## Second WMO RCC-Washington International Training Workshop

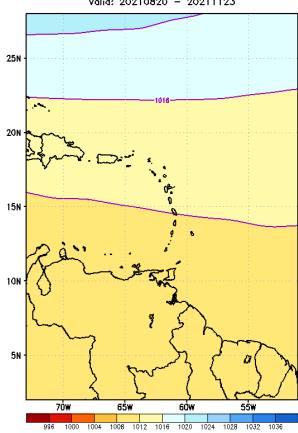
# Real-time week-2 extreme temperature outlook

8 – 10 November 2021

#### **Mean Sea Level Pressure**

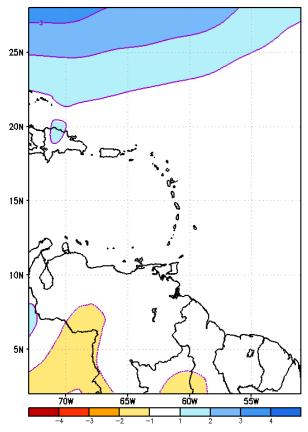
#### **Total**

GEFS Week-2 Mean Sea Level Pressure Total Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



#### **Anomaly**

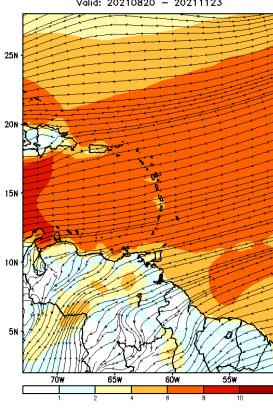
GEFS Week-2 Mean Sea Level Pressure Anomaly Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



#### 10m Wind

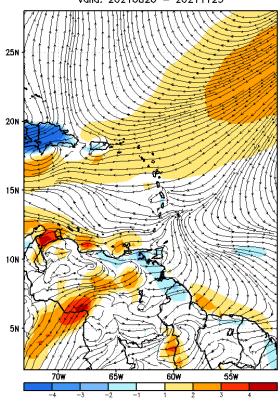
#### **Total**

GEFS Week-2 10m Wind Speed Total Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



#### **Anomaly**

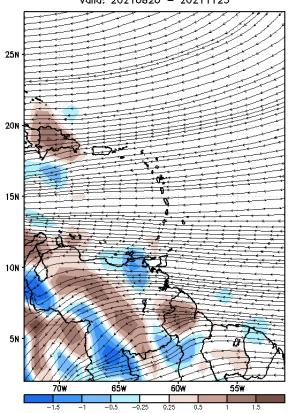
GEFS Week-2 10m Wind Speed Anomaly Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



#### 850-hPa Wind

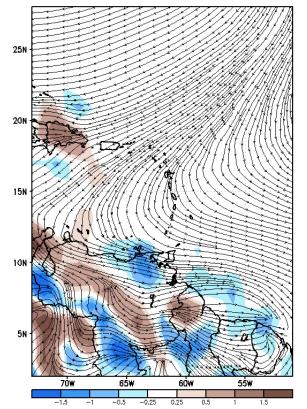
#### **Total**

GEFS Week-2 850-hPa Divergence and Wind Total Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



#### **Anomaly**

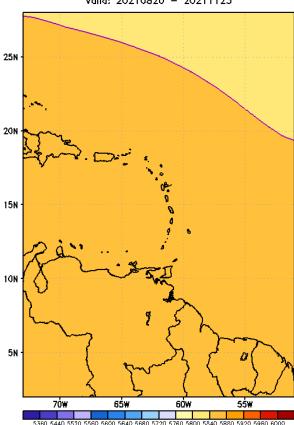
GEFS Week-2 850-hPa Divergence and Wind Anomaly Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



#### 500-hPa Height

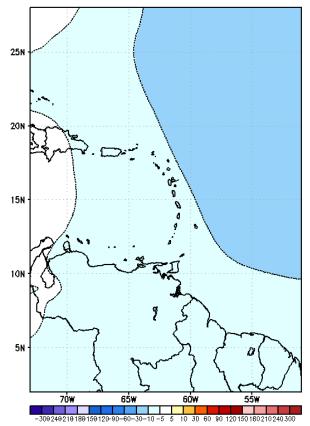
#### **Total**

GEFS Week-2 500-hPa Geo-Potential Height Total Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



