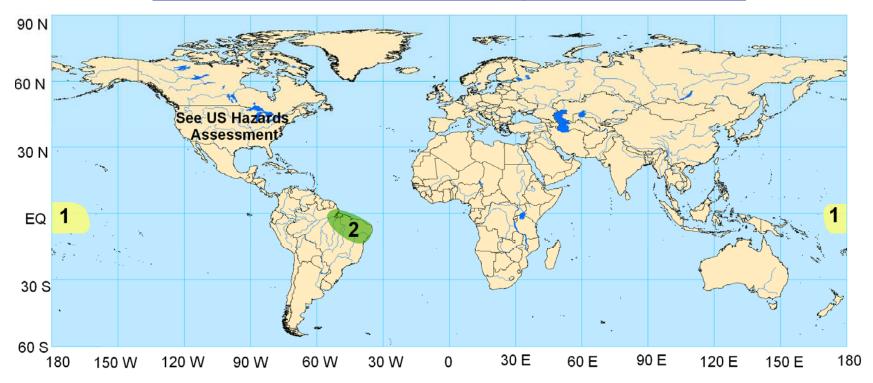
Global Tropics Hazards/Benefits Assessment - Climate Prediction Center - Issued: 2/23/2009



Product issued once per week with no updates. Conditions are subject to change after issuance time and before next outlook.

Product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7 day period for US interests only. Please also consult your local responsible forecast agency.

Week 1 Outlook - Valid: February 24 - March 2, 2009



- 1. <u>An increased chance for below-average rainfall for the central Pacific Ocean.</u> Below average sea surface temperatures (SST) associated with La Nina is expected to contribute to dry conditions in this area. <u>Confidence: High</u>
- 2. <u>An increased chance for above-average rainfall for northeast Brazil.</u> Enhanced rainfall is expected in this region due to background La Nina conditions. Confidence: <u>Moderate</u>

**ACTIVE TROPICAL CYCLONES:

South Indian Ocean: Tropical Cyclone Hina (19.2S, 78.2E) _ Consult updates from the Joint Typhoon Warning Center.

Please note: Confidence estimates are subjective in nature and are not based on an objective scheme. The estimates are given to provide additional information to the user.

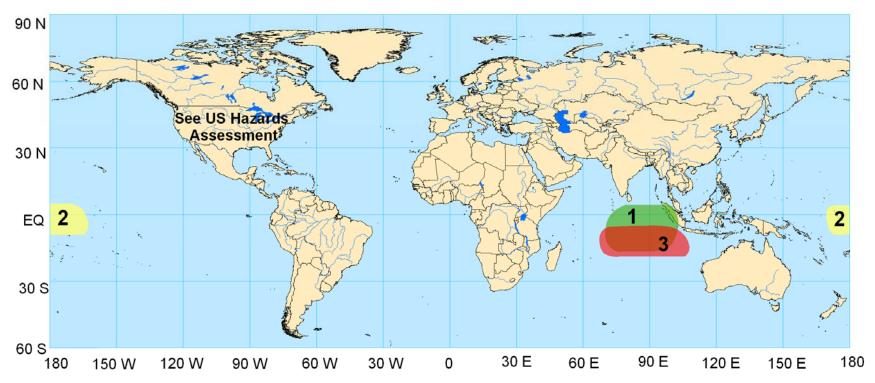
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Week 2 Outlook - Valid: March 3 - 9, 2009



- 1. <u>An increased chance for above-average rainfall for the eastern Indian Ocean</u>. Model guidance indicates that an increase in convection can be expected in this region and result in above-average rainfall. <u>Confidence: Low</u>
- **2.** <u>An increased chance for below-average rainfall for the central Pacific Ocean.</u> Below average sea surface temperatures (SST) associated with La Nina is expected to contribute to dry conditions in this area. <u>Confidence: High</u>
- 3. <u>An increased chance for tropical cyclone development in the southern Indian Ocean</u>. With the expected increase in convection in this region and anticipated weak vertical wind shear the environment should be favorable for tropical cyclone development. <u>Confidence: Low</u>