Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook September 8, 2015

Adam Allgood

Outline

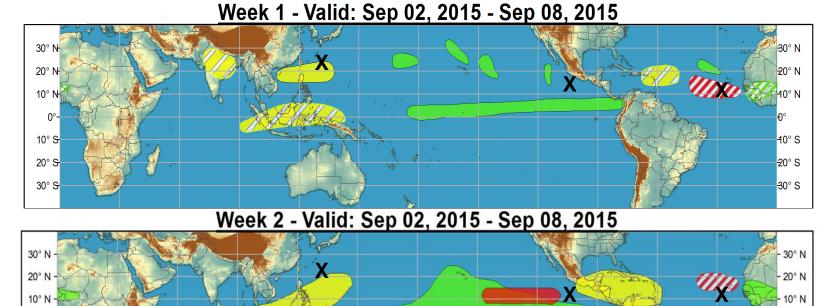
- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

Outlook Review

10° S

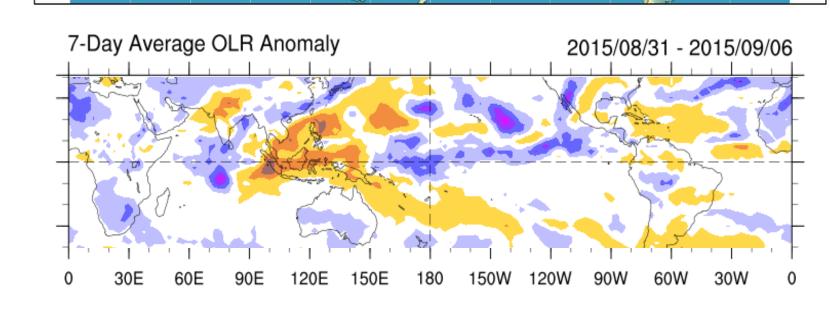
20° S

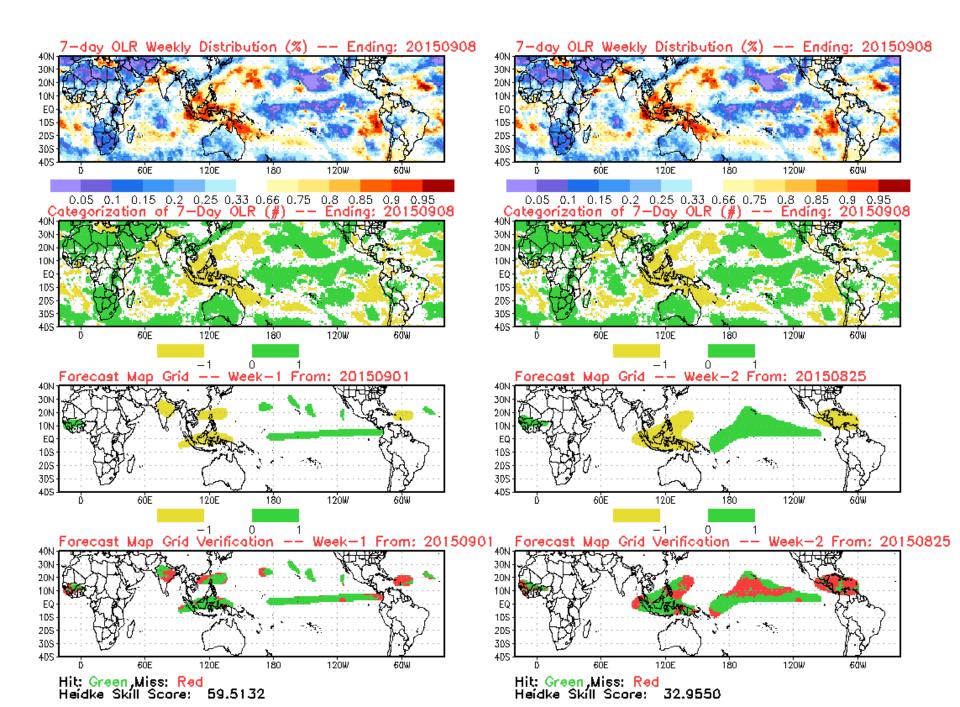
30° S



- 10° S - 20° S

- 30° S





Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO:

- Current: El Niño Advisory
- Outlook: There is a greater than 90% chance that El Niño will continue through Northern Hemisphere winter 2015-16, and around an 85% chance it will last into early spring 2016.

