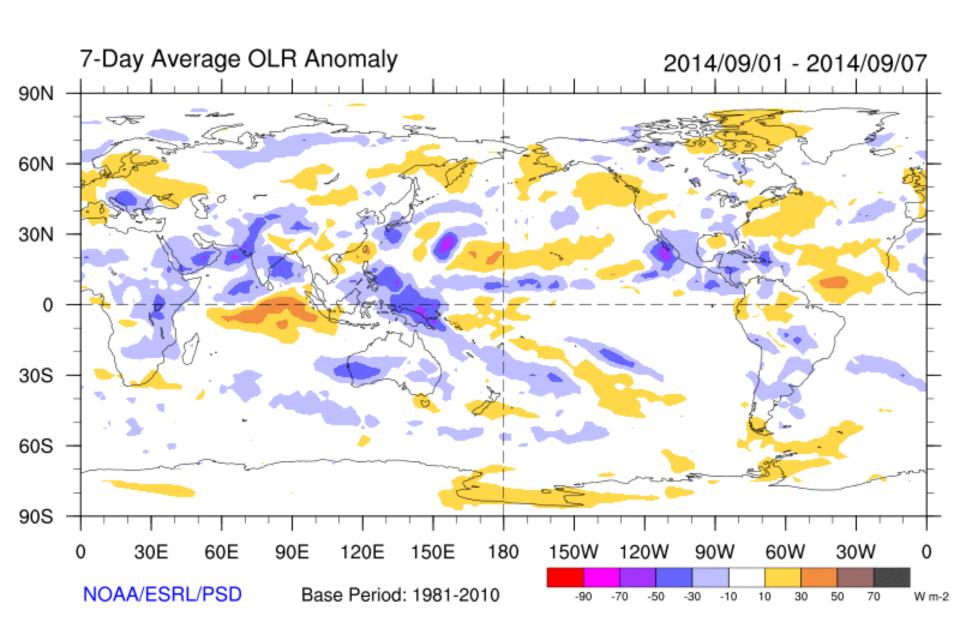
# Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook September 9, 2014

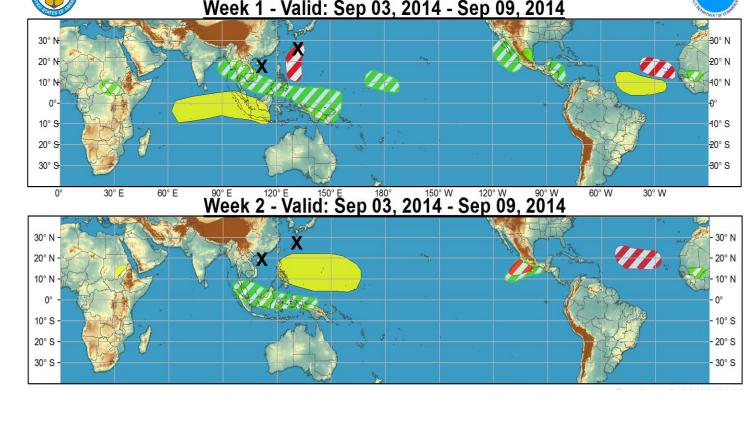
Adam Allgood

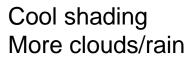
### **Outline**

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

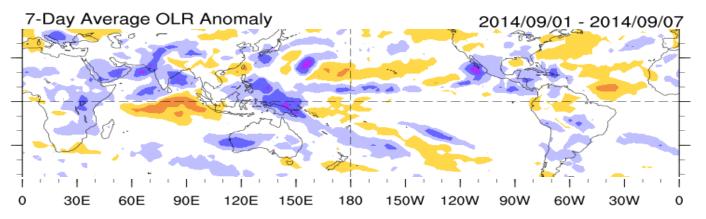


## Outlook Review





Warm shading Less clouds/rain



# Synopsis of Climate Modes

#### **ENSO**:

Current:ENSO-neutral

• Outlook: The chance of El Niño is at 60-65% during the NH fall and winter.

#### MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- The MJO was more coherent during the past several weeks, with an envelope of enhanced (suppressed) convection propagating from the Indian Ocean to the Maritime Continent (Pacific to the Western Hemisphere). The amplitude of the RMM Index has diminished over the past two days.
- Dynamical model MJO index forecasts generally do not support the continued evolution of this signal. Instead, the GFS and ECMWF increase RMM index amplitude over the Western Hemisphere, with some models suggesting development of a second intraseasonal signal over the I.O.
- Other modes (tropical cyclones, Kelvin Waves, mid-latitude intrusions into the tropics) are strongly influencing the pattern.

#### **Extratropics:**

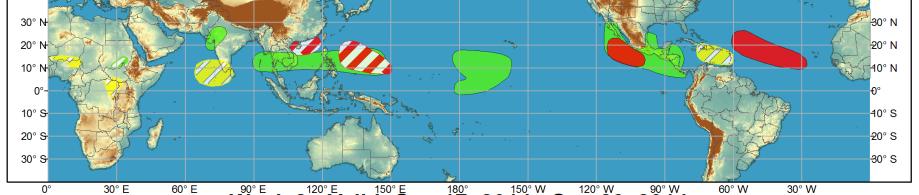
• The extended range forecast for the U.S. indicates an amplified pattern, with ridging (troughing) over the western U.S. (central and eastern CONUS). Tropical cyclone activity over the eastern Pacific may promote additional Gulf moisture surges.



#### Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center







Week 2 - Valid: Sep 17, 2014 - Sep 23, 2014



**Confidence** High Moderate Produced: 09/09/2014

Forecaster: Allgood

Tropical Cyclone Formation Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Above-average rainfall Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Above-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

Below-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.









