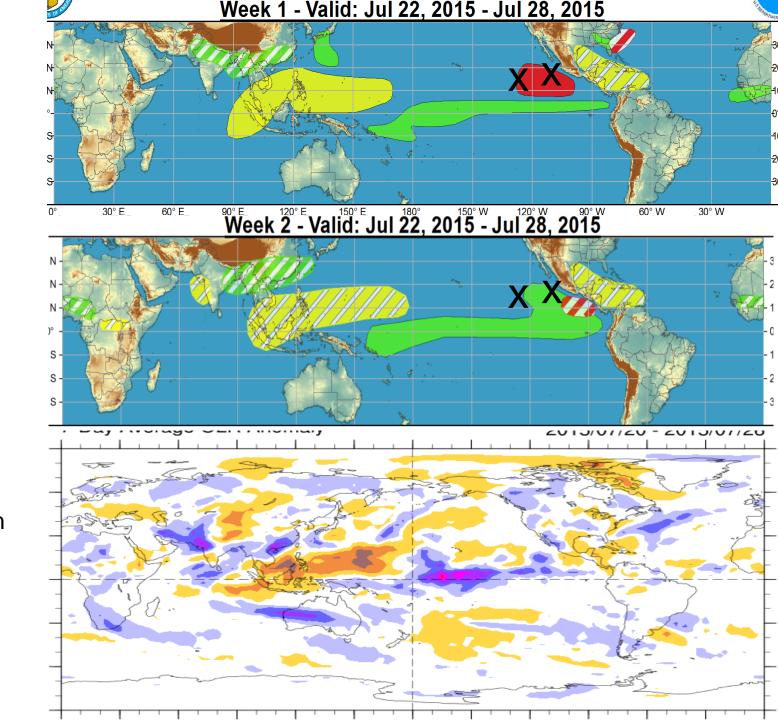
# Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook July 28, 2015

#### Matthew Rosencrans

### <u>Outline</u>

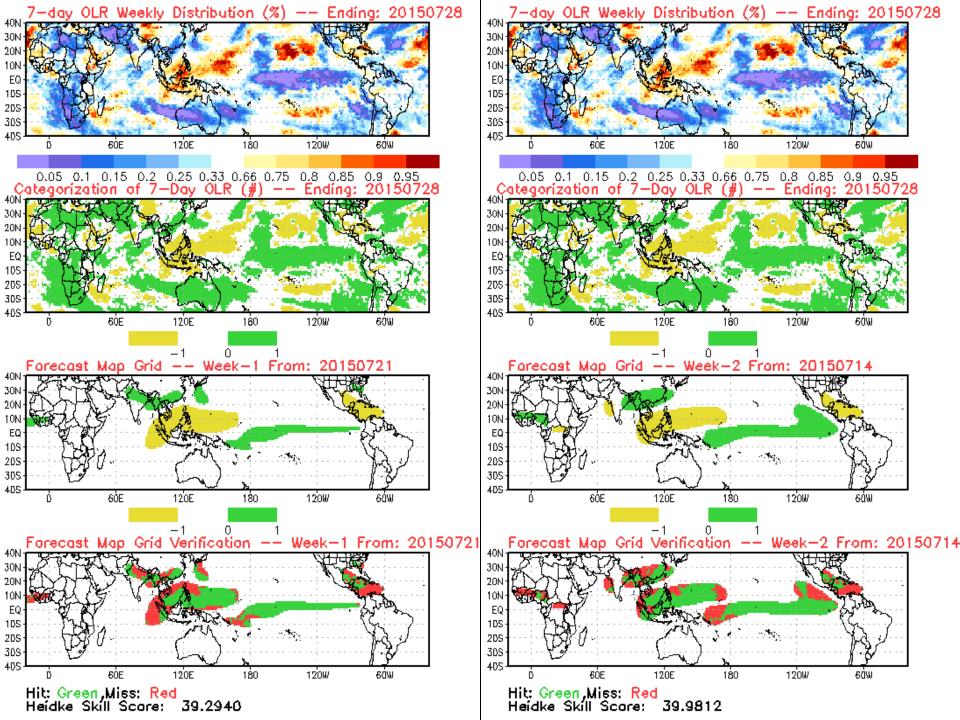
- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

## Outlook Review



Cool shading More clouds/rain

Warm shading Less clouds/rain



### Synopsis of Climate Modes

#### **ENSO:**

- Current: El Niño Advisory
- Outlook: There is a greater than 90% chance that El Niño will continue through Northern Hemisphere winter 2015-16, and around an 80% chance it will last into early spring 2016.

#### MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- The MJO is weak and not likely to impact tropical variability during the next 2 weeks.
- Most dynamical model MJO index forecasts depict a westward moving signal during the next 2 weeks, with the strongest signal emerging over the western Pacific, likely in response to tropical cyclone activity, so uncertainty is high.

#### **Extratropics**:

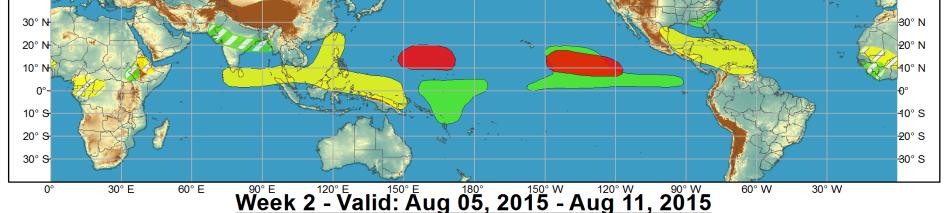
• The extended range temperature and precipitation forecasts for the U.S. are not likely to be impacted by the MJO, but more likely impacted by the ongoing El Nino and tropical cyclone activity near Baja California.

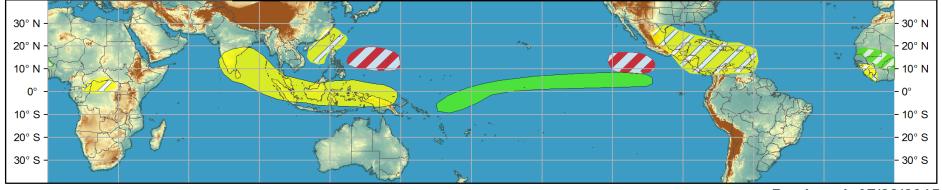


#### Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center









**Confidence** High Moderate Produced: 07/28/2015

Forecaster: Rosencrans

Tropical Cyclone Formation Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.



