

# **Understanding US Drought in Past 120+ Years**

**Yun Fan  
NOAA/NWS/NCEP/CPC**

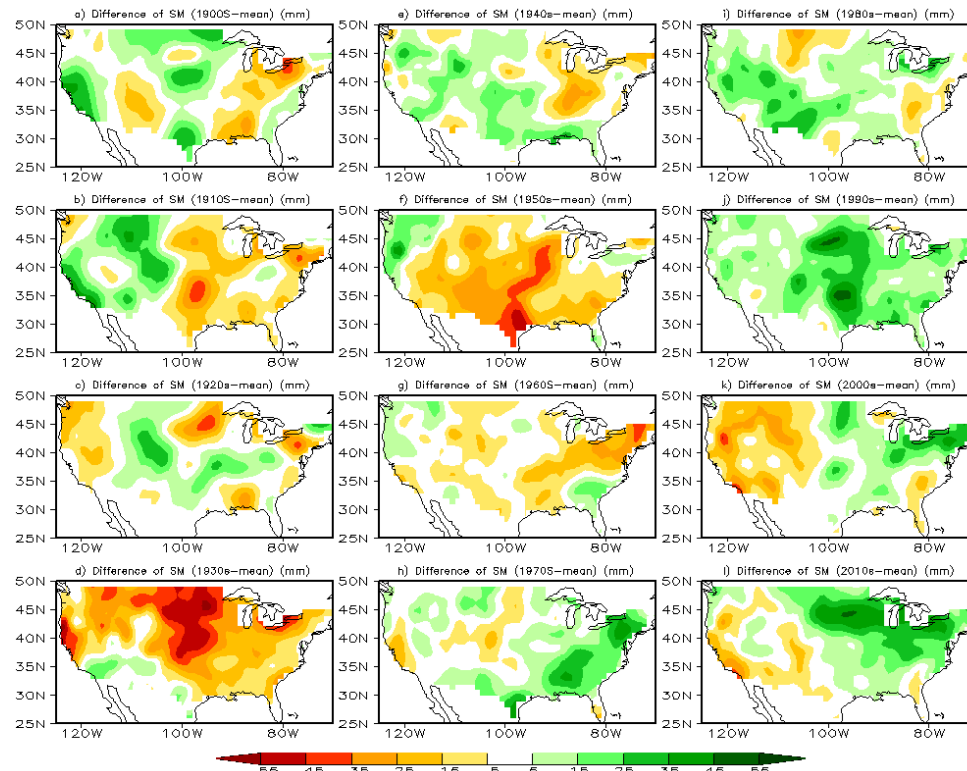
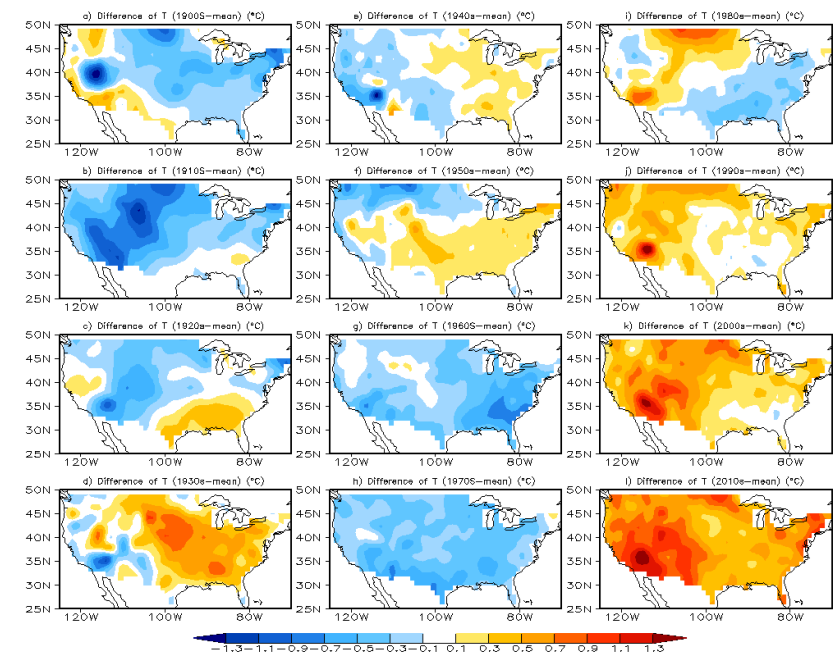
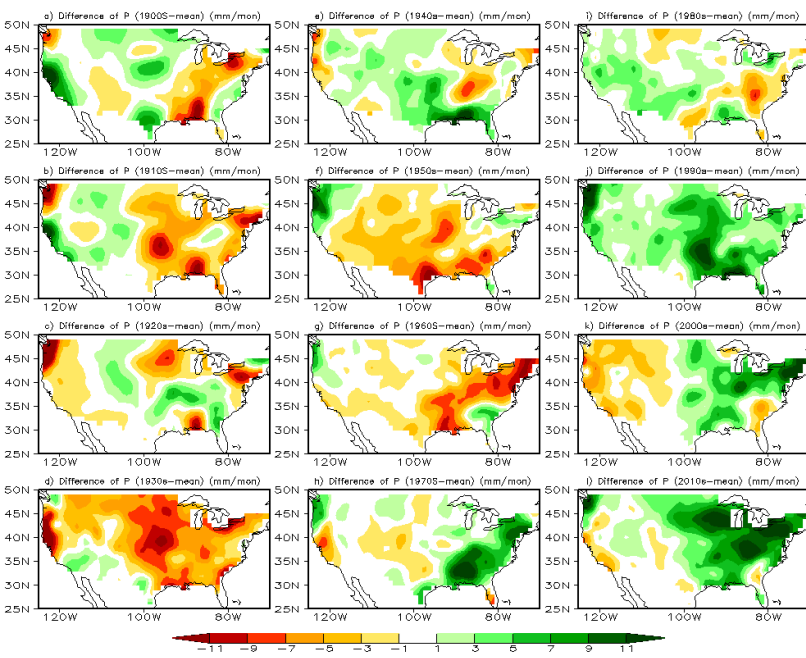
# **Drought in the US**

