Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook Briefing

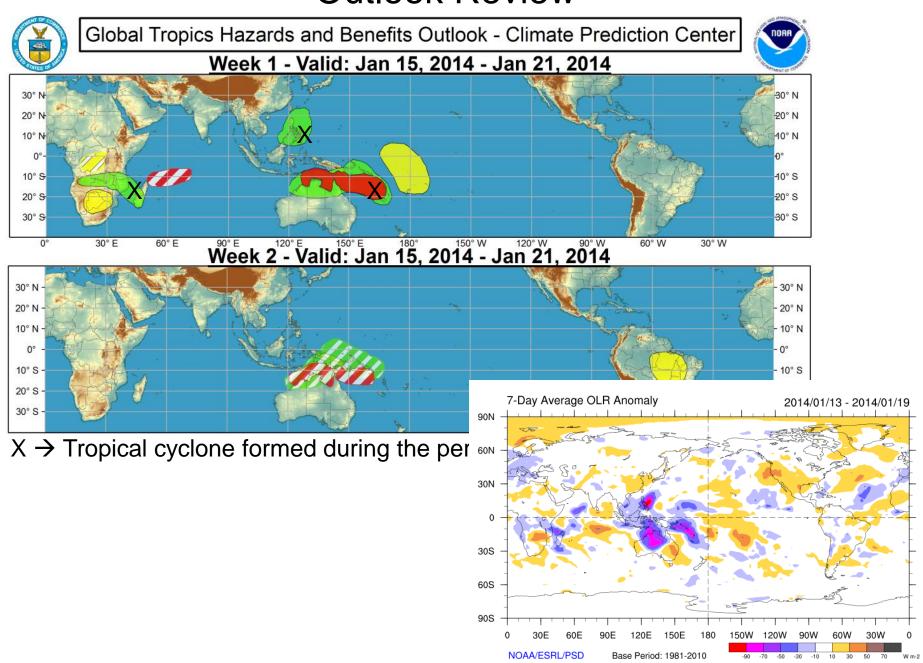
January 21, 2014

Stephen Baxter
NOAA / Climate Prediction Center

Outline

- Review of recent tropical conditions
- Synopsis of Climate Variability
- GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- Connections to U.S. Impacts

Outlook Review



Synopsis of Climate Variability

ENSO:

• ENSO-neutral is expected to continue into the Northern Hemisphere summer 2014.

MJO:

- The MJO remained weak despite strong convection across parts of the West Pacific, Maritime Continent, and northern Australia. Little eastward propagation is expected.
- The MJO is not expected to contribute substantially to the pattern of anomalous convection during the outlook period.

Other types of subseasonal tropical variability:

• Atmospheric Kelvin wave activity remains ongoing but large scale persistent impacts are difficult to assess. Low-frequency variability unrelated to ENSO favors convection across parts of the eastern Maritime Continent and West Pacific.

Extratropics:

- AO and NAO favored to reside near neutral/positive over next 2 weeks, PNA forecast to go negative.
- Multiple areas of enhanced tropical convection make it difficult to confidently assess mid-latitude linkages. However, persistent convection in the far western Pacific is consistent with buildup of Arctic air in Canada.

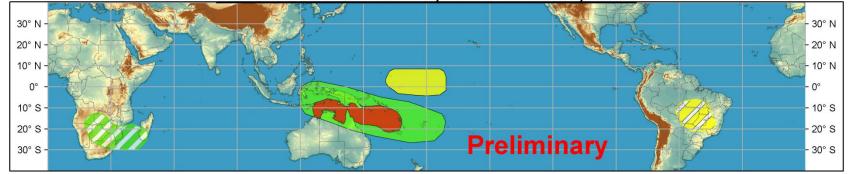
Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center







Week 2 - Valid: Jan 29, 2014 - Feb 04, 2014



Produced: 01/21/2014 Confidence High Moderate

Tropical Cyclone Formation Development of a tropical cyclone that eventually reaches tropical storm/cyclone strength.

Above-average rainfall Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Below-average rainfall Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

Above-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

Below-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.









