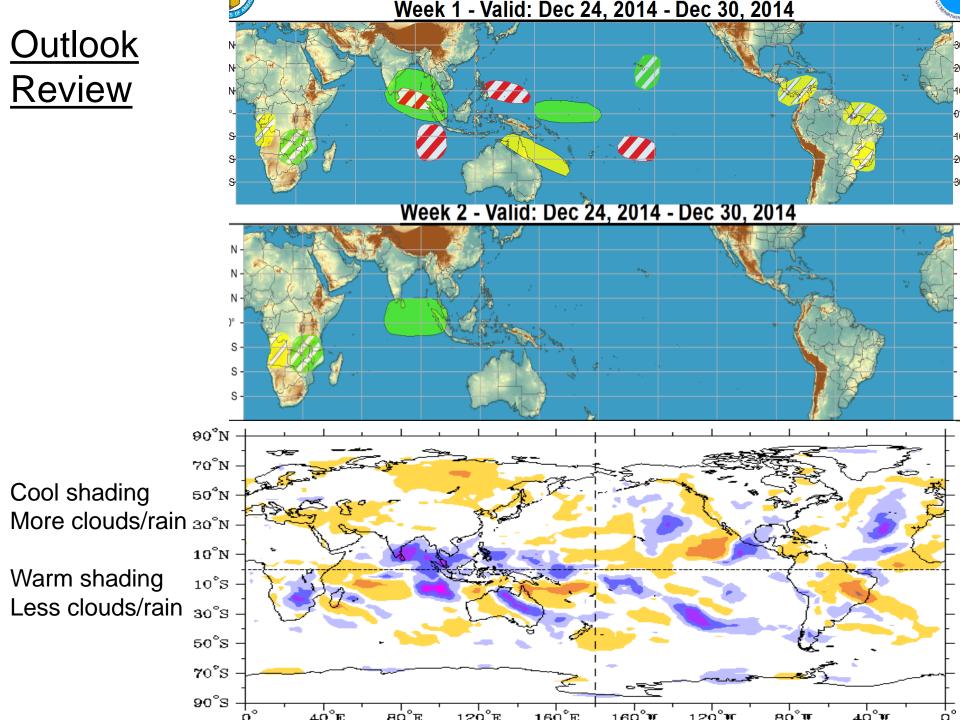
Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook <u>December 30, 2014</u>

Matthew Rosencrans

Outline

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts



Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO:

- Current: ENSO-neutral
- Outlook: There is an approximately 65% chance that El Niño conditions will be present during the Northern Hemisphere winter and last into the Northern Hemisphere spring 2015.

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- The MJO remained a significant part of the circulation. Kelvin and Equatorial Rossby waves are also contributing.
- Most dynamical model MJO index forecasts depict a continuation of the signal, with some statistical tools showing less of a robust signal. The statistical tools have been much more accurate during the past 2 weeks.

Extratropics:

• The extended range forecast for the U.S. is not likely to be largely impacted directly by the MJO, but there is a chance for impact to the U.S. is likely later (days 15-20) as convection over the West Pacific interacts with the East Asian Jet. Internal, mid-latitude variability it likely to drive much of the pattern of the CONUS through day 14.



Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center







Week 2 - Valid: Jan 07, 2015 - Jan 13, 2015



Produced: 12/30/2014 Confidence High Moderate

Forecaster: Rosencrans

Tropical Cyclone Formation Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Above-average rainfall Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Below-average rainfall Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

Above-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

Below-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.