**Decadal Variation**

**Attribution**

**Impact of trend or climate change**

# Decadal Variations

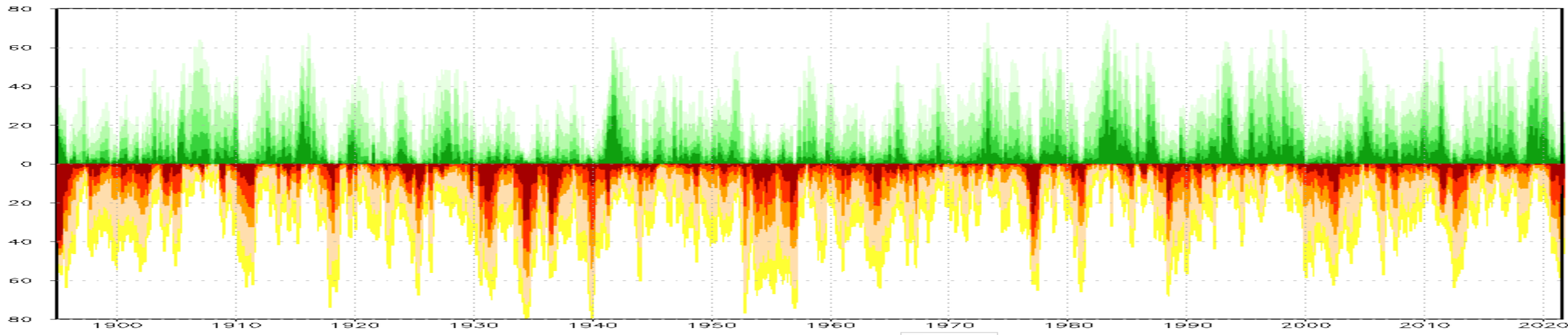


# **Drought in the US**

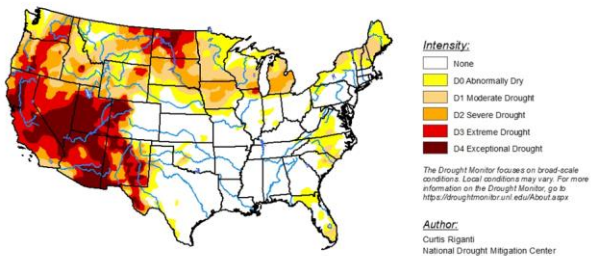
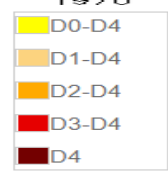
**CPC Leaky Bucket Model vs United States Drought Monitor**