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- The MJO remains weak, and is not anticipated to be a contributor to the pattern of tropical convection.
- There is a weak eastward propagating feature in OLR/upper-level winds that may contribute to increased favorability for TC development over the EPac.
- MJO Index forecasts are all over the place, although most indicate increasing amplitude either over the Maritime Continent or the West Pacific.

Extratropics:

• While no MJO impacts to the US are anticipated, recurving tropical cyclones may play a role in amplifying the pattern during the next several weeks. Additionally, potential TC activity over the East Pacific may help bring additional monsoonal moisture across the Southwest.



Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center







Week 2 - Valid: Sep 16, 2015 - Sep 22, 2015



Confidence Produced: 09/08/2015

High Moderate Forecaster: Allgood

Tropical Cyclone Formation Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Above-average rainfall Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Above-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

Below-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.







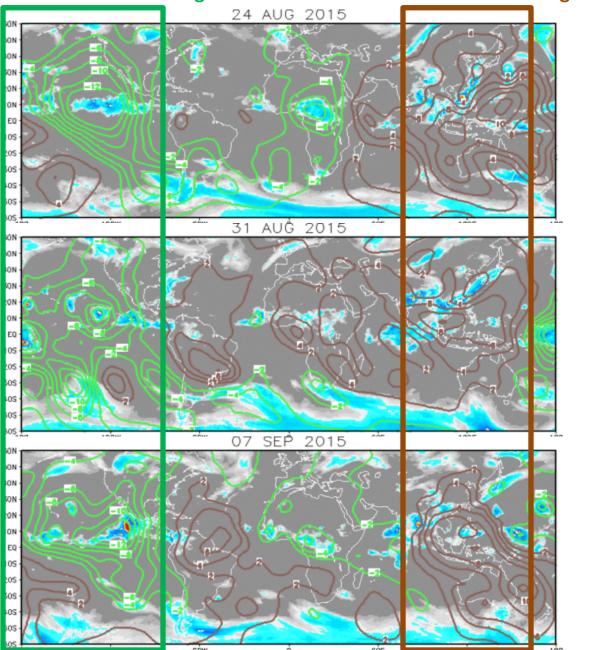




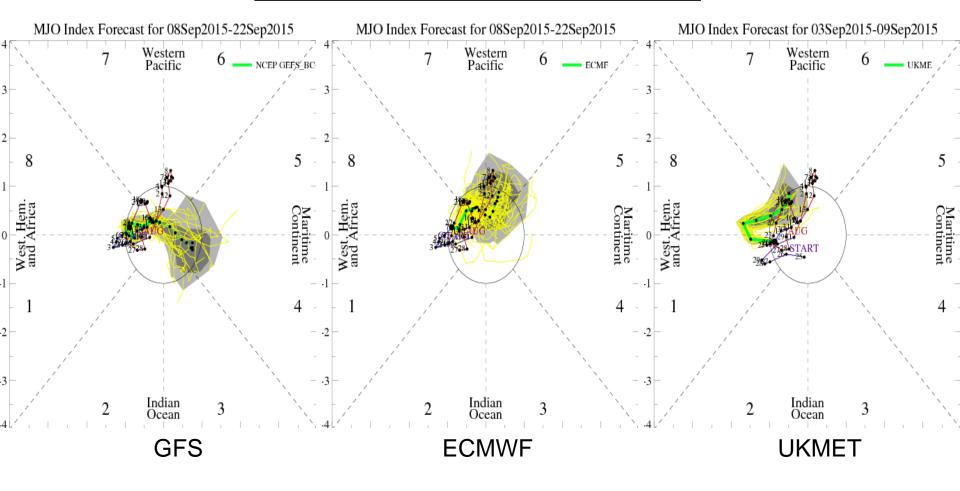


IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

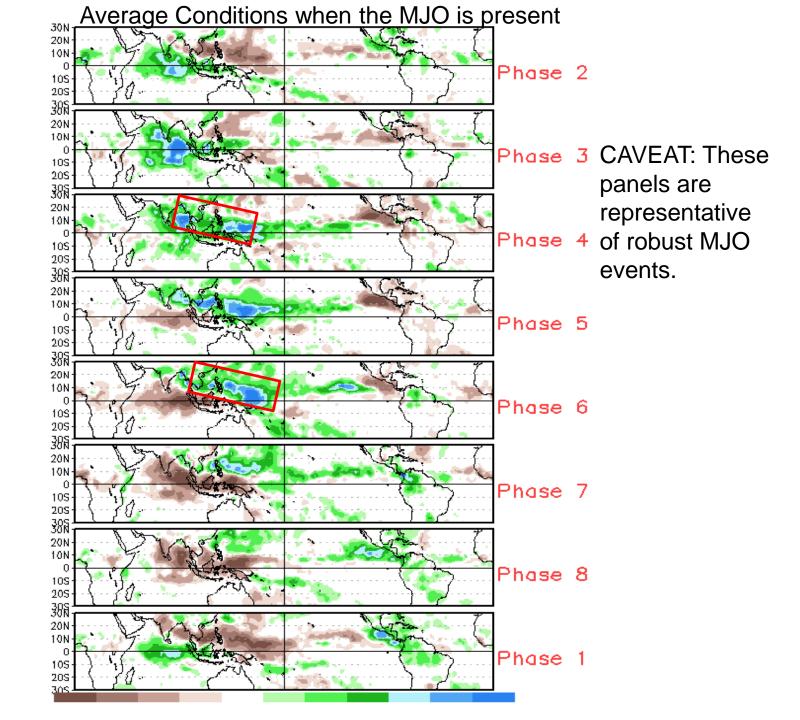
Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence



MJO Observation/Forecast



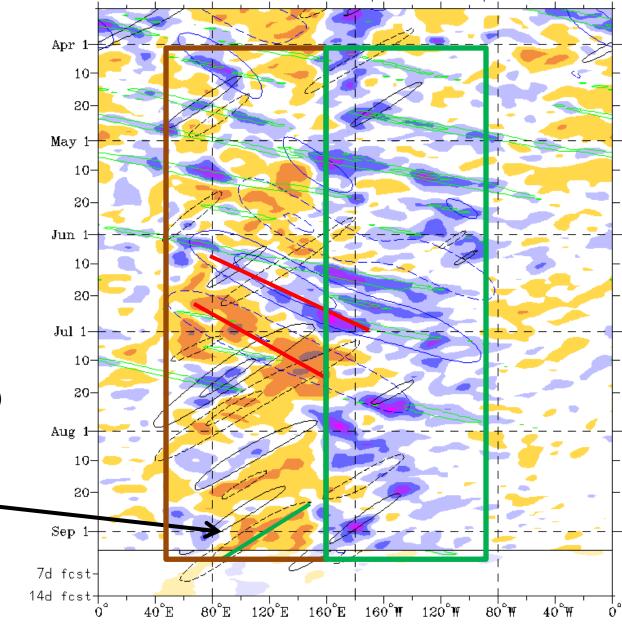
GFS – increased amplitude over the Maritime Continent during Week-2. ECMWF – increased amplitude over the West Pacific during Week-2. UKMET – signal favors the central/eastern Pacific.