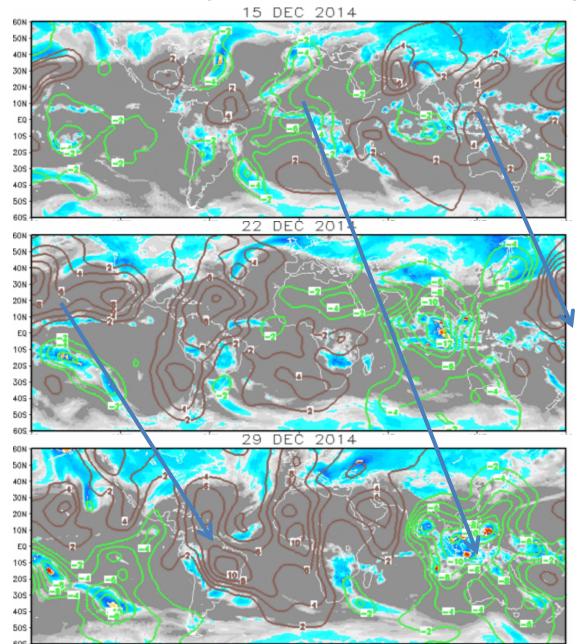






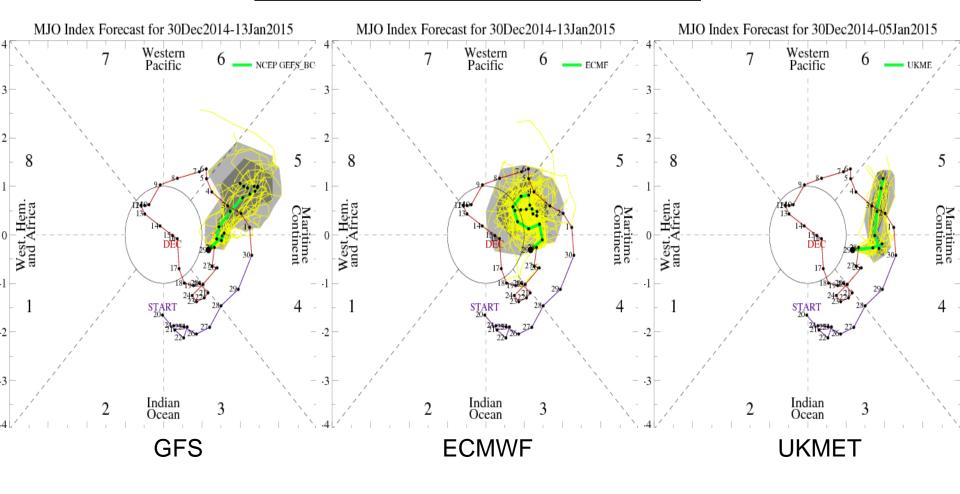
IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence



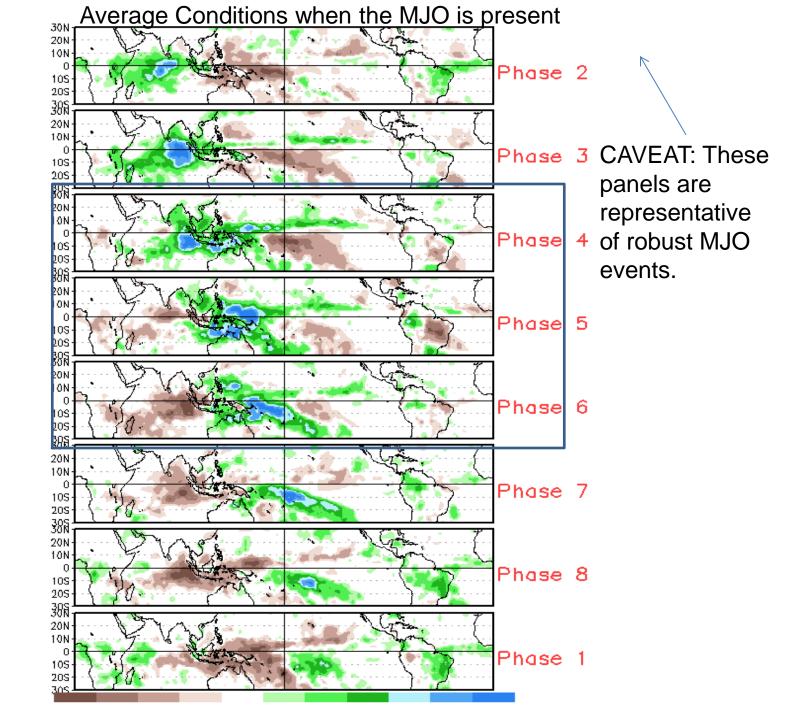
Base state and transient features evident.

