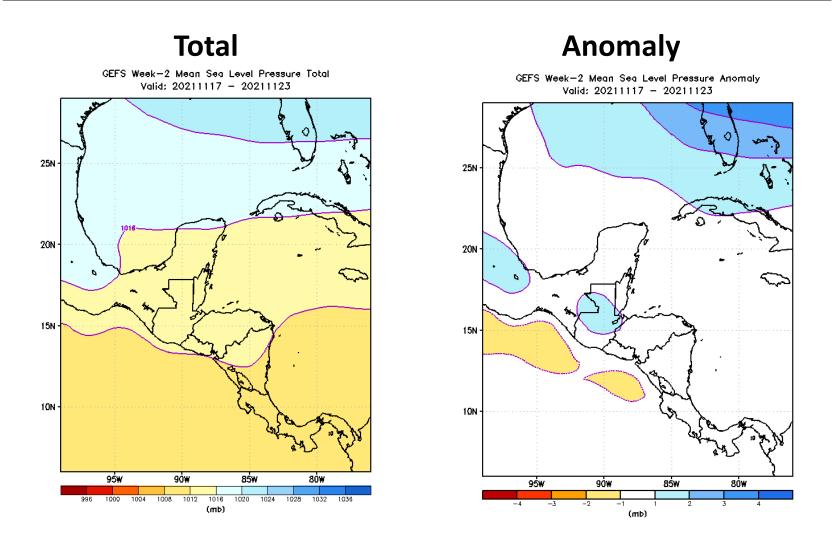
Second WMO RCC-Washington International Training Workshop

Real-time week-2 extreme temperature outlook

Belize-Shanea Young

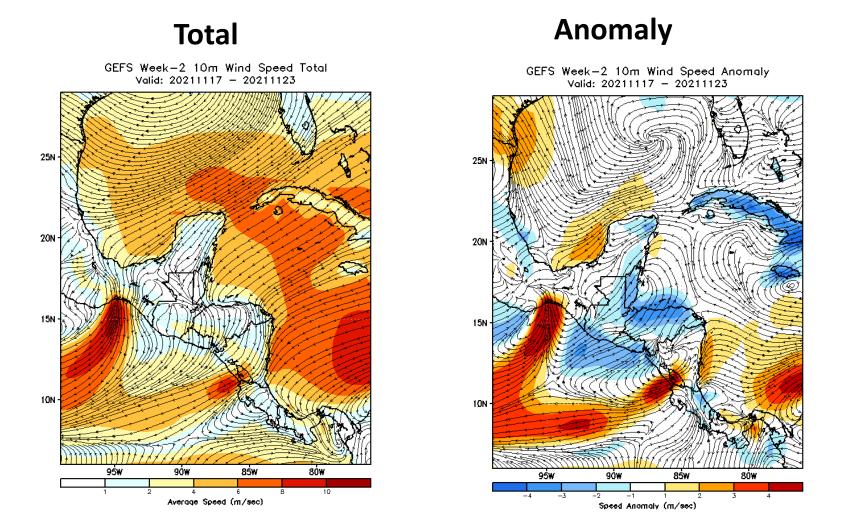
8 – 10 November 2021

Mean Sea Level Pressure



An area of positive mean sea level pressure anomaly is located over Guatemala and extreme southern Belize.

