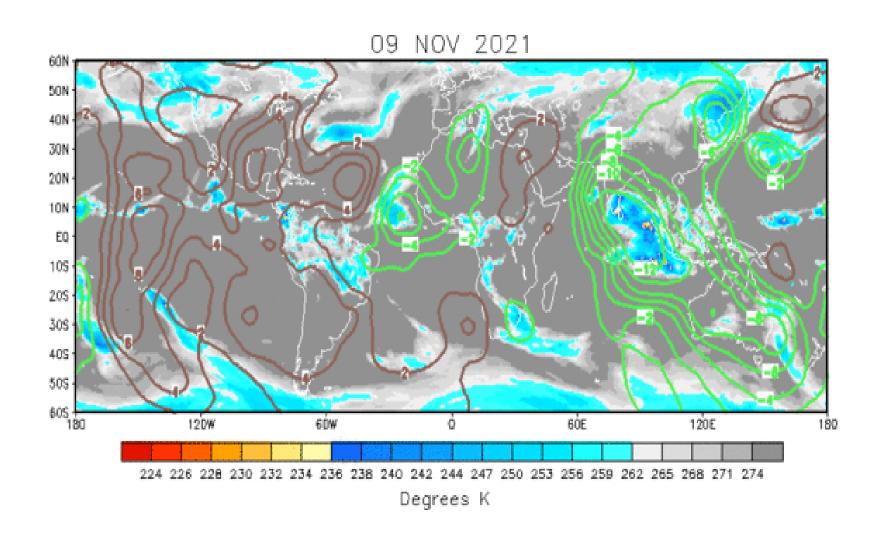
Second WMO RCC-Washington International Training Workshop