MJO Observation/Forecast

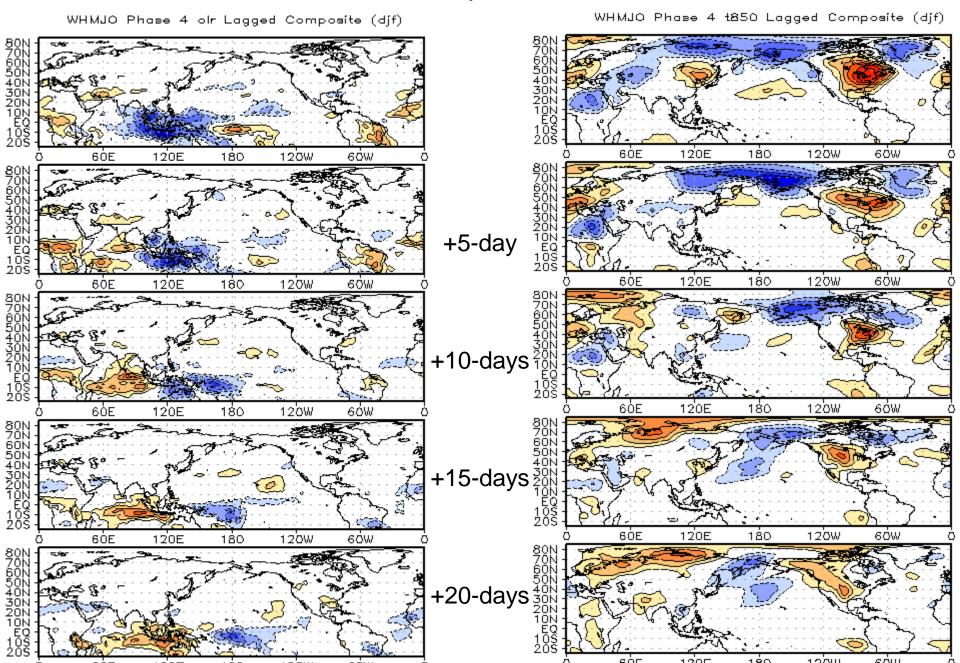


Wheeler-Hendon based analyses of model forecasts indicate a persistent MJO.

Models indicate convection aligns with Phase 4, forecast through Phase 5.

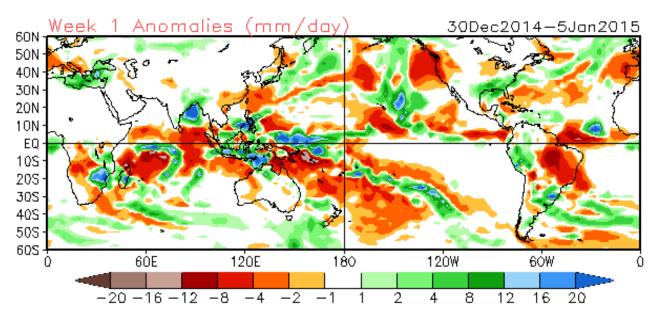


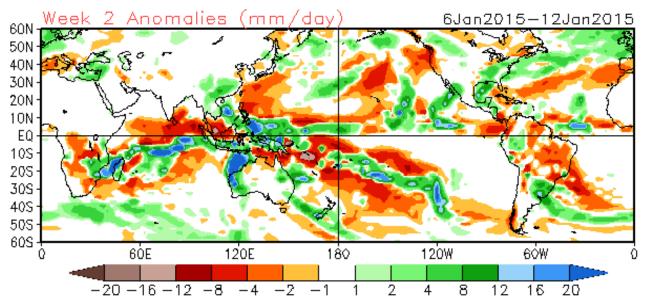
Lagged composites from MJO 5-day intervals



CFSv2 Weeks 1 & 2 Precipitation

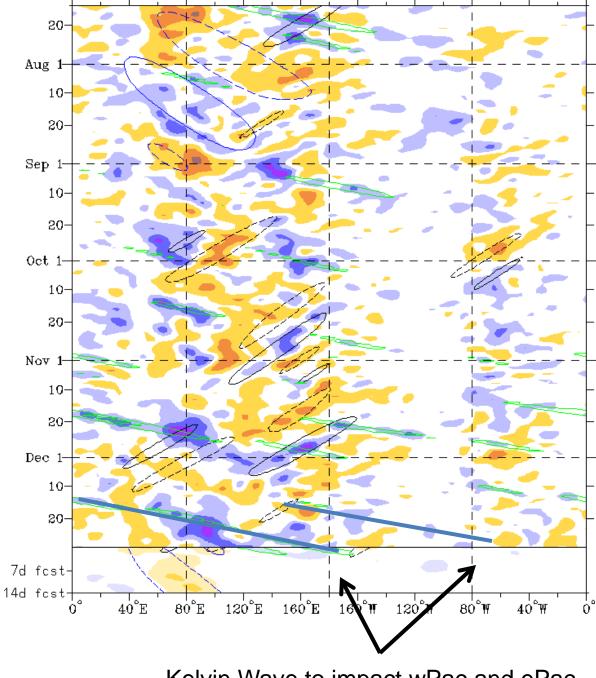
16 Member Ensemble Mean Forecast from 29Dec2014