**A Mutual Validation**

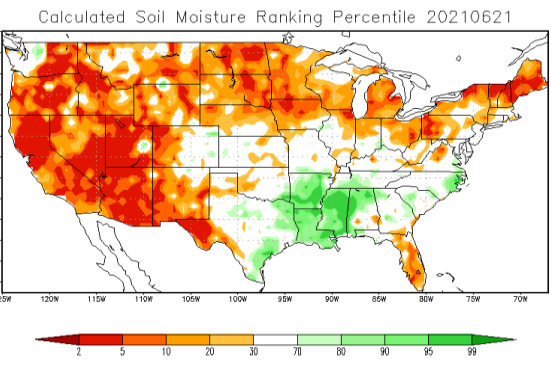
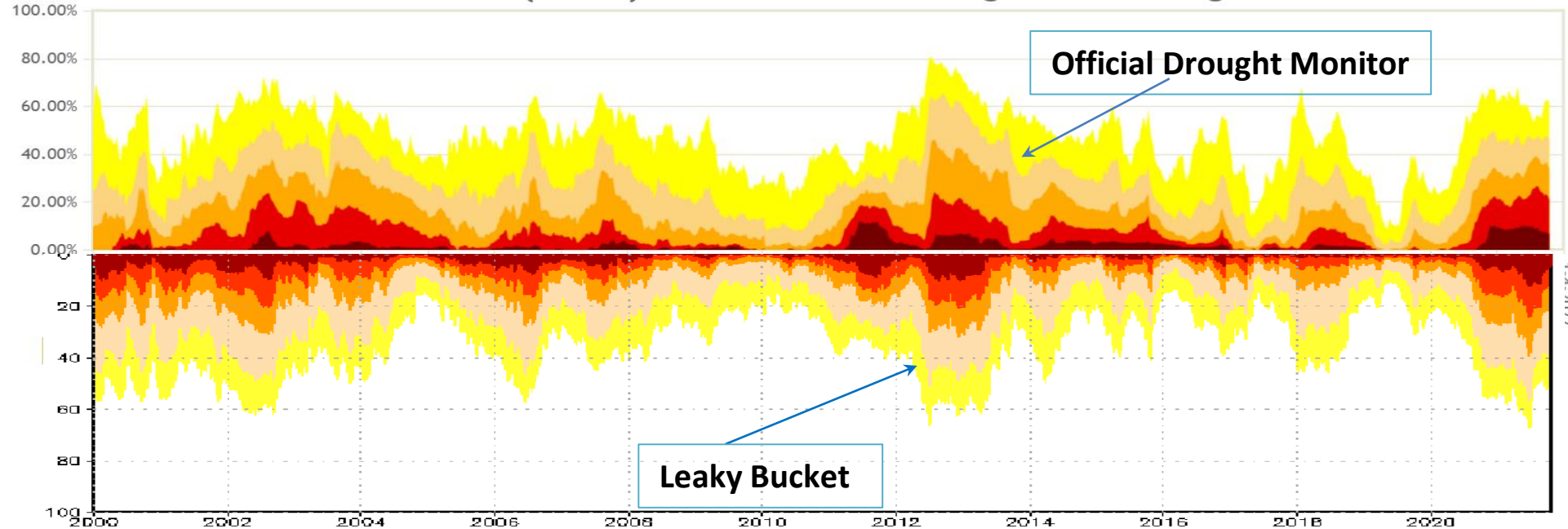
Area (%) of Normalized Monthly Soil Moisture Anomalies in CONUS



**U.S. Drought Monitor**  
**Contiguous U.S. (CONUS)**  
 June 15, 2021  
 (Released Thursday, Jun. 17, 2021)  
 Valid 8 a.m. EDT

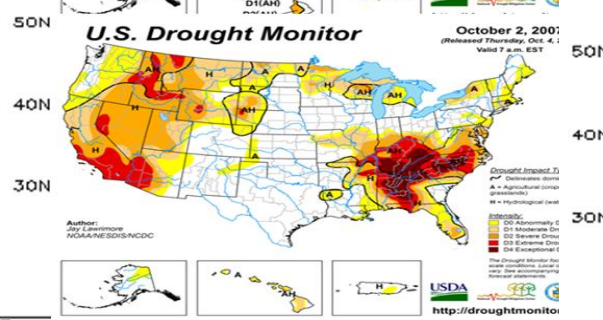
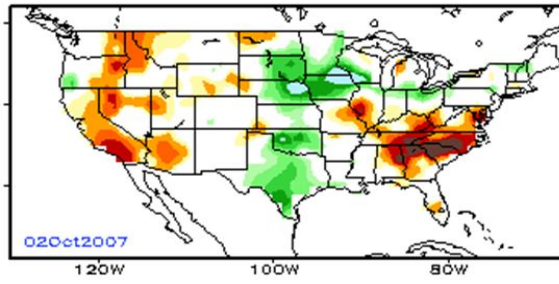
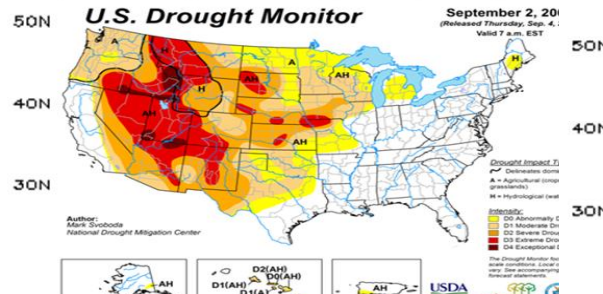
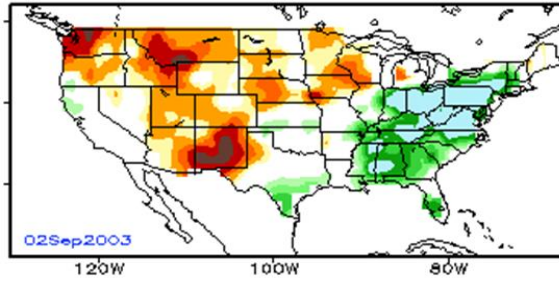
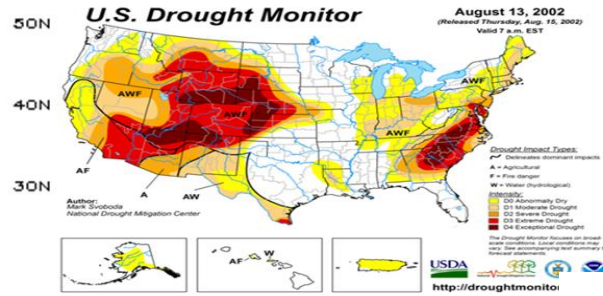
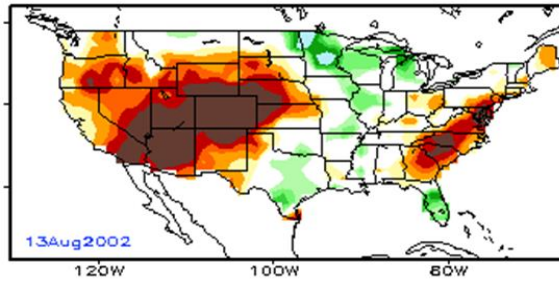