Real-time week-2 extreme precipitation outlook Marie Carmelle V CHERY Haiti

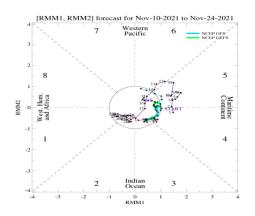
8 – 10 November 2021

200-hPa Velocity Potential Anomaly

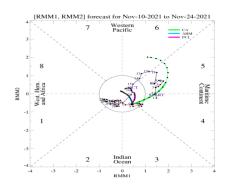


Wheeler-Hendon Index – Forecasts

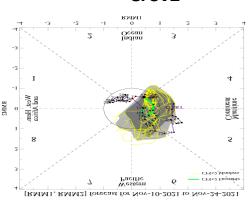
GEFS



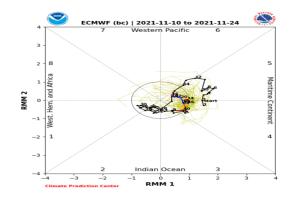
Statistical



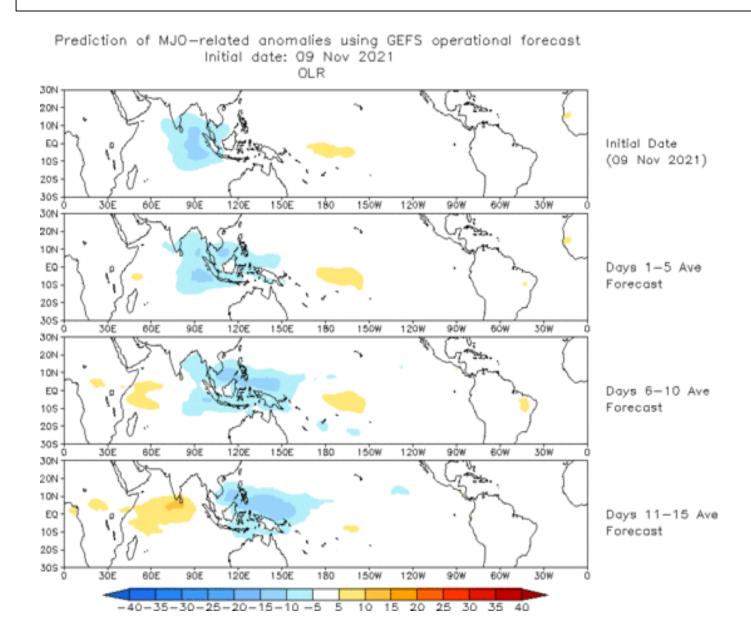
CFSv2



ECMWF



Evolution of MJO-related Anomalies

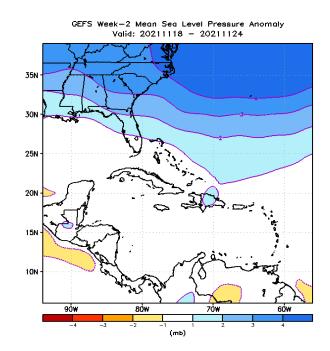


Mean Sea Level Pressure

Total

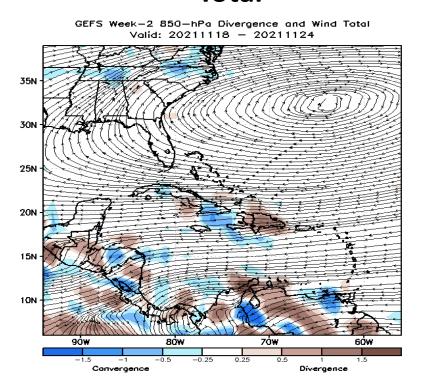
GEFS Week-2 Mean Sea Level Pressure Total Valid: 20211118 - 20211124 35N 30N 25N 10N 90W 80W 70W 60W 996 1000 1004 1008 1012 1016 1020 1024 1028 1032 1036 (mb)

Anomaly

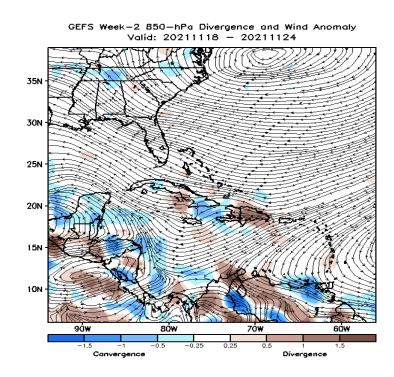


A deep mean sea level pressure anomaly, associated with Hurricane in the Caribbean Sea and the neighboring areas

Total

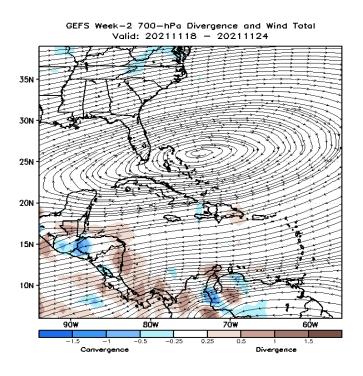


Anomaly

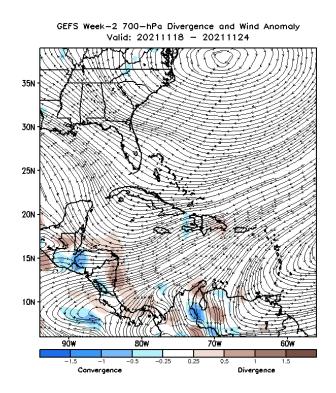


A deep cyclonic circulation anomaly, associated with Hurricane in the Caribbean Sea particularly in Cuba, Haiti, Dominican Republic and the neighboring areas.