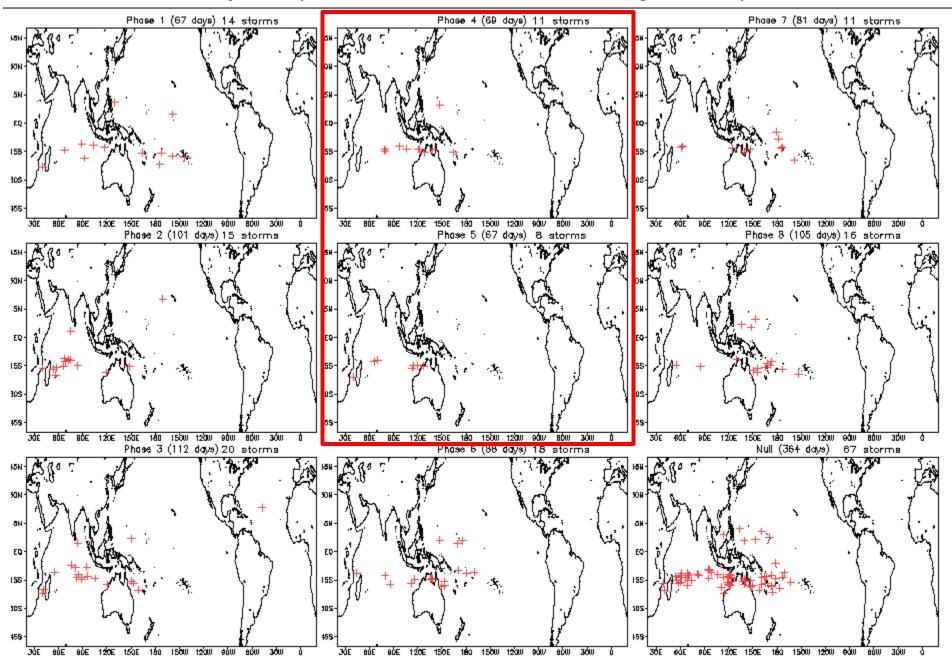
Evolving ENSO contributing.

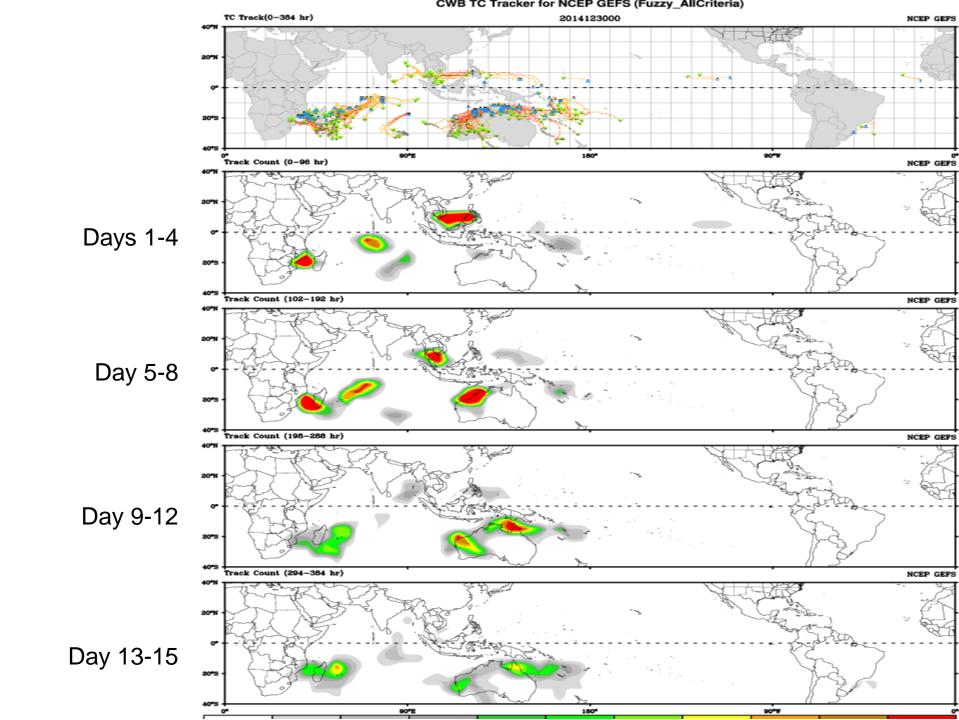
MJO active over the Maritime Continent.