Continental U.S. (CONUS) Percent Area in U.S. Drought Monitor Categories

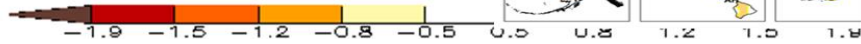
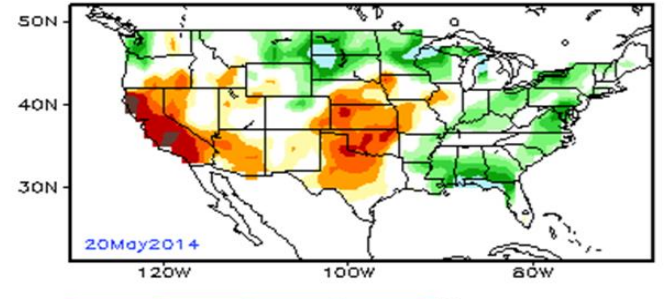
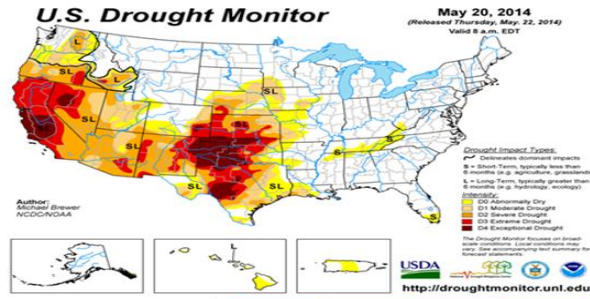
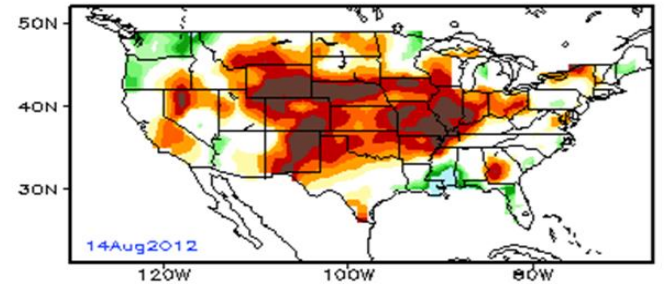
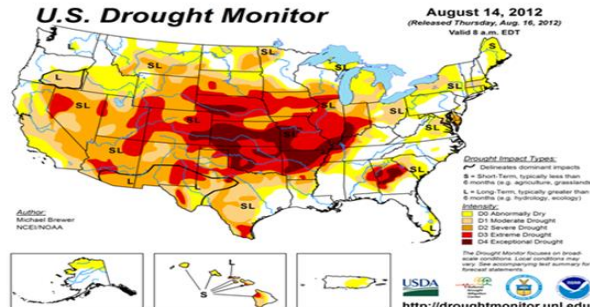
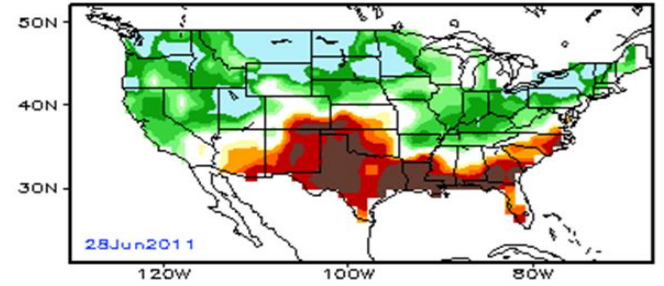
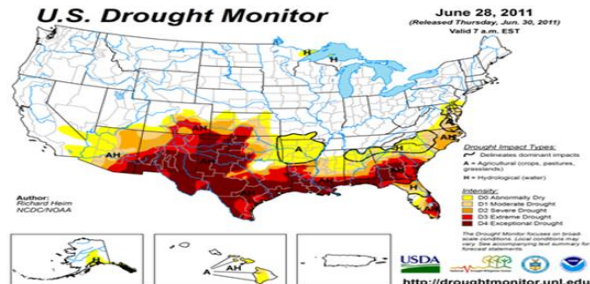