10m Wind

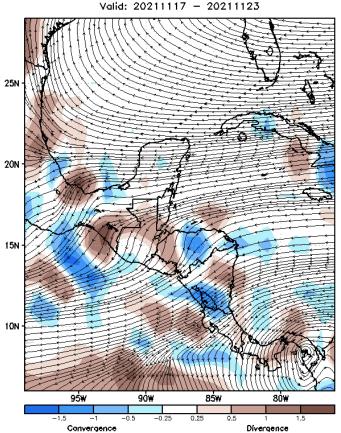


An area of weaker than normal wind speed across much of Belize

850-hPa Wind

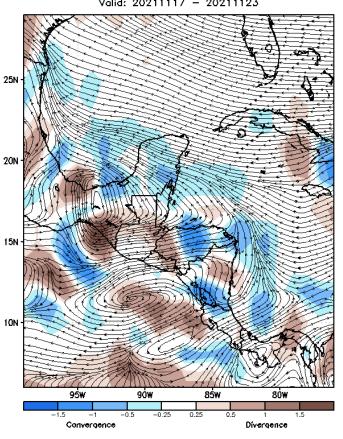
Total

GEFS Week-2 850-hPa Divergence and Wind Total Valid: 20211117 - 20211123



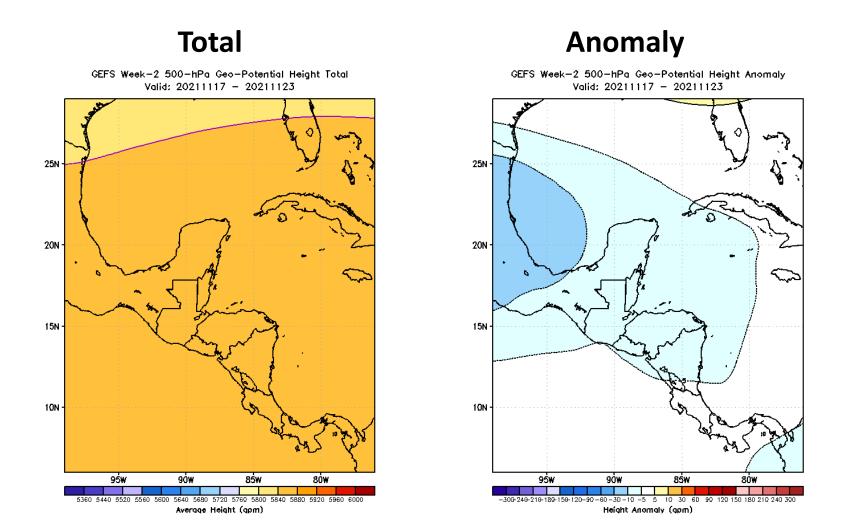
Anomaly

GEFS Week-2 850-hPa Divergence and Wind Anomaly



A broad area of cyclonic circulation across Northern Central America, with localized areas of divergence anomaly at 850-hPa in southern Belize and convergence anomaly over control and northern Polize

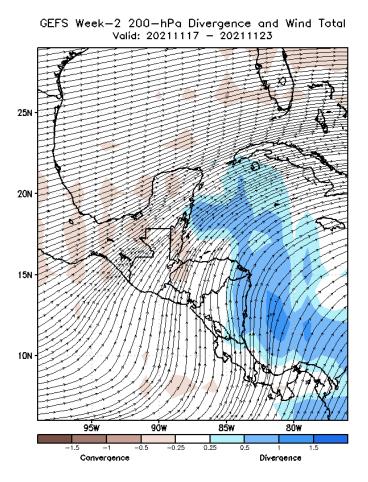
500-hPa Height



A broad area of negative height anomaly at 500-hPa is expected to prevail across many places in the Central America and Belize.

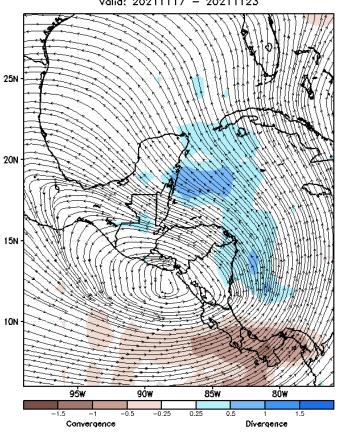
200-hPa Wind

Total



Anomaly

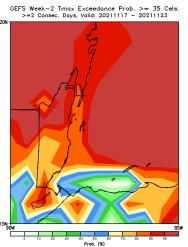




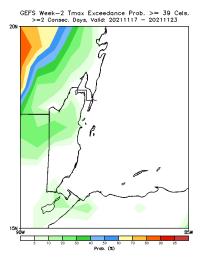
An area of upper-level convergence (brown shaded) over Belize and Divergence over NW Caribbean.