Total



Anomaly

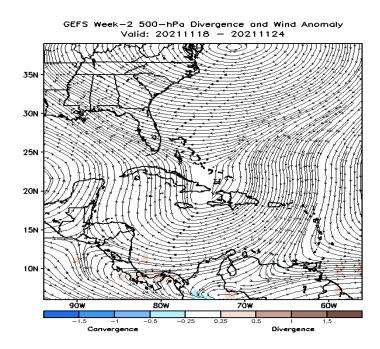


The cyclonic circulation anomaly is evident at 700-hPa



GEFS Week-2 500-hPa Divergence and Wind Total Valid: 20211118 - 20211124

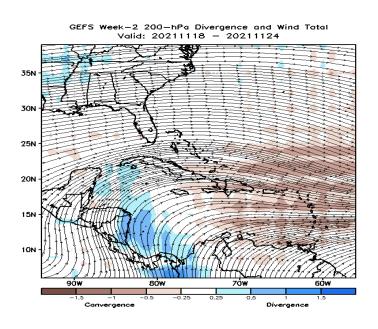
Anomaly

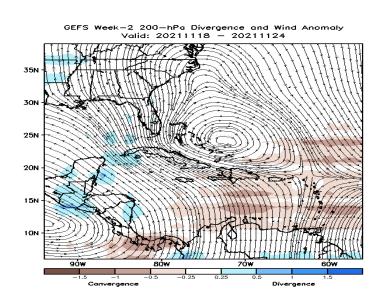


The cyclonic circulation anomaly is evident at 500-hPa level as well

Total

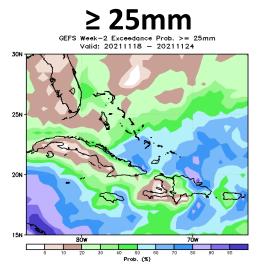
Anomaly



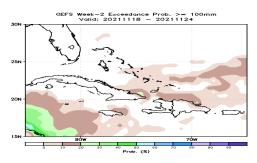


A strong upper-level divergence and anti-cyclonic anomaly is evident in the Caribbean Sea region and the neighboring areas

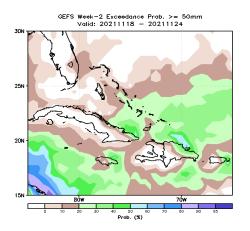
Precipitation Exceedance Probability



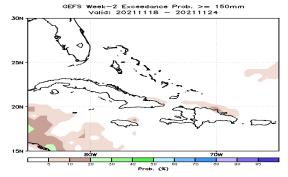
≥ 100mm



≥ 50mm



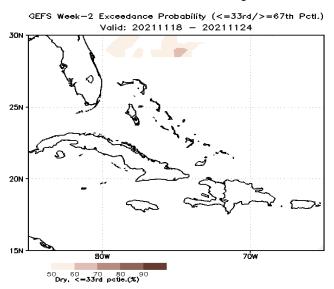
≥ 150mm



High exceedance probability (>=25mm) over many places in the Caribbean. Dominican Republic, Bahamas and other places.

Precipitation Exceedance Probability (≤ 33rd & ≥ 67th percentiles)

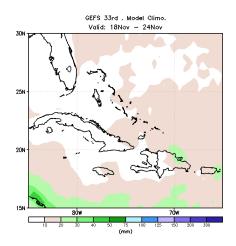
≤ 33rd & ≥ 67th percentiles



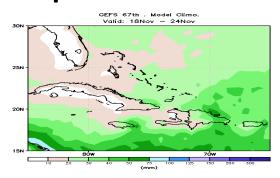
High exceedance probability (>=67th percentile) over many places in the Caribbean cubas, Haiti, in the northern west part of Cuba.

• Drier condition (<=33rd percentile) is likely over portions of the Caribbean islands Bahamas, a portion of republic Dominican and in the southern part of these islands.

33rd percentile climo

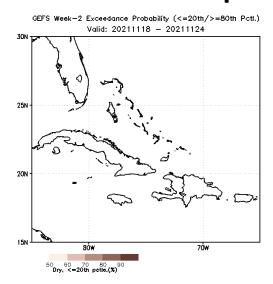


67th percentile climo



Precipitation Exceedance Probability (≤ 20th & ≥ 80th percentiles)

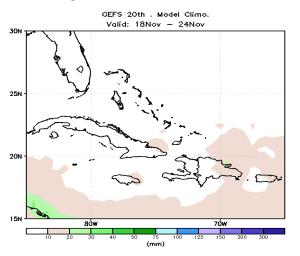
≤ 20th & ≥ 80th percentiles



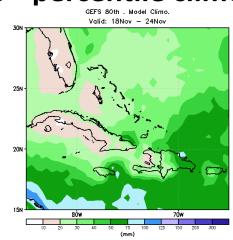
High exceedance probability (>=80th percentile) over almost many places in the Caribbean Dominican Republic, Bahamas, Haiti in the southern part also.