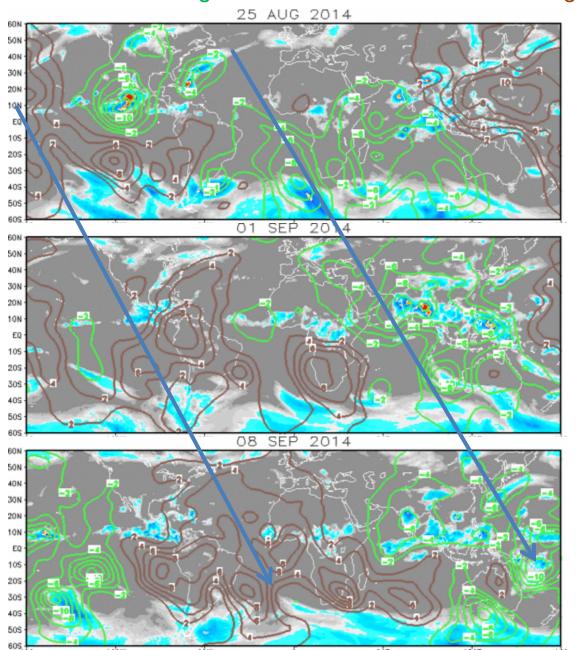




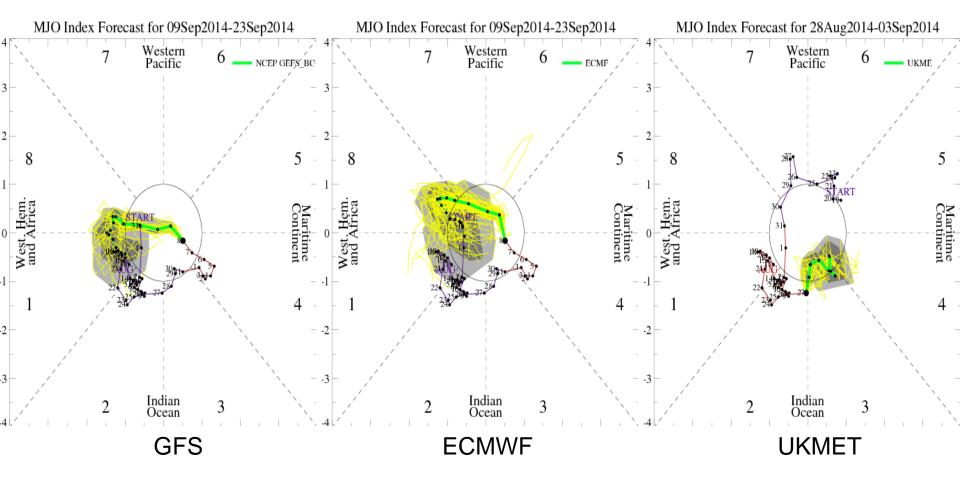


#### IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

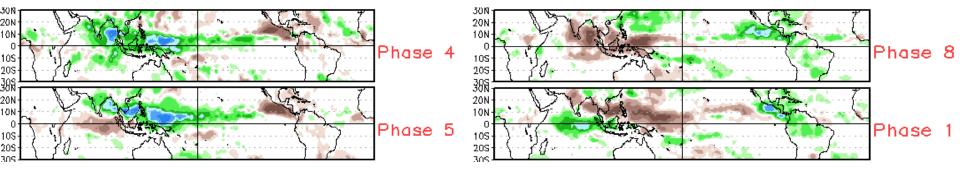
Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

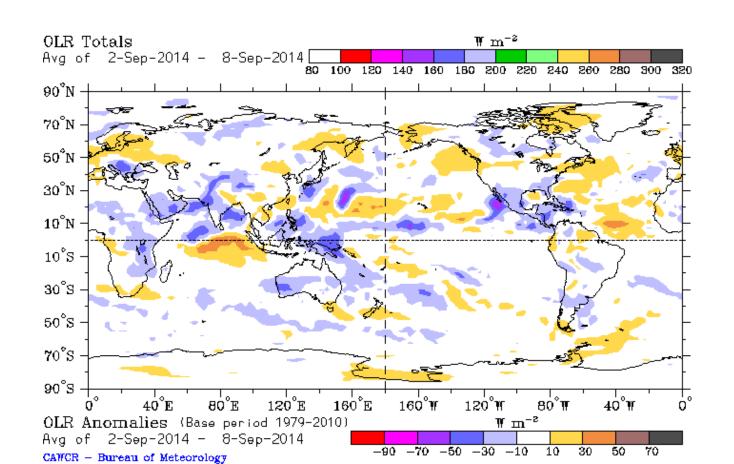


## MJO Observation/Forecast



- GFS and CFS both increase RMM amplitude in Phase-8 (Epac/Wrn Hemisphere)
- Influence from tropical cyclone activity on the RMM Index is likely
- GFS model indicates the evolution of a new intraseasonal signal towards the I.O.
- ECMWF brings less convection into the I.O. (e.g., Kelvin Waves)

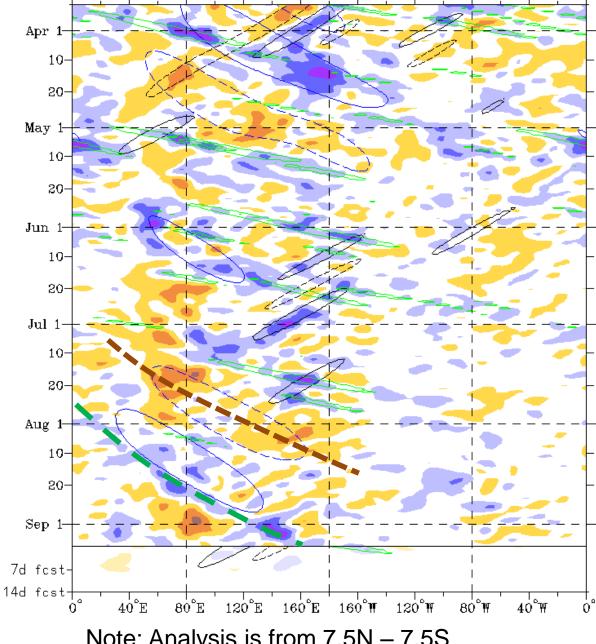




Weak MJO signal propagated from the Indian Ocean to the Maritime Continent (dashed lines).