Tmax Exceedance Probability for at least 2 Consecutive Days

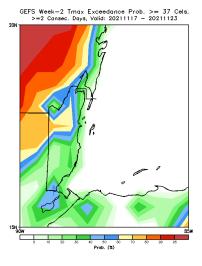




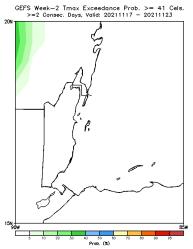
≥ 39°C



≥ 37°C

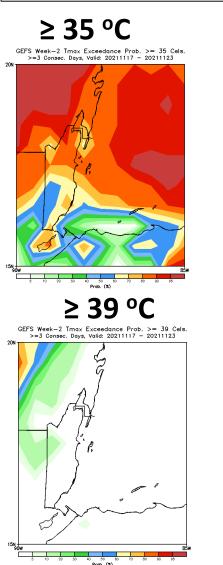


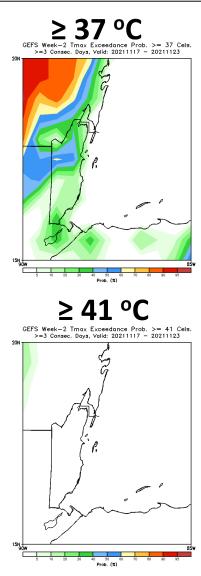
≥ 41°C



• High exceedance probability (>=350 C for at lease 2 consecutive days) over many places in Belize and moderate exceedance probability (>=370 C) over northwestern Belize.

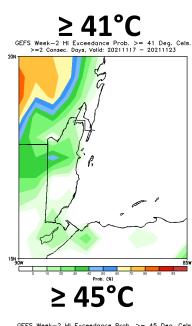
Tmax Exceedance Probability for at least 3 Consecutive Days

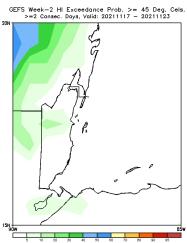


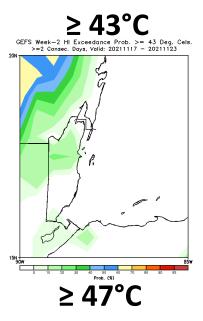


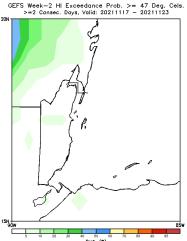
• High exceedance probability (>=350 C for at lease 2 consecutive days) over many places northern Belize.

HI Exceedance Probability for at least 2 Consecutive Days

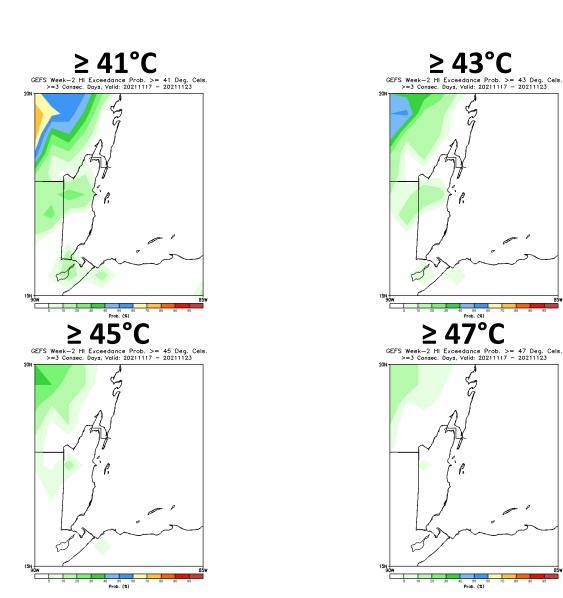






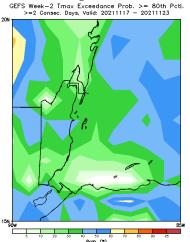


HI Exceedance Probability for at least 3 Consecutive Days

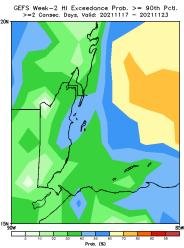


Tmax Exceedance Probability with respect to Percentiles for at least 2 Consecutive Days