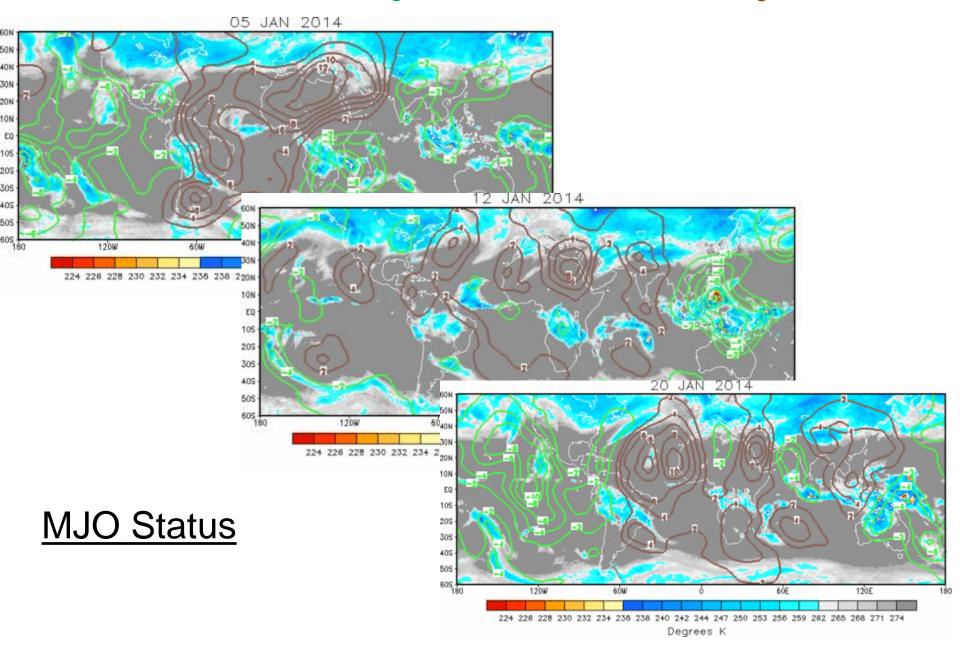


Forecaster: Baxter

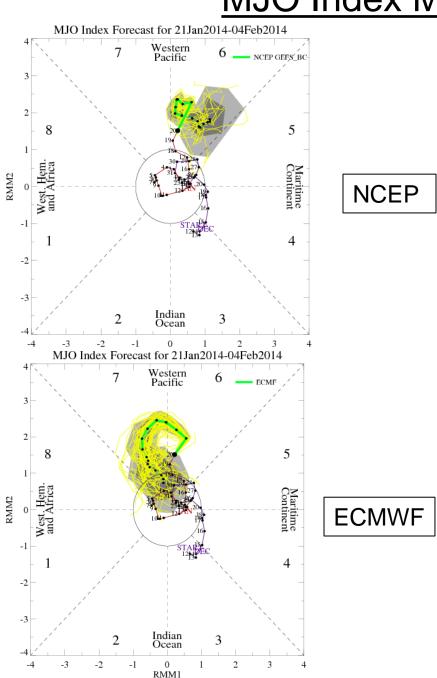


IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

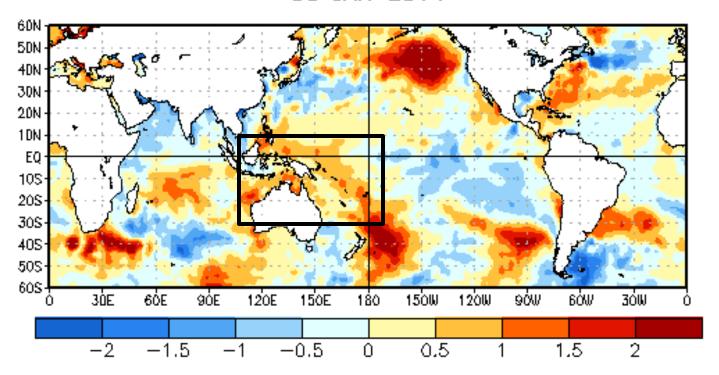


MJO Index Model Forecasts



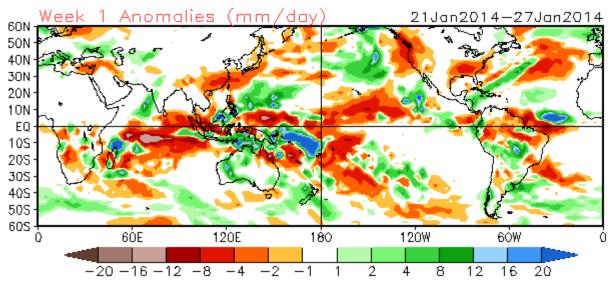
- The triangular areas indicate the location of the MJO enhanced convective phase
- Counter-clockwise motion is indicative of eastward propagation. Large dot most recent day.
- Distance from center proportional to strength
- Line colors distinguish different months
- Forecast is the green (mean) and yellow lines