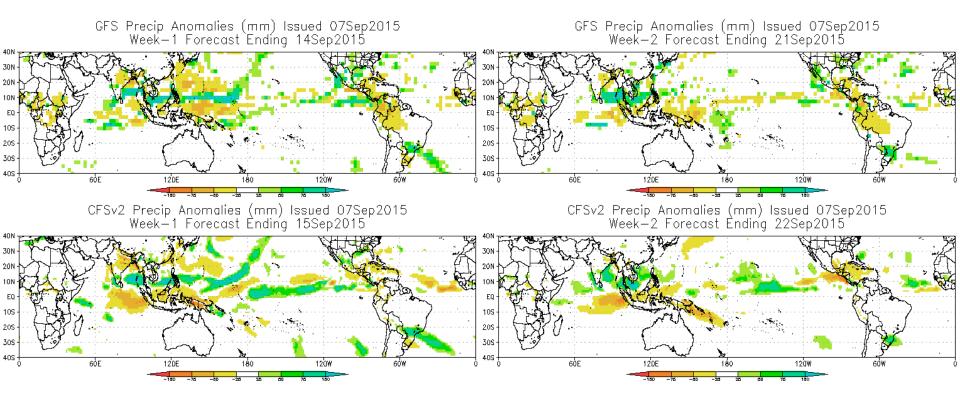


June MJO event indicated by red lines

Low frequency El Niño (boxes) remains in the driver's seat.

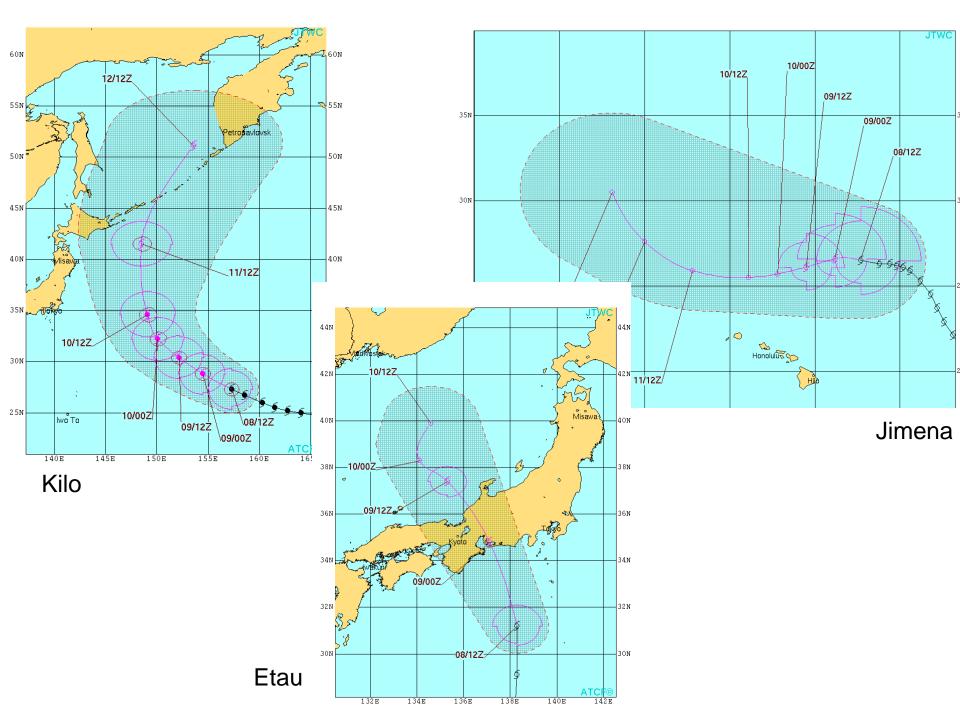
Possible westward moving feature/monsoon fluctuations west of 120E.