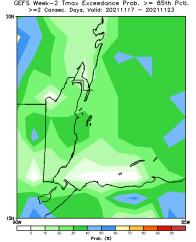
≥ 80th percentile



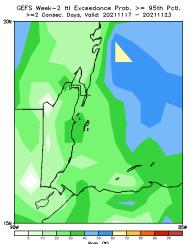
≥ 90th percentile



≥ 85th percentile



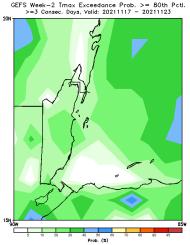
≥ 95th percentile



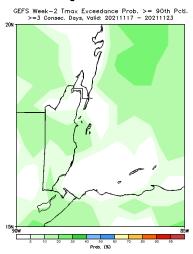
Low exceedance probability of >=95th percentile for at least 2 consecutive days) for Tmax

Tmax Exceedance Probability with respect to Percentiles for at least 3 Consecutive Days

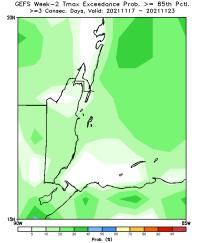
≥ 80th percentile



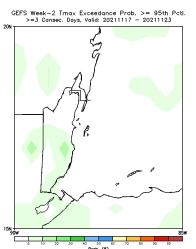
≥ 90th percentile



≥ 85th percentile



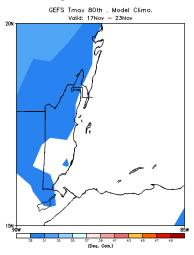
≥ 95^{tn} percentile



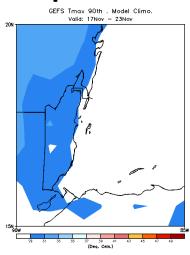
Low exceedance probability of >=85th percentile for at least 2 consecutive days) for Tmax.