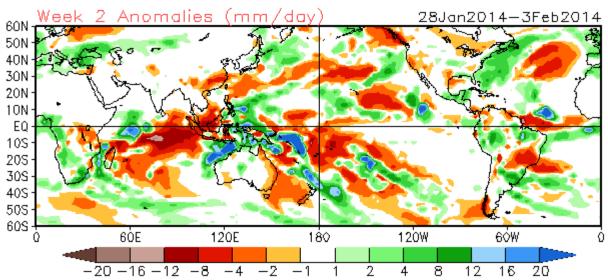
SST Anomalies (°C) 08 JAN 2014



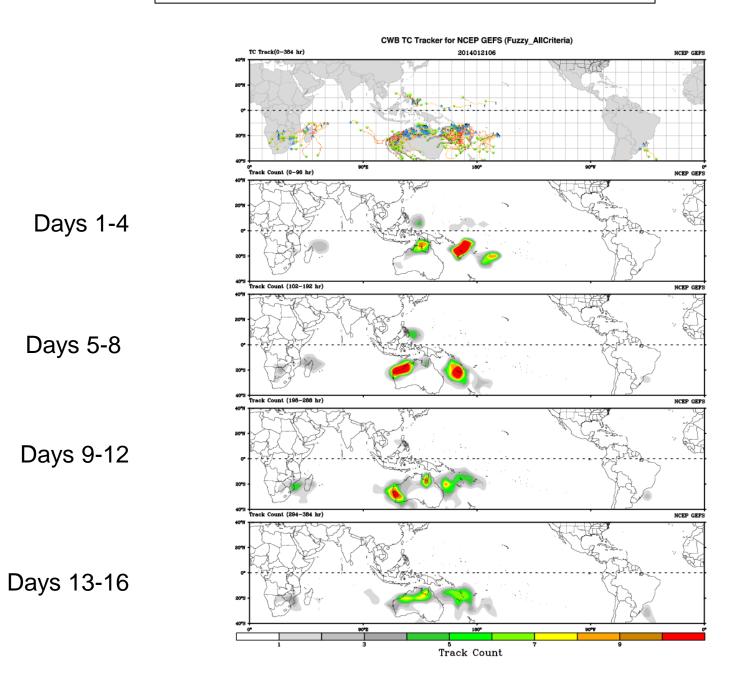
Continuation of very warm waters – many areas > 30C