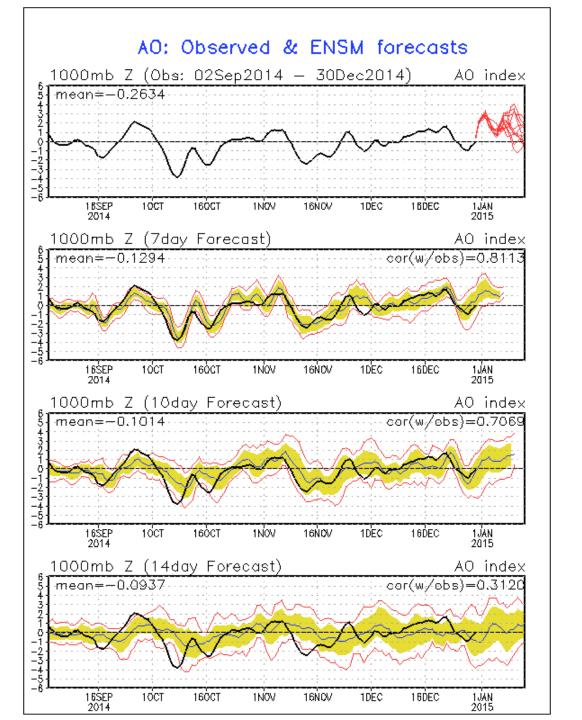
Kelvin Wave to impact wPac and ePac.