Tmax Percentile Climatology

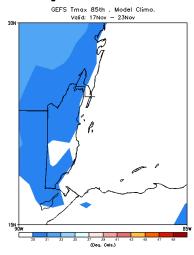
80th percentile



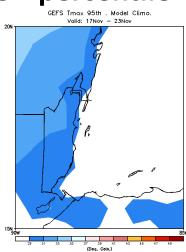
90th percentile



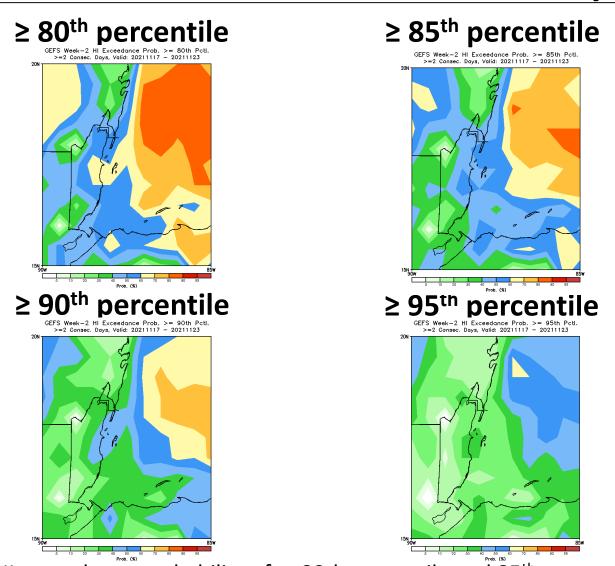
85th percentile



95th percentile

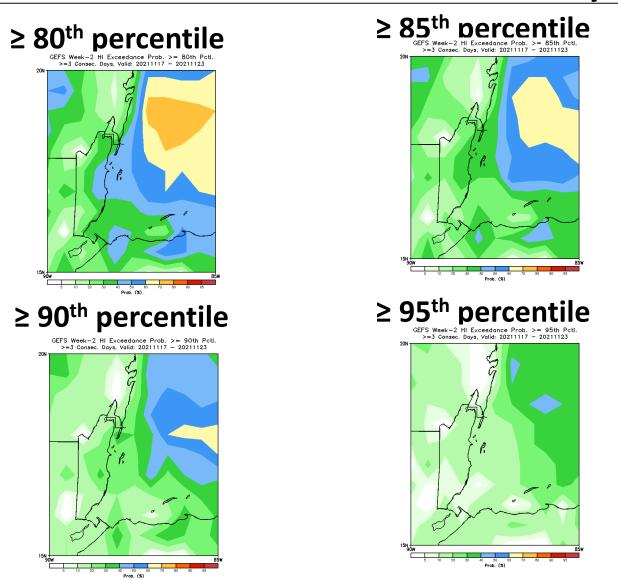


HI Exceedance Probability with respect to Percentiles for at least 2 Consecutive Days



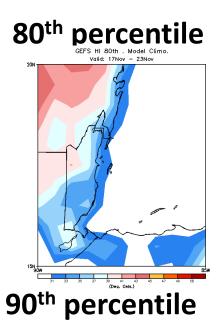
Moderate HI exceedance probability of >=80th percentile and 85th percentile for at least 2 consecutive days).

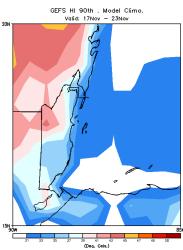
HI Exceedance Probability with respect to Percentiles for at least 3 Consecutive Days



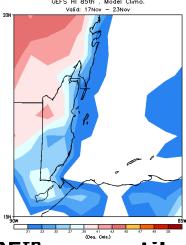
Low to moderate HI exceedance probability of >=80th percentile for at least 3 consecutive days).

HI Percentile Climatology

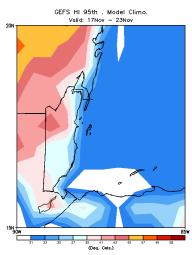




85th percentile



95th percentile

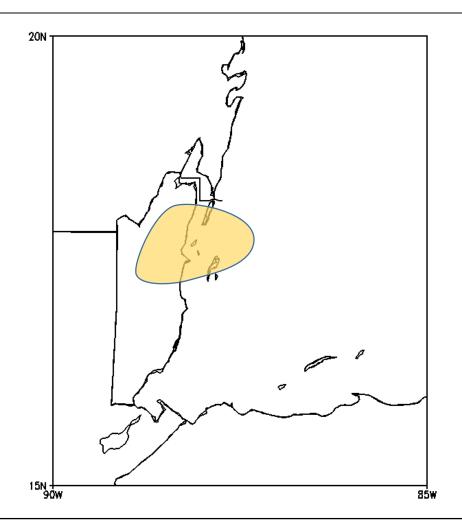


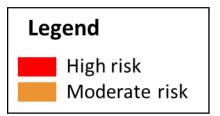
Summary

An area of positive mean sea level pressure anomaly is located over Guatemala and extreme southern Belize.

- Below-average surface wind
- Negative height anomaly at 500-hPa => leading to
- Exceedance probability forecasts = > low to moderate probability of exceedance for Tmax & HI >=80th, 85th percentiles.
- Higher probability of exceedance for Tmax >= 35oC.
- Lower probability of exceedance for HI >= 35oC.

Excessive Heat Outlook





Low surface winds and moderate probability for Tmax above 80th percentile.