NCEP Climate Forecast System – Weeks 1+2 Precipitation Anomalies

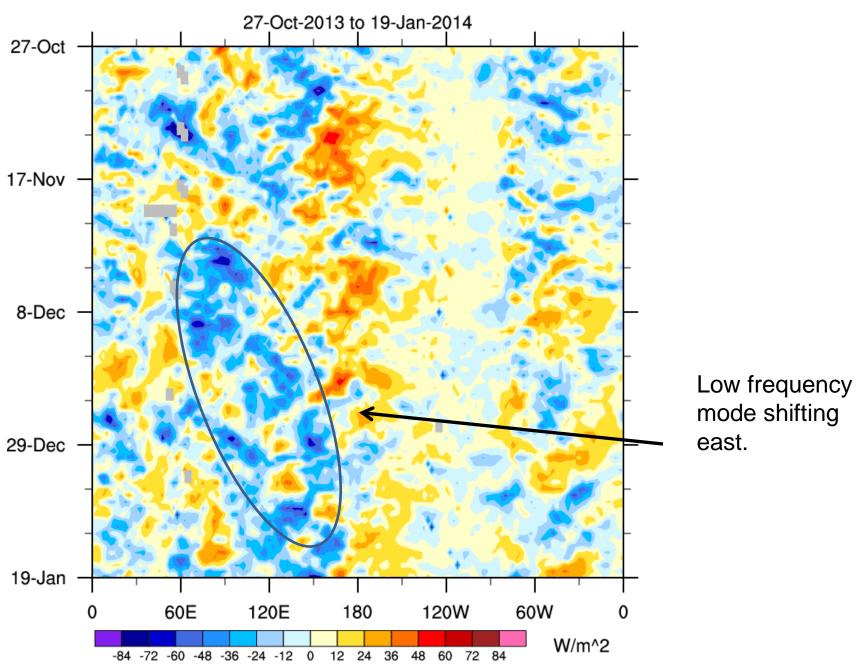




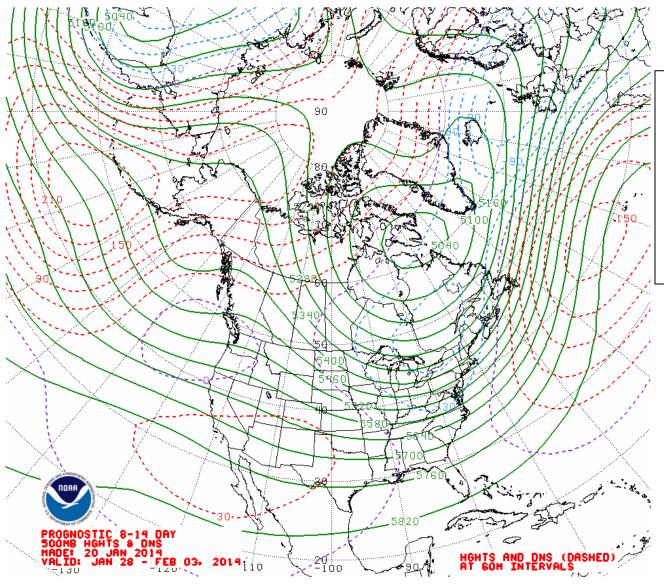
Ensemble GFS – Tropical Cyclone Guidance



OLR anomalies: 7.5°S - 7.5°N



Northern Hemisphere 500-hPa Heights and Anomalies

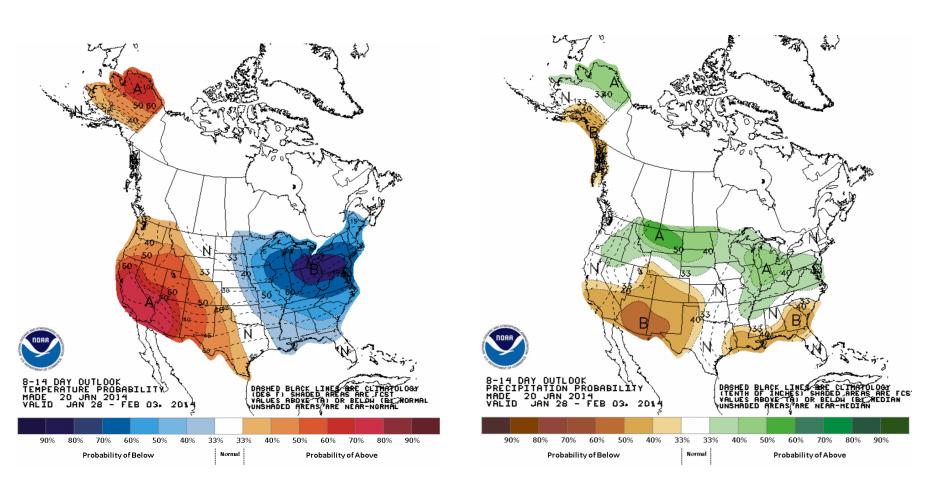


Mean height in Green

Higher than normal heights in red

Lower than normal heights in blue

Days 8-14 Temperature and Precipitation Outlooks

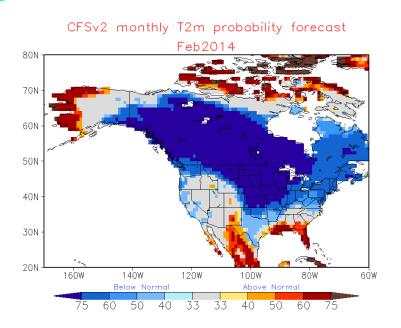


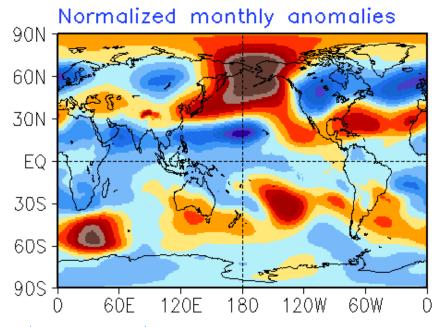
CFS February Forecasts

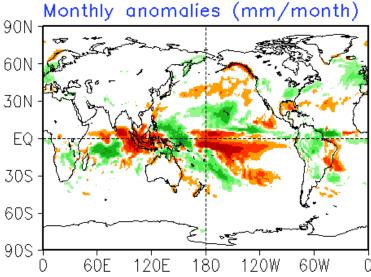


Last update: Tue Jan 21 2014

Initial conditions: 06Z20Jan2014-00Z21Jan2014(16 members)







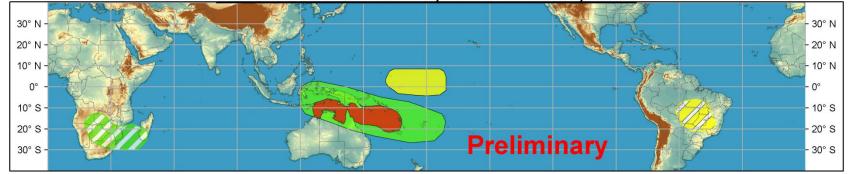
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Forecaster: Baxter



Lagged 850-hPa Temperature Composite