January Tropical Storm Formation by MJO phase

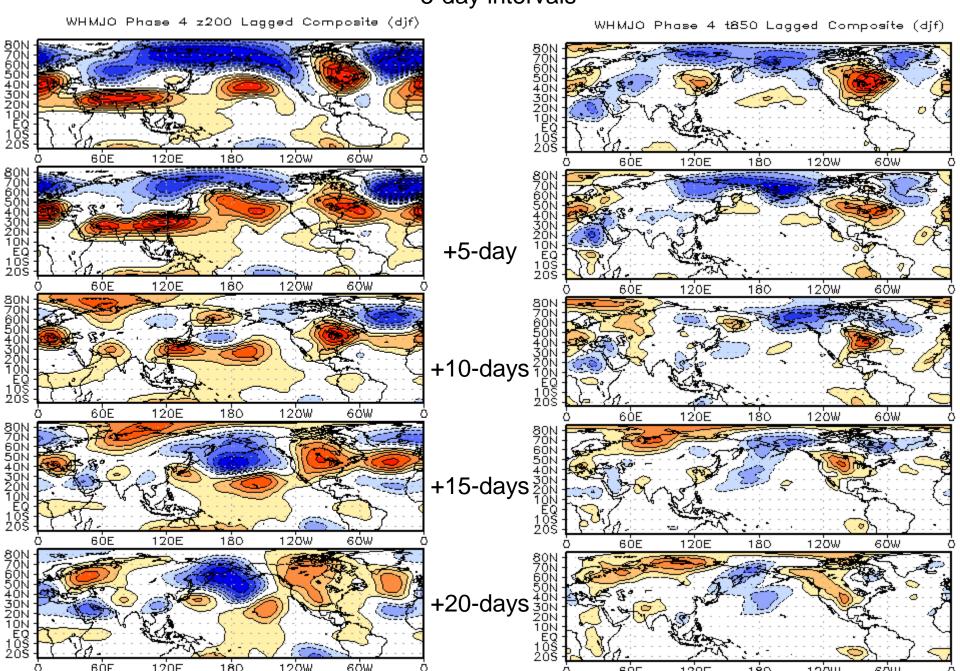


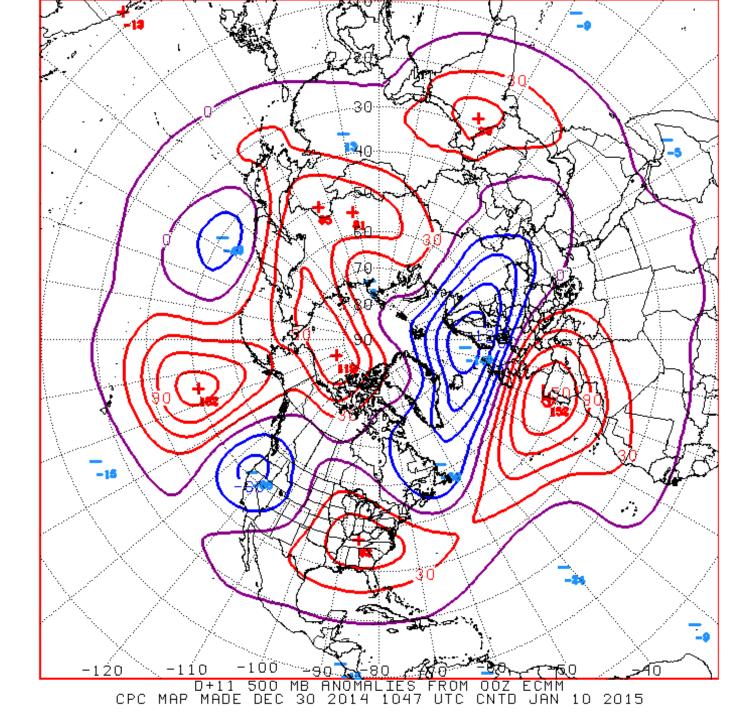


Connections to U.S. Impacts

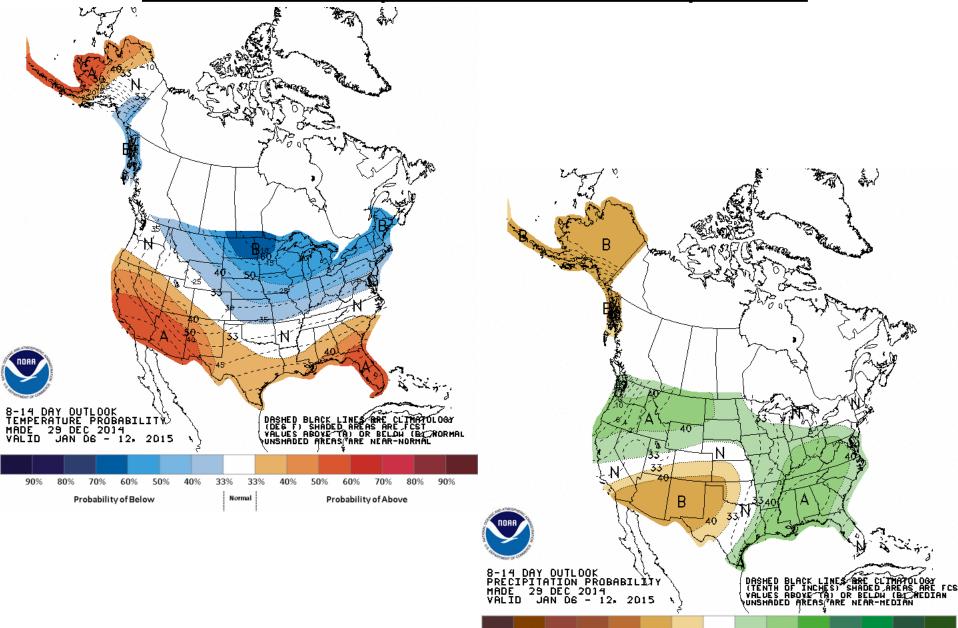


Lagged composites from MJO 5-day intervals





Week 2 - Temperature and Precipitation



70%

Probability of Below

33%

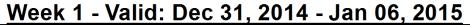
Normal

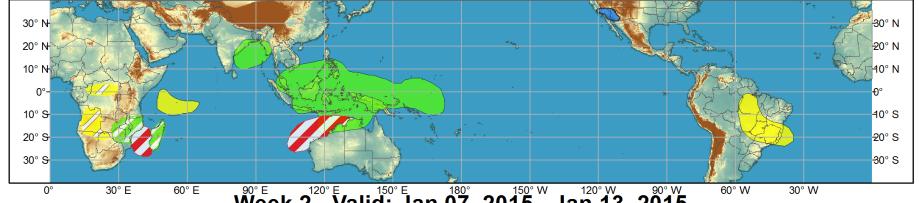
Probability of Above



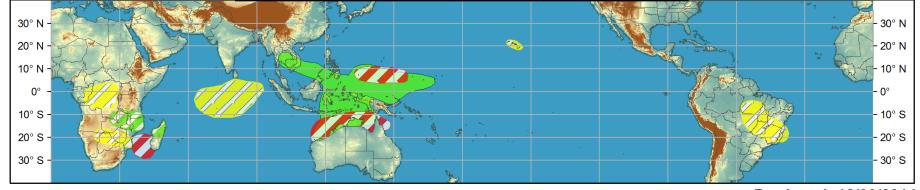
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