#### **Anomaly**

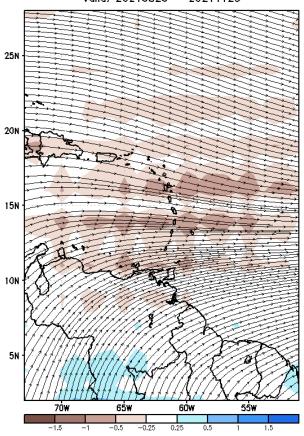
GEFS Week-2 500-hPa Geo-Potential Height Anomaly Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



#### 200-hPa Wind

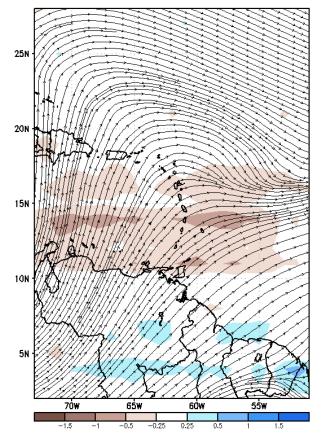
#### **Total**

GEFS Week-2 200-hPa Divergence and Wind Total Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



#### **Anomaly**

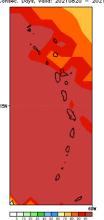
GEFS Week-2 200-hPa Divergence and Wind Anomaly Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



## Tmax Exceedance Probability for at least 2 Consecutive Days

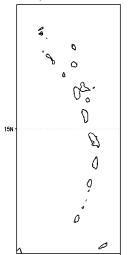
≥ 35°C

GEFS Week-2 Tmax Exceedance Prob. >= 35 Cels. >=2 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



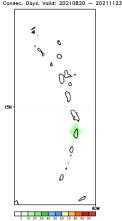
≥ 39°C

GEFS Week-2 Tmax Exceedance Prob. >= 39 Cels. >=2 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



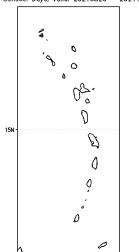
≥ 37°C

GEFS Week-2 Tmax Exceedance Prob. >= 37 Cels. >=2 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



≥ 41°C

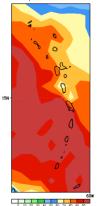
GEFS Week-2 Tmax Exceedance Prob. >= 41 Cels. >=2 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



### Tmax Exceedance Probability for at least 3 Consecutive Days

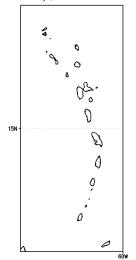
≥ 35 °C

GEFS Week-2 Tmax Exceedance Prob. >= 35 Cels. >=3 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



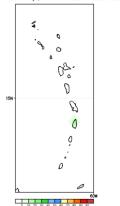
≥ 39 °C

GEFS Week-2 Tmax Exceedance Prob. >= 39 Cels. >=3 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



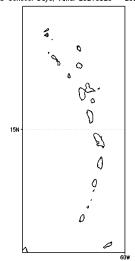
≥ 37 °C

GEFS Week-2 Tmax Exceedance Prob. >= 37 Cels. >=3 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



≥ 41 °C

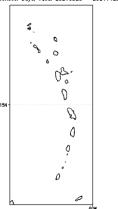
GEFS Week-2 Tmax Exceedance Prob. >= 41 Cels. >= 3 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



## HI Exceedance Probability for at least 2 Consecutive Days

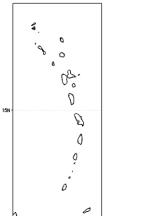
≥ 41°C

GEFS Week-2 HI Exceedance Prob. >= 41 Deg. Cels. >=2 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



≥ 45°C

GEFS Week-2 HI Exceedance Prob. >= 45 Deg. Cels. >=2 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



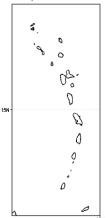
#### ≥ 43°C

GEFS Week-2 HI Exceedance Prob. >= 43 Deg. Cels. >= 2 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



≥ 47°C

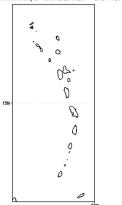
GEFS Week-2 HI Exceedance Prob. >= 47 Deg. Cels. >=2 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



## HI Exceedance Probability for at least 3 Consecutive Days

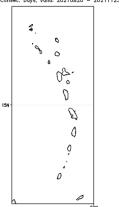
≥ 41°C

GEFS Week-2 HI Exceedance Prob. >= 41 Deg. Cels. >=2 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



