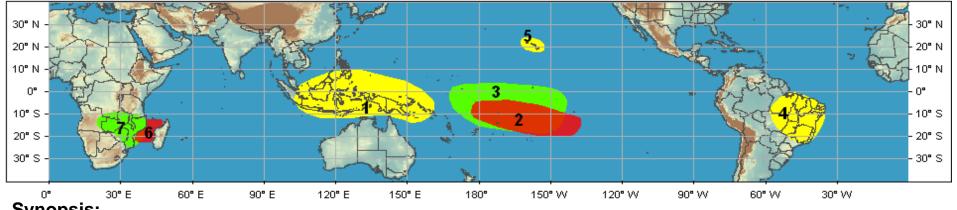
### Global Tropics Hazards/Benefits Assessment - Climate Prediction Center - Issued: 2/16/2010

Product issued once per week with no updates. Conditions are subject to change after issuance time and before next outlook.

Product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7 day period for US interests only. Please also consult your local responsible forecast agency.

## Week 1 Outlook - Valid: February 16 - 22, 2010



# Synopsis:

1. An increased chance for below-average rainfall for the Maritime Continent. El-Niño conditions favor below-average rainfall in this region.

**Confidence: High** 

- 2. <u>An increased chance for tropical cyclone development in the south-central Pacific</u>. El-Niño conditions favor tropical cyclogenesis in this region. Numerical models also support tropical cyclone development during the period. <u>Confidence: High</u>
- 3. <u>An increased chance for above-average rainfall for parts of the central Pacific</u>. El-Niño conditions favor above-average rainfall in this region. Confidence: High
- **4.** <u>An increased chance for below-average rainfall for eastern Brazil.</u> El-Niño conditions and numerical forecast guidance supports suppressed rainfall in this region. <u>Confidence: High</u>
- 5. <u>An increased chance for below-average rainfall for Hawaii.</u> El-Niño conditions and numerical forecast guidance supports suppressed rainfall in this region. Confidence: High
- **6.** <u>An increased chance for tropical cyclone development in the Mozambique Channel.</u> Enhanced convection and favorable low-level winds is expected to increase the chances for tropical cyclone development in this region. <u>Confidence: Low</u>
- 7. An increased chance for above-average rainfall for parts of southern Africa. Strong low-level convergence due to anomalous westerly winds from the Atlantic and easterly winds from the Indian Ocean is expected to enhance rainfall in this region. Confidence: Moderate

#### \*\* ACTIVE TROPICAL CYCLONES:

South Pacific Ocean: Tropical Cyclone Rene (24.7S, 179.6W). Consult updates from the Joint Typhoon Warning Center. South Indian Ocean: Tropical Cyclone 16S (11.0S, 59.6E). Consult updates from the Joint Typhoon Warning Center.

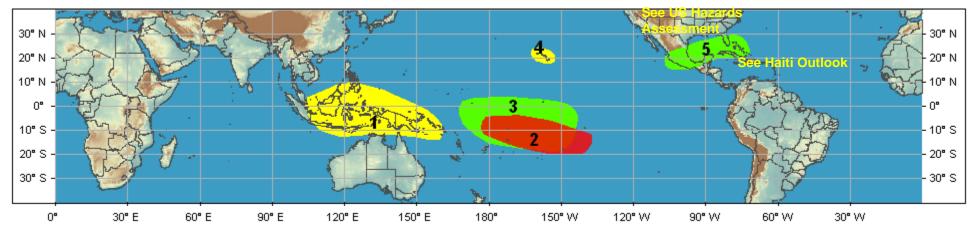
Please note: Confidence estimates are subjective in nature and are not based on an objective scheme. The estimates are given to provide additional information to the user.

### Global Tropics Hazards/Benefits Assessment - Climate Prediction Center - Issued: 2/16/2010

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## Week 2 Outlook – Valid: February 23 – March 1, 2010



### **Synopsis**:

- 1. <u>An increased chance for below-average rainfall for the Maritime Continent.</u> El-Niño conditions favor below-average rainfall in this region. Confidence: High
- 2. <u>An increased chance for tropical cyclone development in the south-central Pacific</u>. El-Niño conditions favor tropical cyclogenesis in this region. Numerical models also support tropical cyclone development during the period. <u>Confidence: High</u>
- 3. An increased chance for above-average rainfall for parts of the central Pacific. El-Niño conditions favor above-average rainfall in this region.

  Confidence: High
- 4. <u>An increased chance for below-average rainfall for Hawaii.</u> El-Niño conditions and numerical forecast guidance supports suppressed rainfall in this region. Confidence: High
- 5. An increased chance for above-average rainfall for parts of central Mexico and the Caribbean. The interaction between tropical moisture and low-latitude frontal systems is expected to elevate the odds for wet conditions in this region. Confidence: Moderate