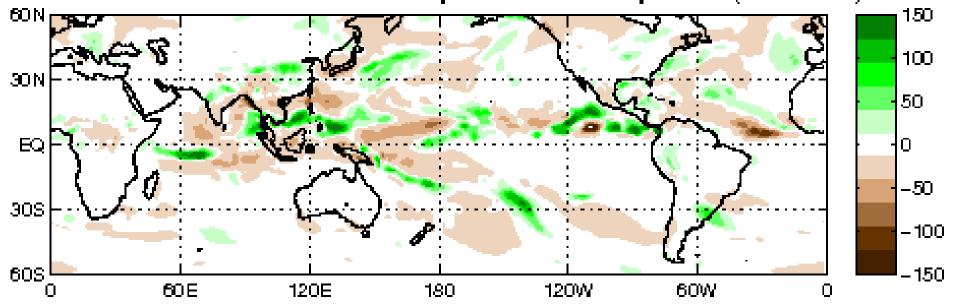
Other modes are present (KW from 40-80 E, KW over central Pacific)

Convection/tropical cyclone activity over the eastern Pacific is strongly evident on the 2.5N -17.5N analysis

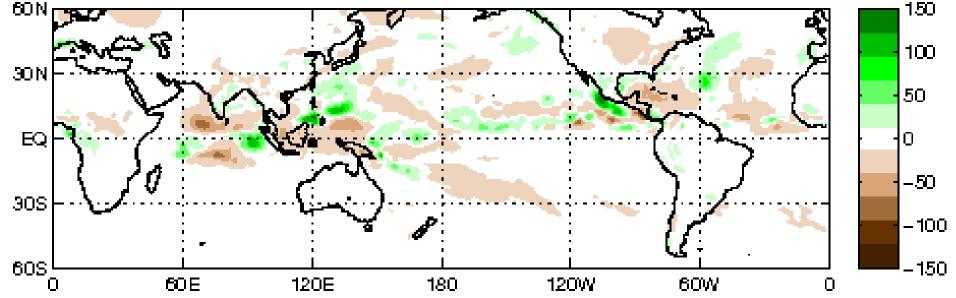


Note: Analysis is from 7.5N – 7.5S

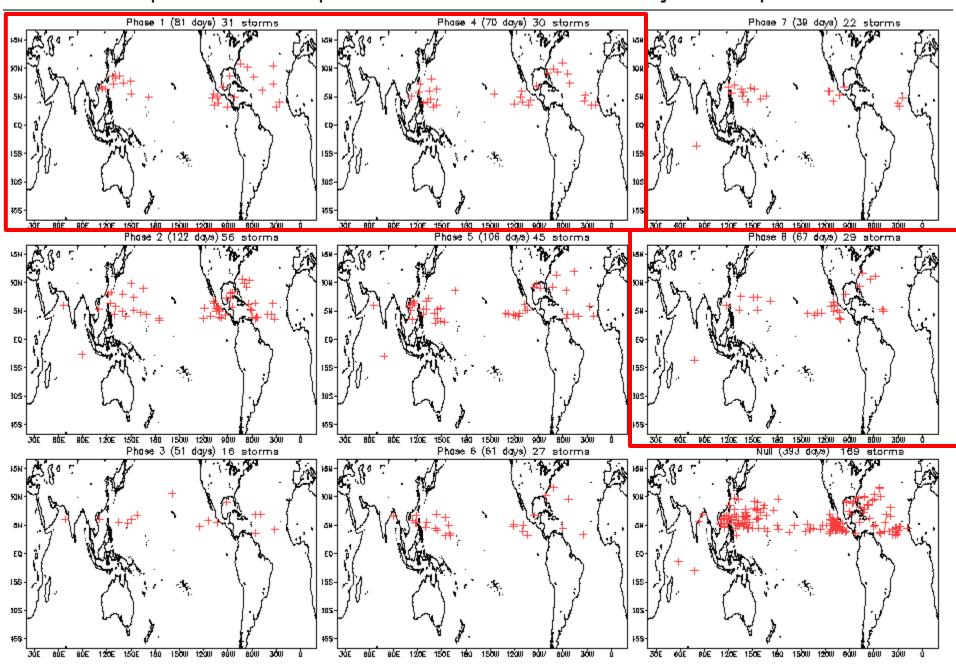
CFS: Anom. PREC Week: 1: 09-Sep-2014 to 15-Sep-2014 (mm/week).