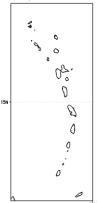
≥ 45°C

GEFS Week-2 HI Exceedance Prob. >= 45 Deg. Cels. >=3 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



≥ 43°C

GEFS Week-2 HI Exceedance Prob. >= 43 Deg. Cels. >=3 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



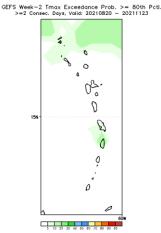
≥ 47°C

GEFS Week-2 HI Exceedance Prob. >= 47 Deg. Cels. >=2 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



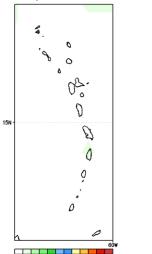
### Tmax Exceedance Probability with respect to Percentiles for at least 2 Consecutive Days

#### ≥ 80<sup>th</sup> percentile

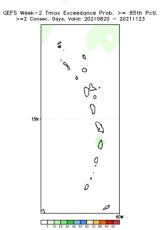


#### ≥ 90<sup>th</sup> percentile

GEFS Week-2 Tmax Exceedance Prob. >= 90th Pctl. >=2 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123

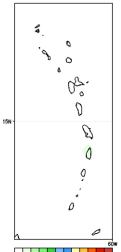


#### ≥ 85<sup>th</sup> percentile



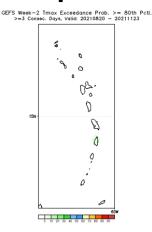
#### ≥ 95<sup>th</sup> percentile

GEFS Week-2 Tmax Exceedance Prob. >= 95th Pctl. >=2 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



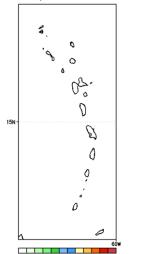
### Tmax Exceedance Probability with respect to Percentiles for at least 3 Consecutive Days

#### ≥ 80<sup>th</sup> percentile

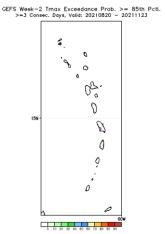


#### ≥ 90<sup>th</sup> percentile

GEFS Week-2 Tmax Exceedance Prob. >= 90th Pctl. >=3 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123

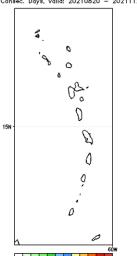


#### ≥ 85<sup>th</sup> percentile



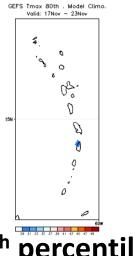
#### ≥ 95<sup>th</sup> percentile

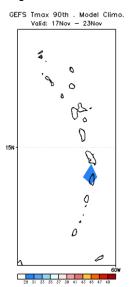
GEFS Week-2 Tmax Exceedance Prob. >= 95th Pctl. >=3 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123



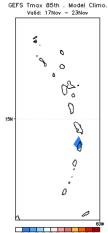
#### **Tmax Percentile Climatology**

#### 80<sup>th</sup> percentile

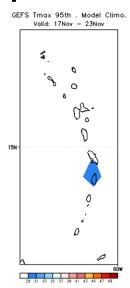




#### 85<sup>th</sup> percentile

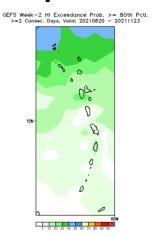


#### 95<sup>th</sup> percentile



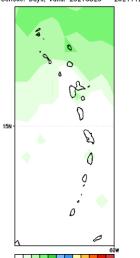
### HI Exceedance Probability with respect to Percentiles for at least 2 Consecutive Days

#### ≥ 80<sup>th</sup> percentile

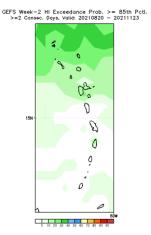


#### ≥ 90<sup>th</sup> percentile

GEFS Week-2 HI Exceedance Prob. >= 90th Pctl. >=2 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123

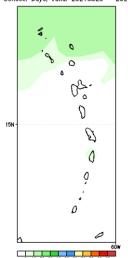


#### ≥ 85<sup>th</sup> percentile



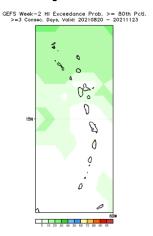
#### ≥ 95<sup>th</sup> percentile

GEFS Week-2 HI Exceedance Prob. >= 95th Pctl. >= 2 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123