Normalized Monthly Soil Moisture Anomalies (mm)



Normalized Monthly Soil Moisture Anomalies (mm)



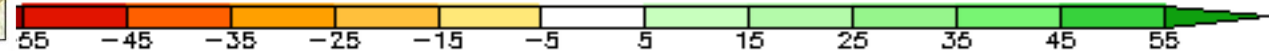
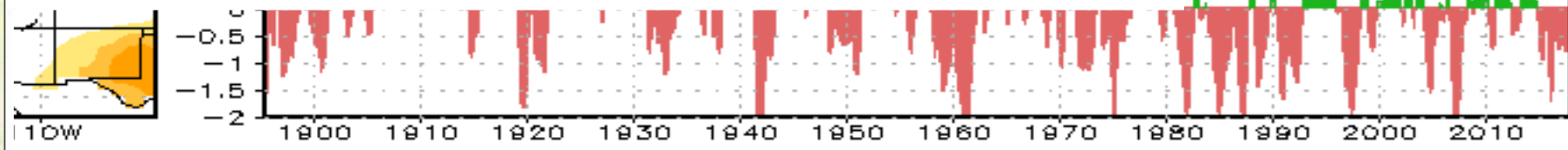
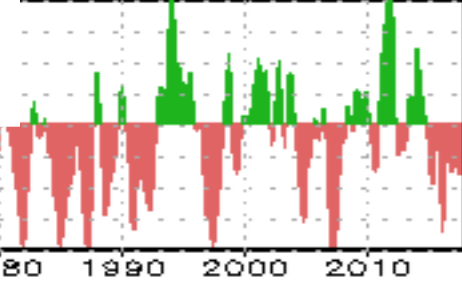
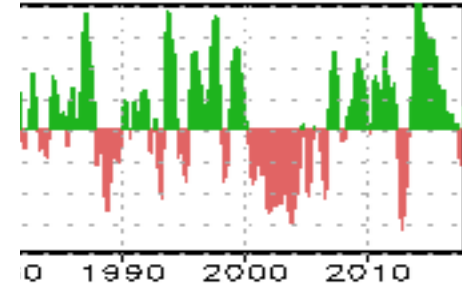
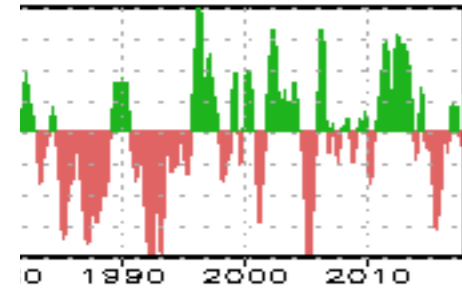
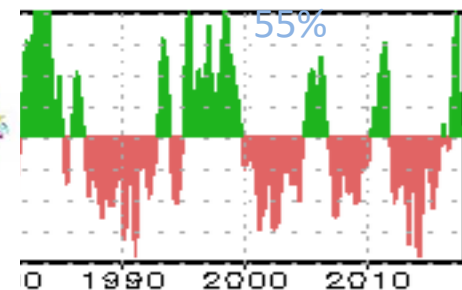
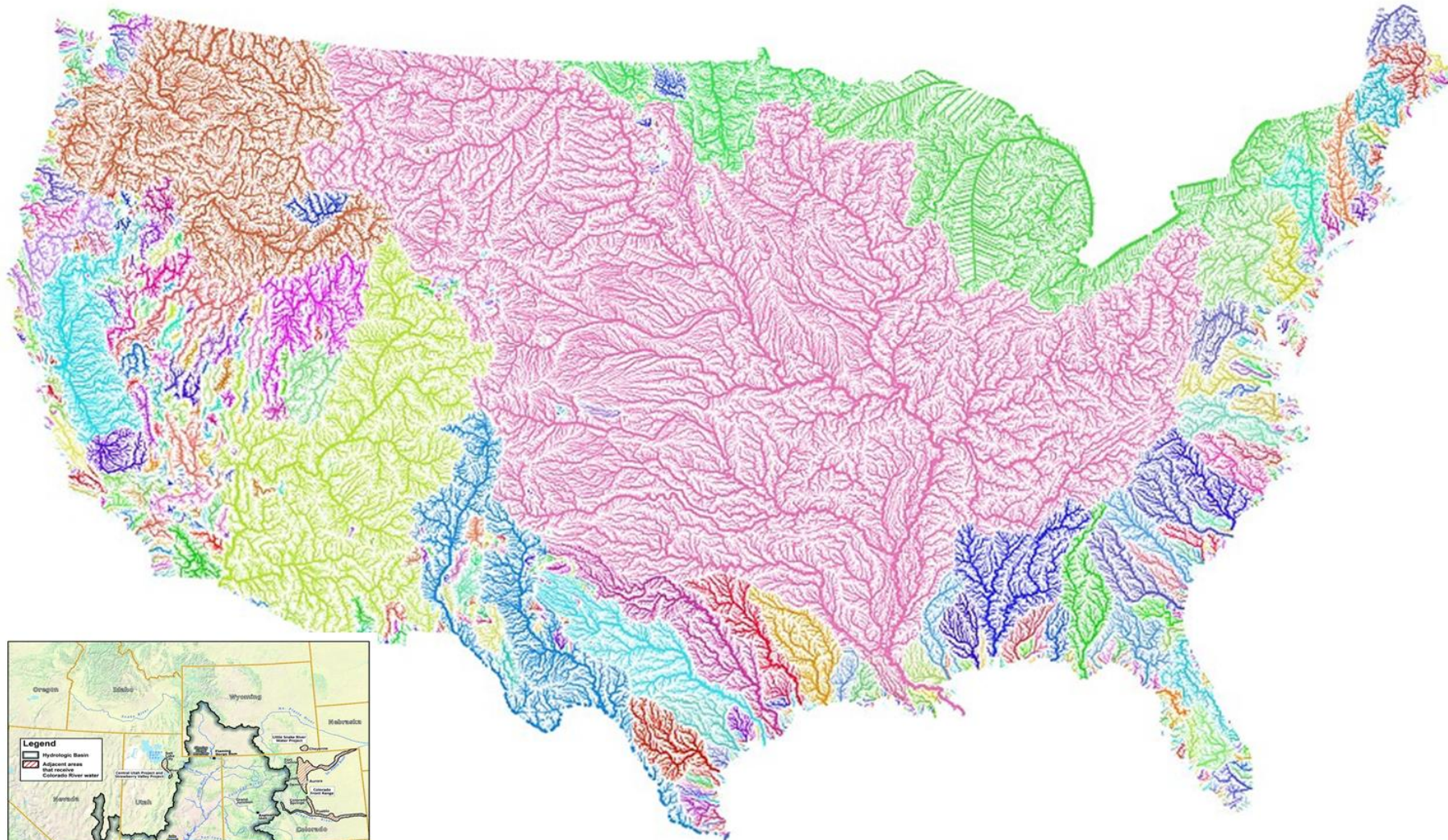
# **Drought in**