Below-average rainfall

**Above-normal temperatures** 

**Below-normal temperatures** 











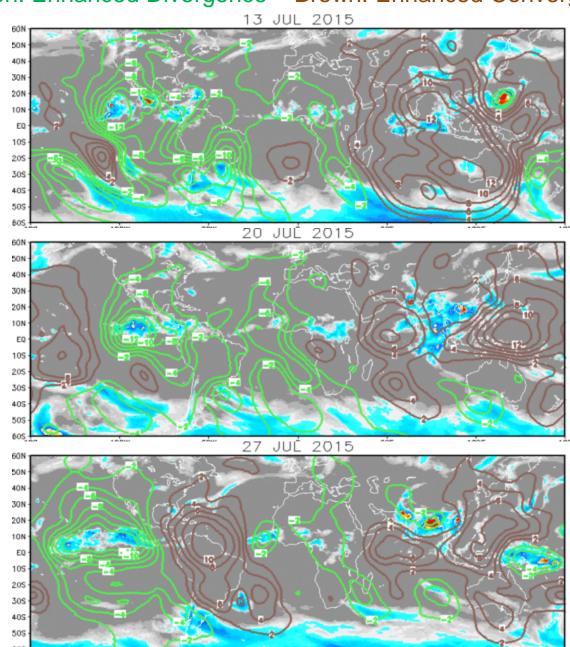


#### IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

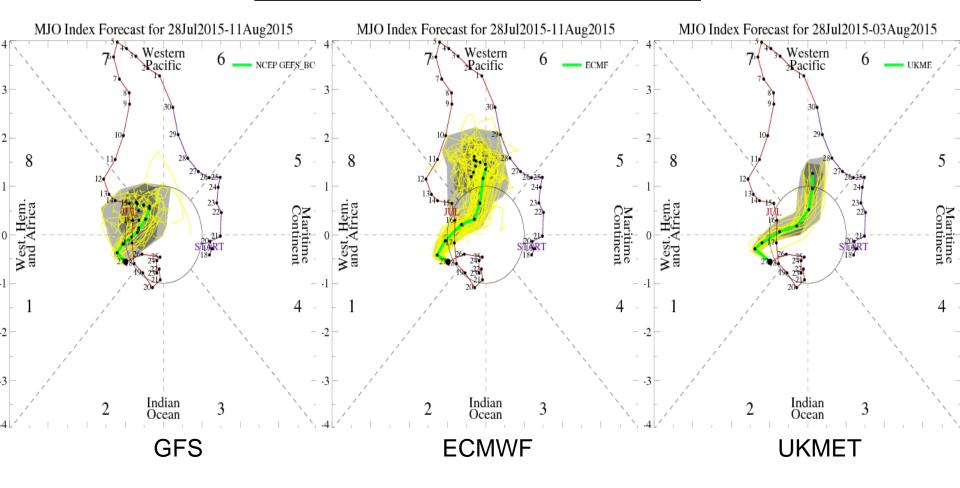
Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

Base state and transient features evident.

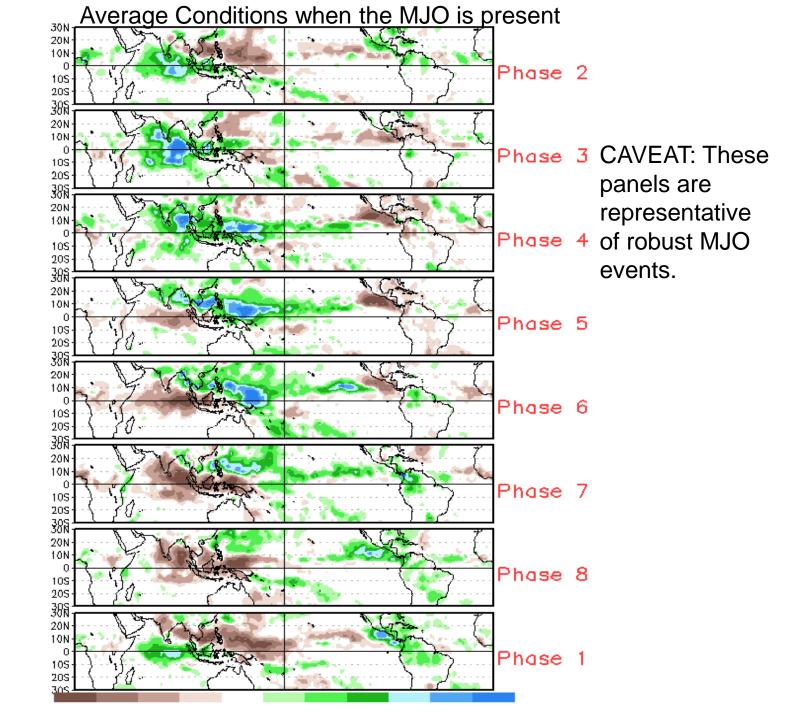
Wave-1 structure broke down.