• Drier condition (<=20th percentile) is likely over of portions of the Caribbean Bahamas, Dominican Republic, in the southern part of the Caribbean islands.

20th percentile climo

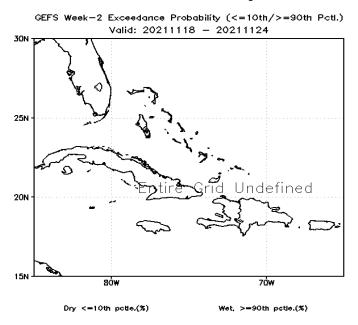


80th percentile climo



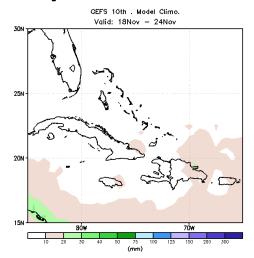
Precipitation Exceedance Probability (≤ 10th & ≥ 90th percentiles)

≤ 10th & ≥ 90th percentiles

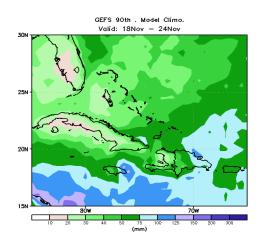


High exceedance probability (>=90th percentile) over much of places in the Caribbean.

10th percentile climo



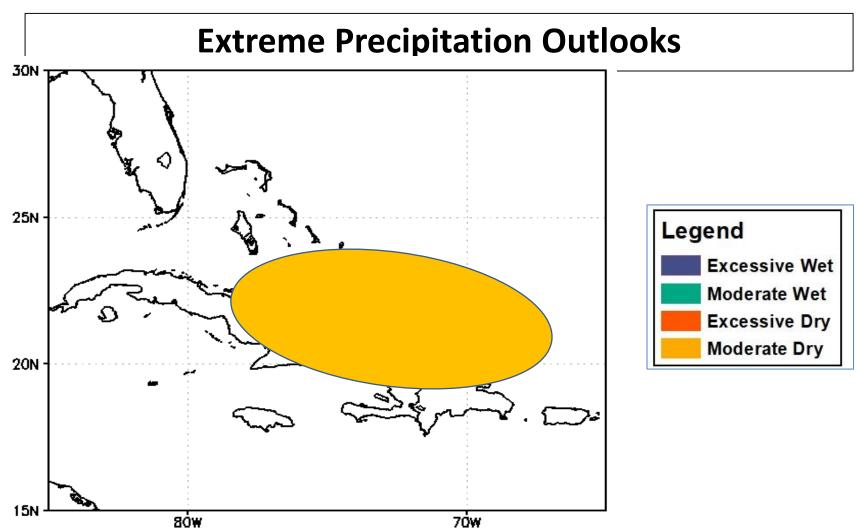
90th percentile climo



Summary

Convergence of evidences

- MJO => Not active
- Hurricane => Likely to enhance precip in the Caribbean Sea and the neighboring areas.
- Large Scale Circulation patterns => Strong lower and mid-level cyclonic circulation and convergence, combined with strong upper-level divergence in the region.
- Exceedance probability forecasts = > higher probability of exceedance for >=67th, 80th and 90th percentiles.
- Models suggest higher probabilities for precip to be below the 33rd percentile over parts of Bahamas, Dominican Republic, in the southern part of these islands.



Model precip forecasts suggest an increased chance for the precip to exceed the 67th percentile over many places, with pocket areas of high exceedance probabilities in excess of the 90th percentile.

2. Model forecast suggest an increased chance for moderate dryness over Bahamas, Dominican Republic in the southern part of the Caribbean.