**Western CONUS & Colorado River Basin**



# EOF Analysis of Simulated Soil Moisture

68% total var





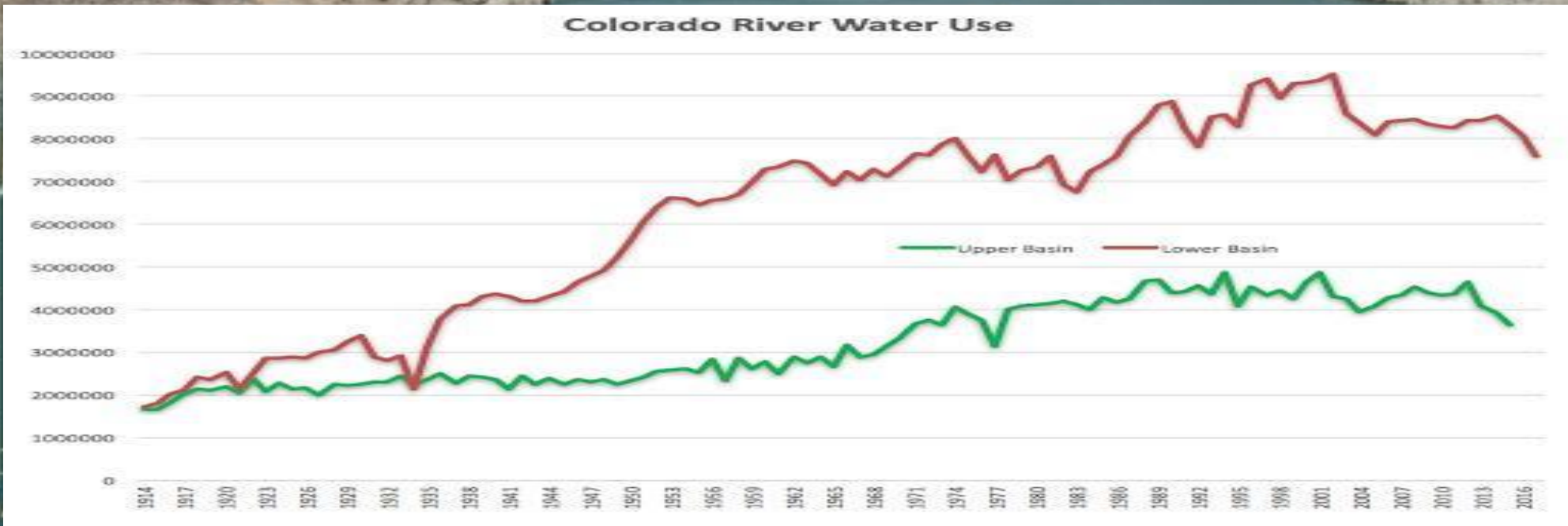
# Lake Mead declined ~140 feet since 2000 & now sits at 37% of full capacity as June 2021