### MJO Observation/Forecast



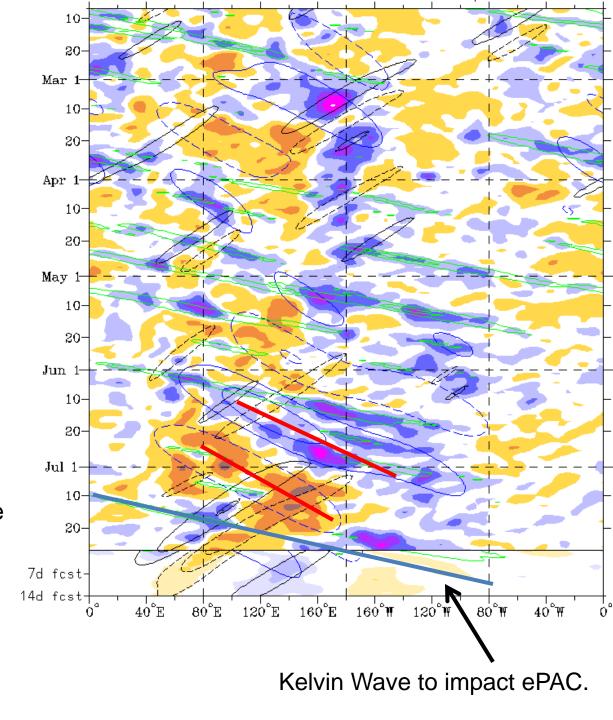
Wheeler-Hendon based analyses of model forecasts indicate some convection east of the Date Line, then a weak signal emerging over the West Pacific in Week-2.



Low frequency likely to dominate pattern more than MJO.

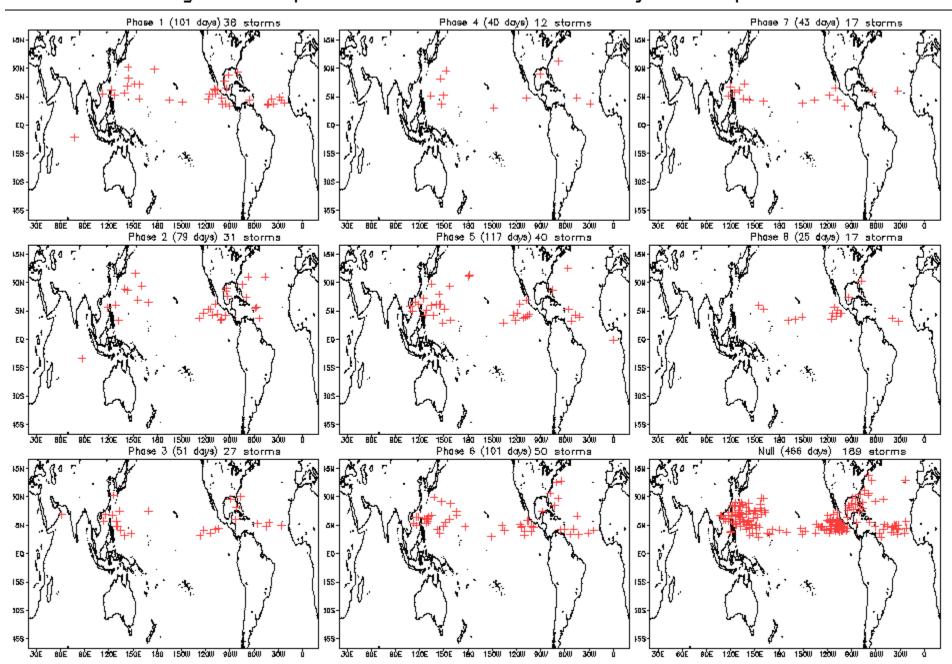
Some indications of Rossby ave near 170E.