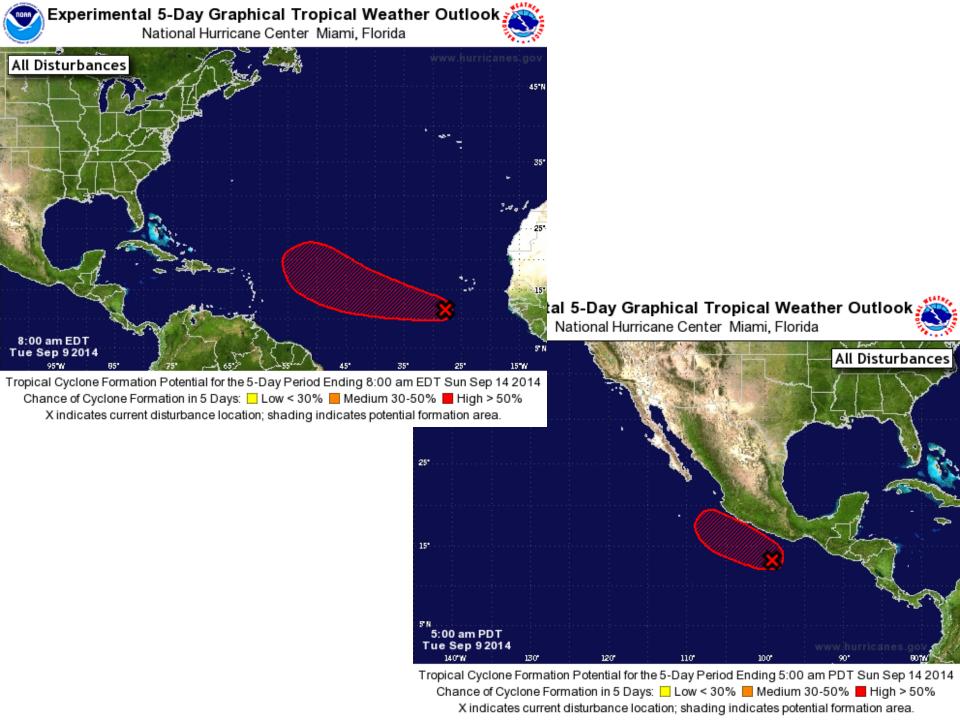


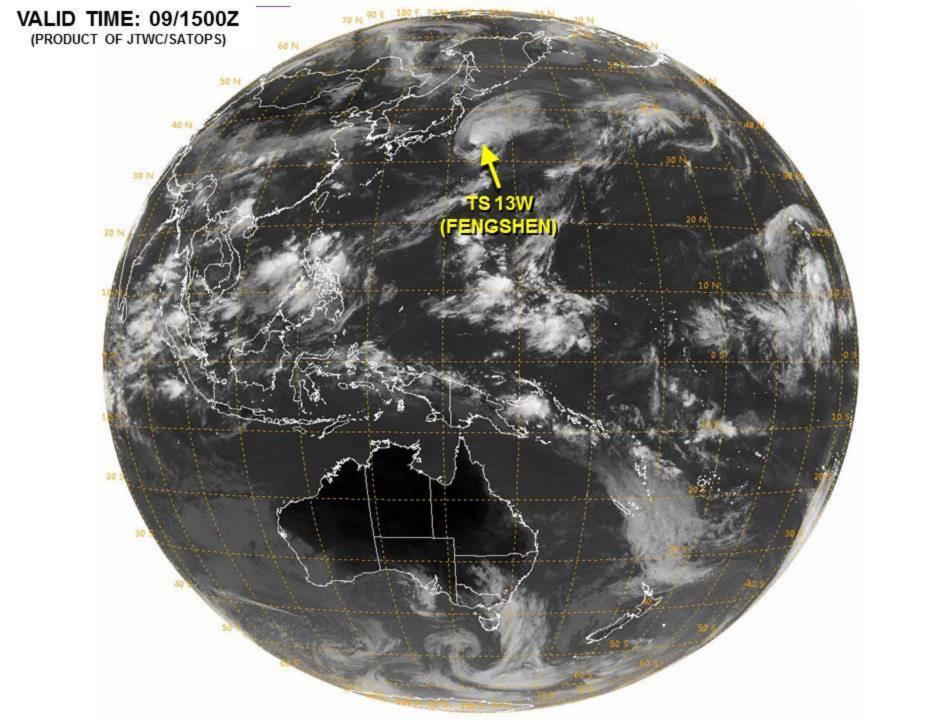
CFS: Anom. PREC Week: 2: 16-Sep-2014 to 22-Sep-2014 (mm/week)