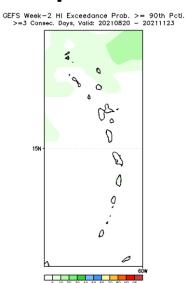


### HI Exceedance Probability with respect to Percentiles for at least 3 Consecutive Days

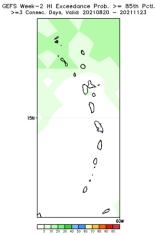
#### ≥ 80<sup>th</sup> percentile



#### ≥ 90<sup>th</sup> percentile

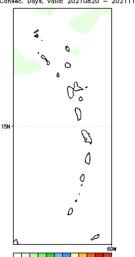


### ≥ 85<sup>th</sup> percentile



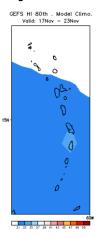
#### ≥ 95<sup>th</sup> percentile

GEFS Week-2 HI Exceedance Prob. >= 95th Pctl. >= 3 Consec. Days, Valid: 20210820 - 20211123

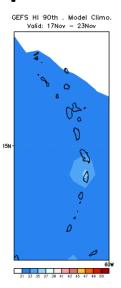


#### **HI Percentile Climatology**

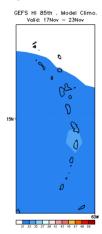
#### 80<sup>th</sup> percentile



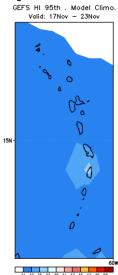
#### 90th percentile



#### 85<sup>th</sup> percentile



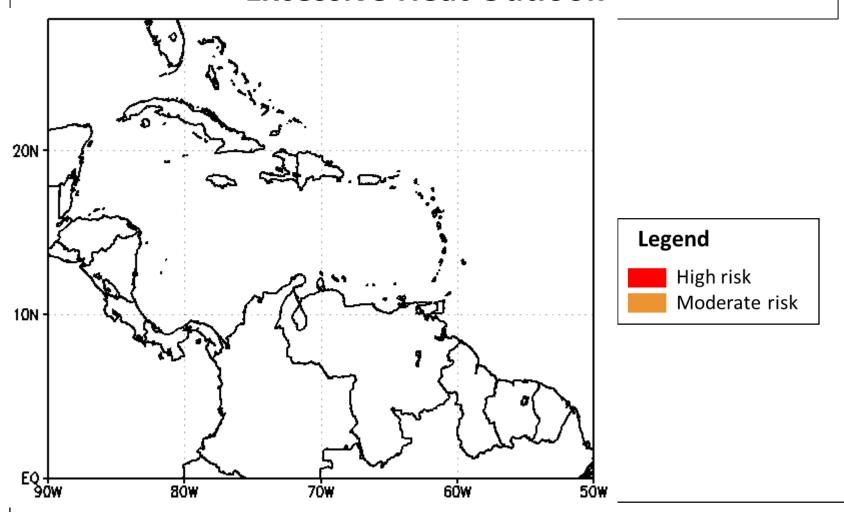
#### 95<sup>th</sup> percentile



#### Summary

- No notable sea level pressure anomalies in the Lesser Antilles
- Area of stronger than normal 10m wind speeds are seen over the northern portion of the Lesser Antilles with a localized area of weaker than normal winds seen near St. Lucia.
- Broad area of negative height anomaly at 500mb seen over the entire portion of the Lesser Antilles extending from the Central Atlantic.
- Area of upper level convergence over the lesser Antilles at 200mb, with higher values near the central portion (St. Lucia) of the Lesser Antilles.
- High Tmax exceedance probability over the Lesser Antilles (>=35°C for both 2 and 3 consecutive days).
- Low exceedance probability (80<sup>th</sup> percentile over at least two consecutive days)
  over the far northern and central portion of the Lesser Antilles.

#### **Excessive Heat Outlook**



Despite descending motion being likely due to convergence at the 200mb level over the lesser Antilles, the lower heights at 500mb and average to above average surface winds in the lesser Antilles could provide enough ventilation for temperatures to not reach excessive levels.

Model forecasts also suggests there will not be a notable excessive heat hazard in the vicinity of the leeward islands .