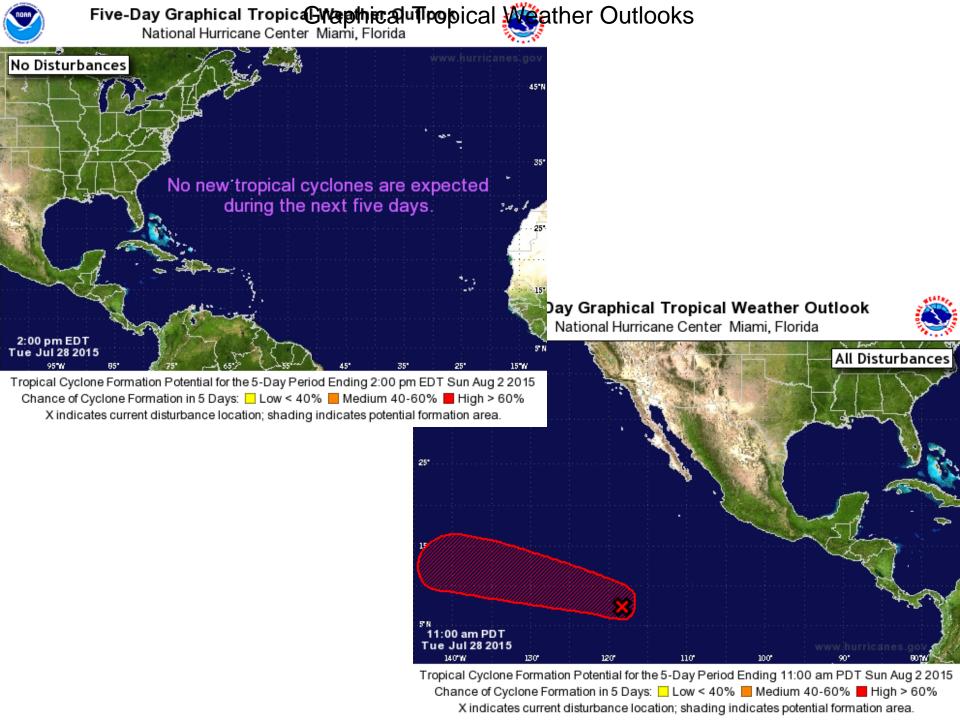
MJO indicated by red lines

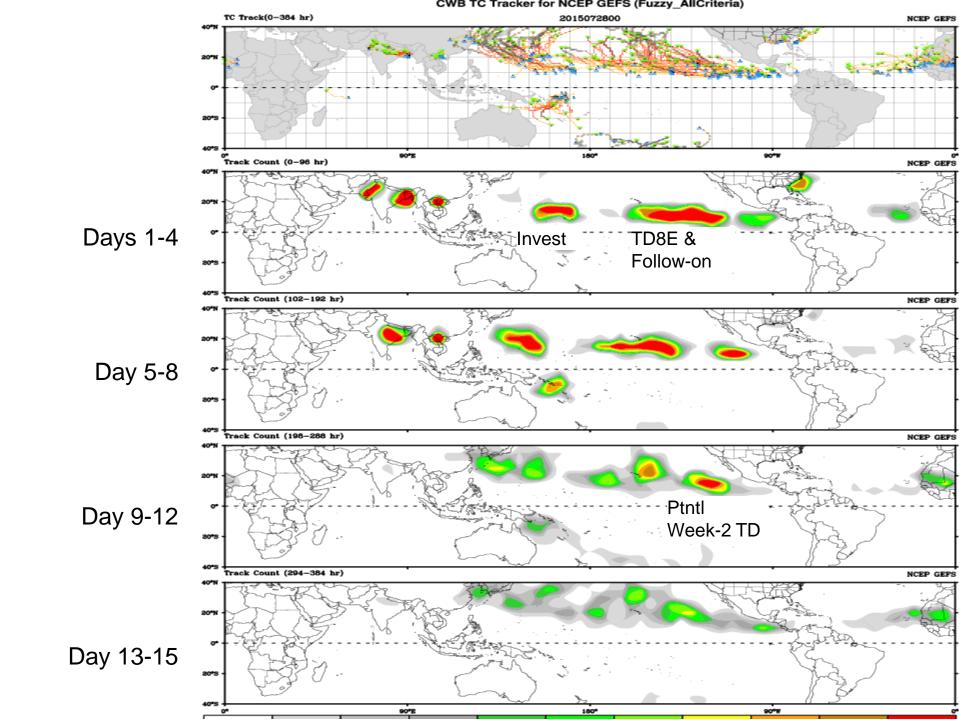


CFS: Anom. PREC Week: 1: 29-Jul-2015 to 04-Aug-2015 (mm/week). 150 60 N F 100 30 N 50 EQ Ю -50308 -100-150 **6**0S 120E 60E 180 120W 60W CFS: Anom. PREC Week: 2: 05-Aug-2015 to 11-Aug-2015 (mm/week). 60N (Person) 150 100 30 N 50 EQ Ю -5030S -10060S -15060E 120E 60W 0 180 120W