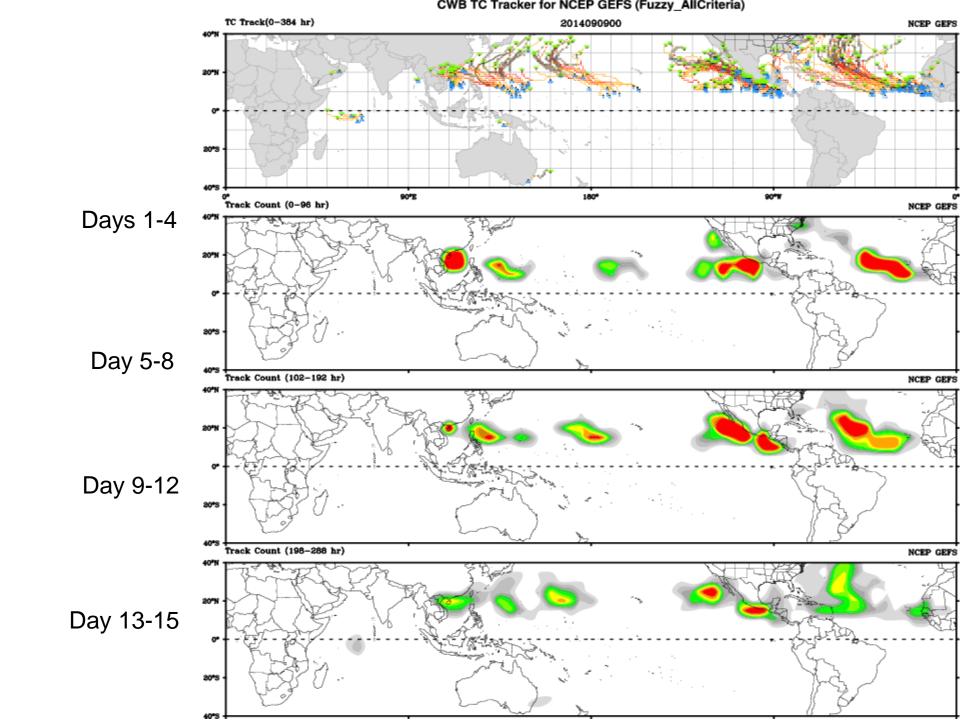


#### September Tropical Storm Formation by MJO phase

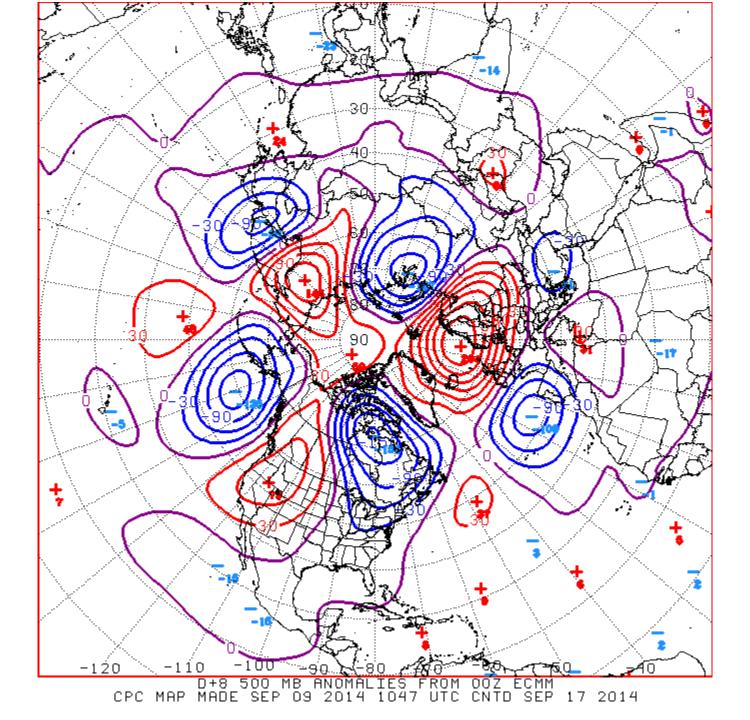