Approximately 40 million people currently live in the Colorado River basin and depend on its water



lake elevation (feet)

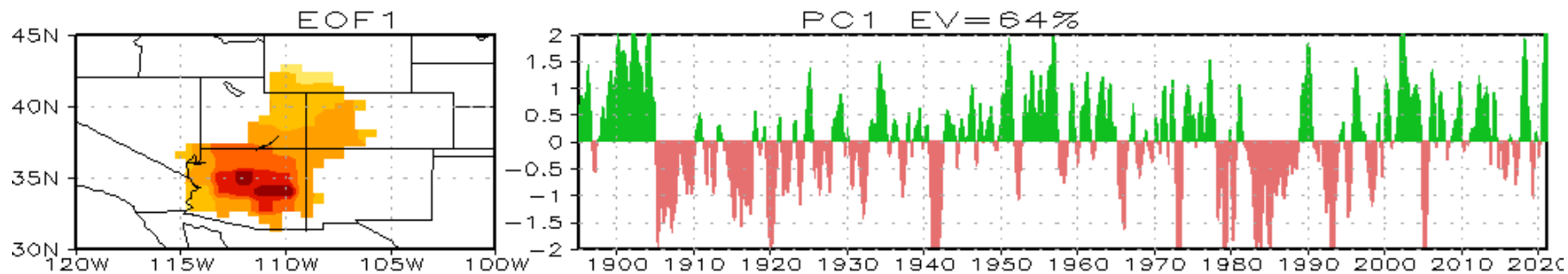
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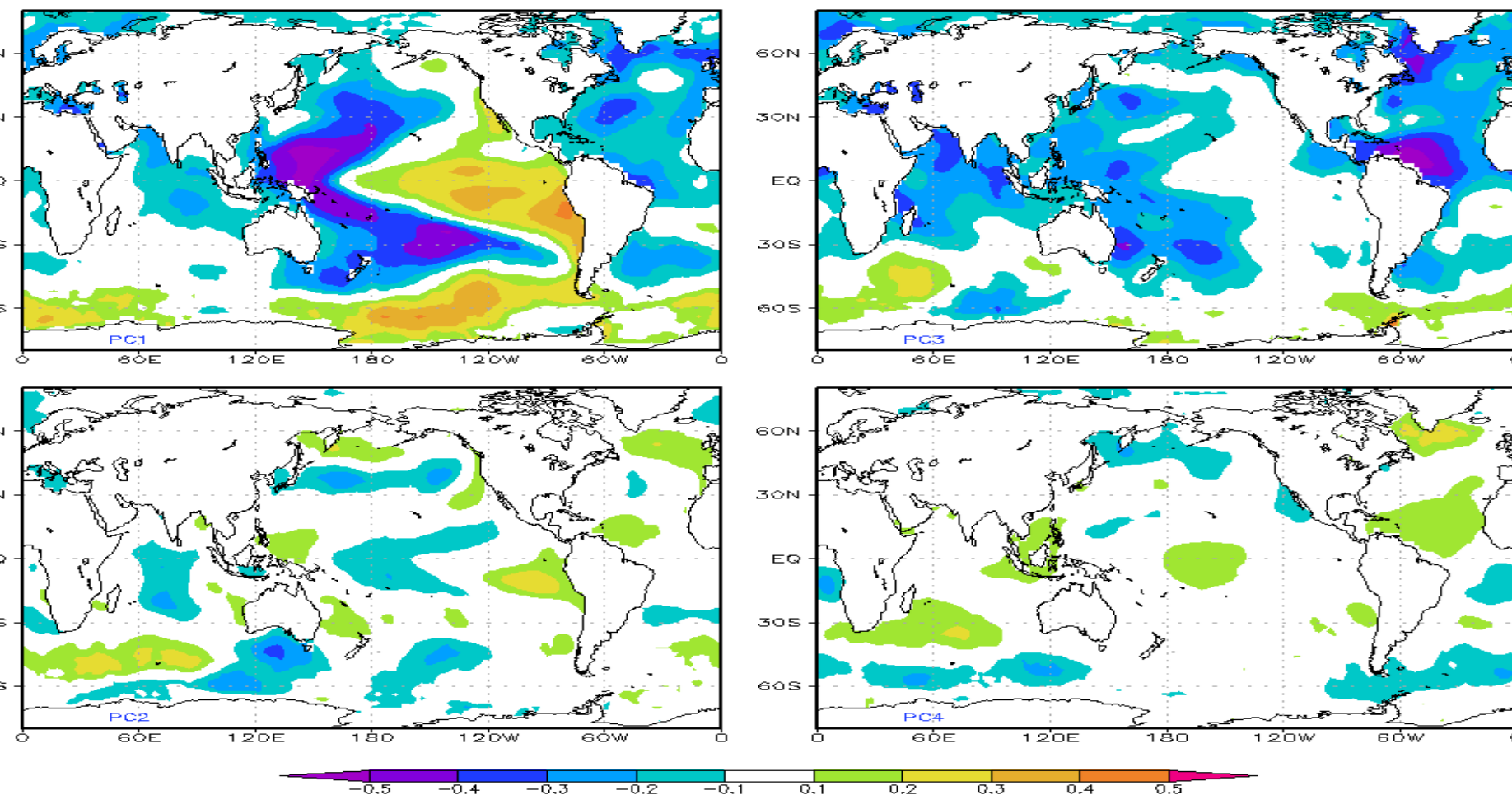
# EOF Analysis of Soil Moisture over Colorado River Basin