#### August Tropical Storm Formation by MJO phase

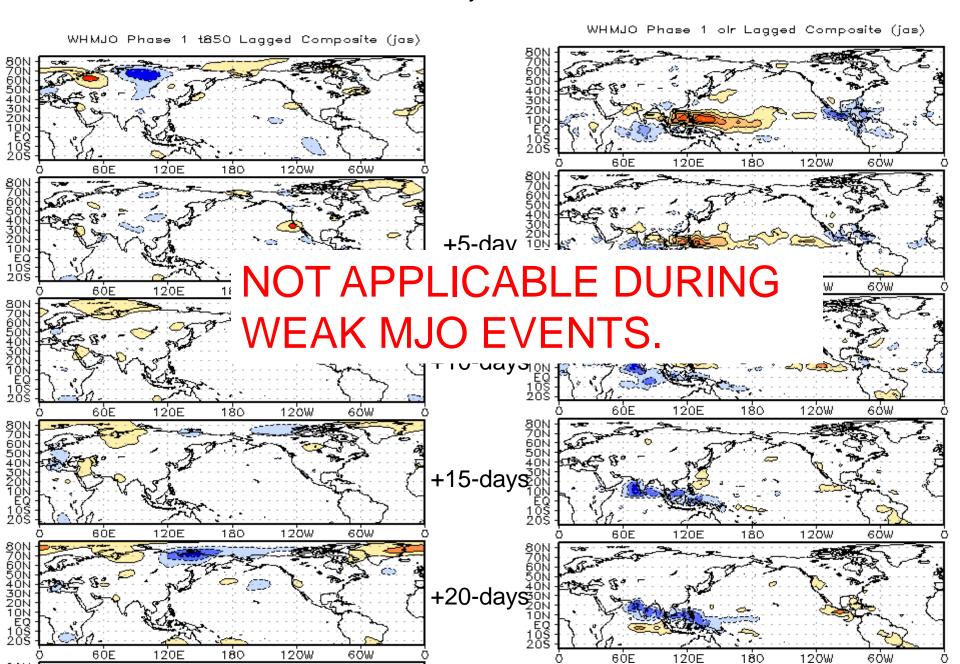


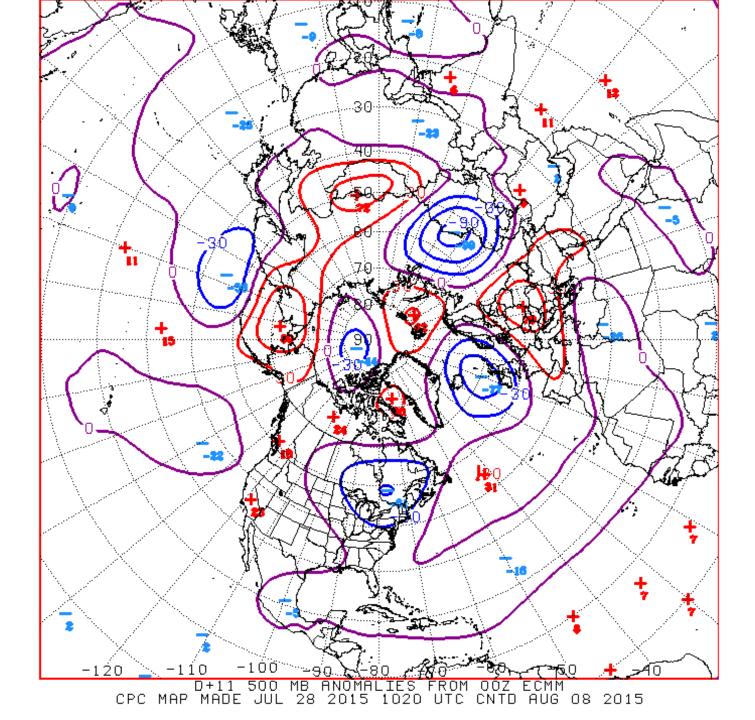




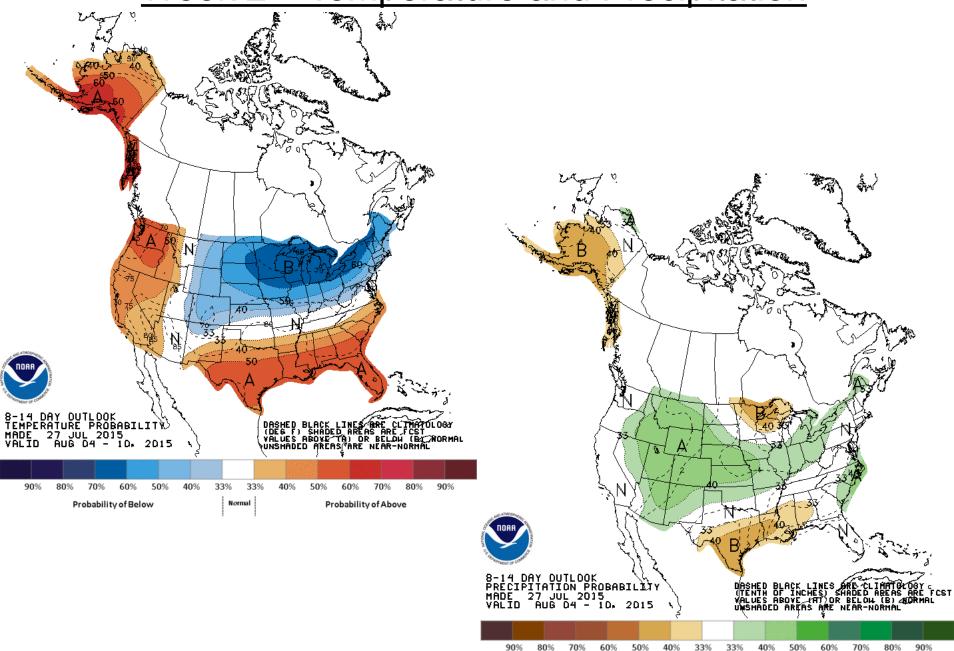
### Connections to U.S. Impacts

# Lagged composites from MJO 5-day intervals





Week 2 - Temperature and Precipitation