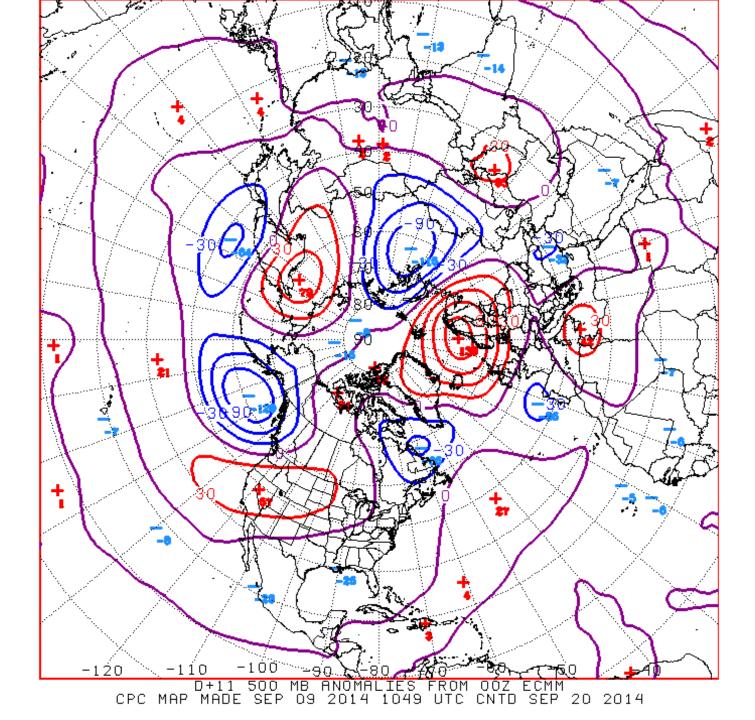


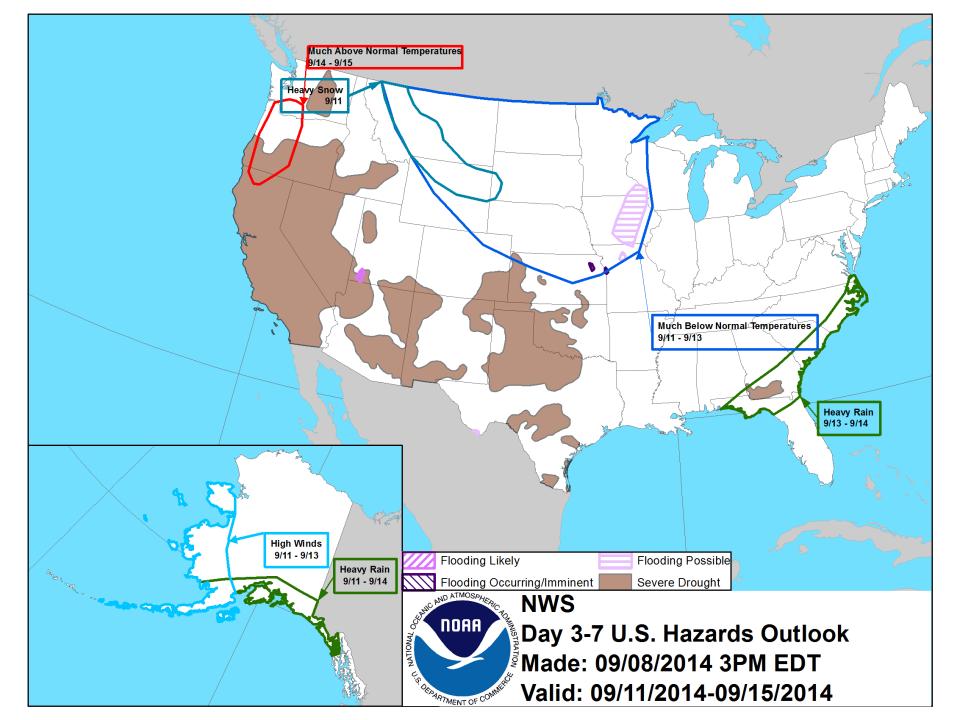




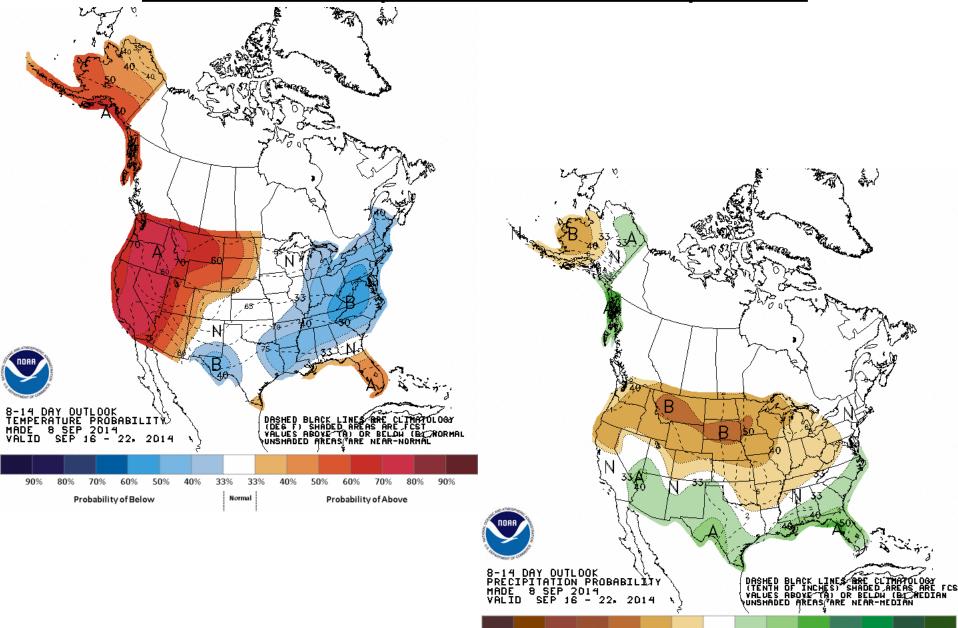
# Connections to U.S. Impacts







Week 2 - Temperature and Precipitation



70% 60% 5

Normal

Probability of Above



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