88% total var

CONUS-50% West-68%

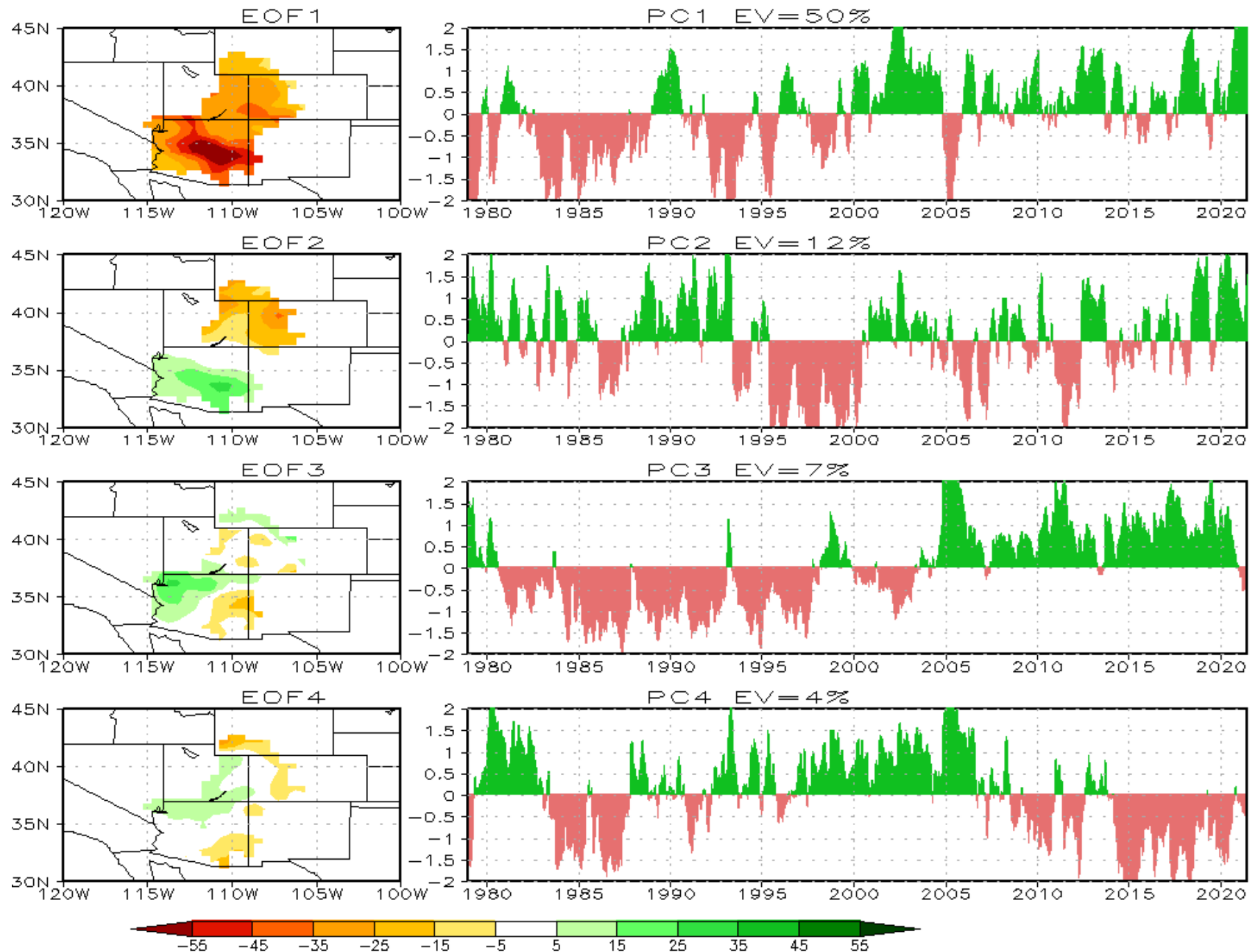


Temporal Correlation of SST(t) Anomalies vs US Soil Moisture PC(t+3) (1895–2020)



# EOF Analysis of Simulated Soil Moisture over Colorado River Basin

94% total var - monthly  
73% - daily





# Summary

- 1. Significant decadal spatial-temporal variations**
- 2. Long-term trend: T2m west US, P northeast**
- 3. More simple soil moisture structures for US West with much dominant low-frequency EOF modes**

(low-frequency & large-scale !! potentially more predictable?)

- 4. Future Work: Drought Prediction & Predictability**