Probability of Below

Normal

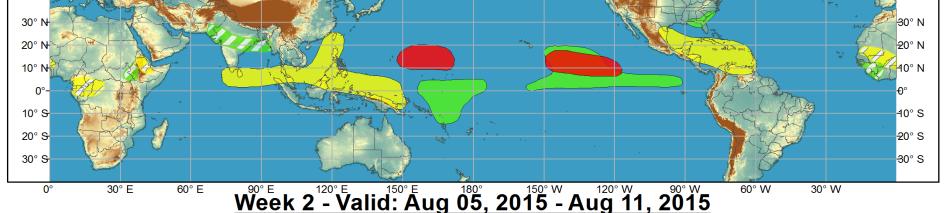
Probability of Above

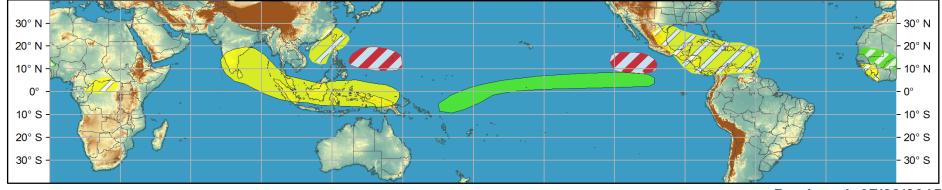


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Below-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

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