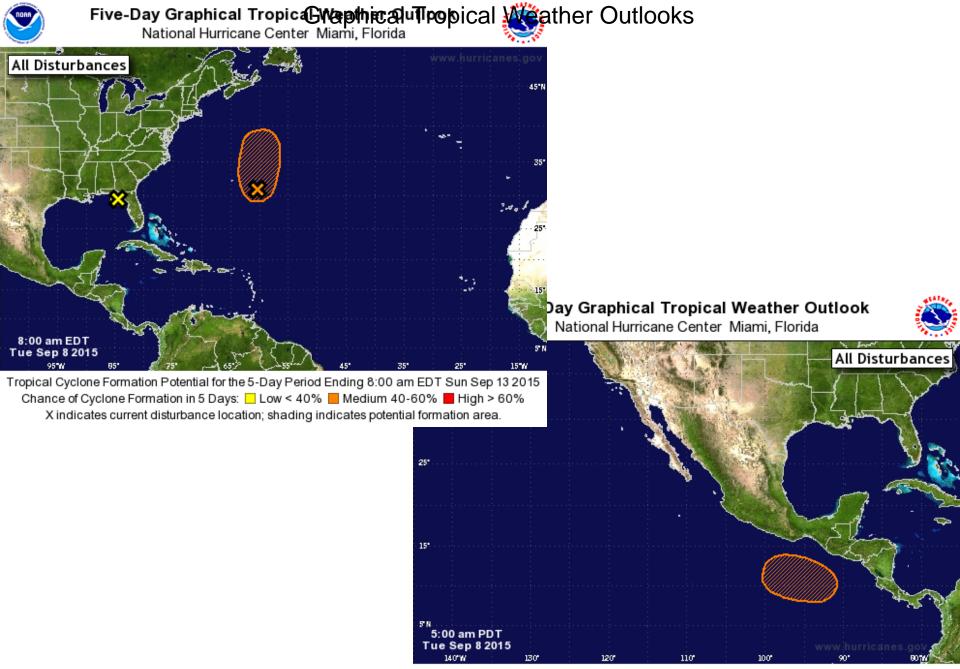




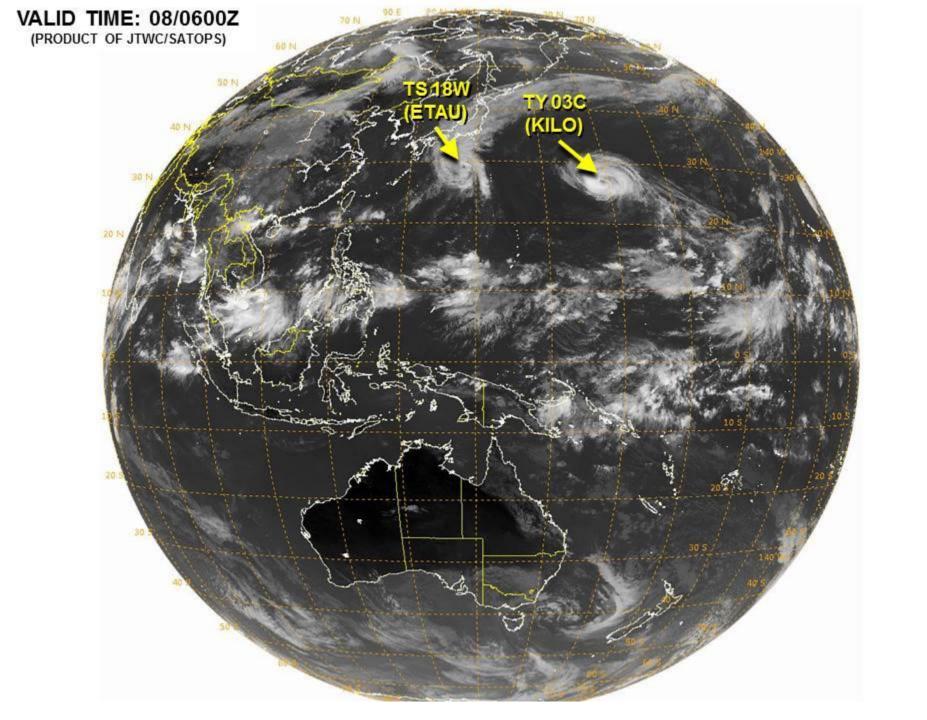
Atlantic and Epac Active TCs

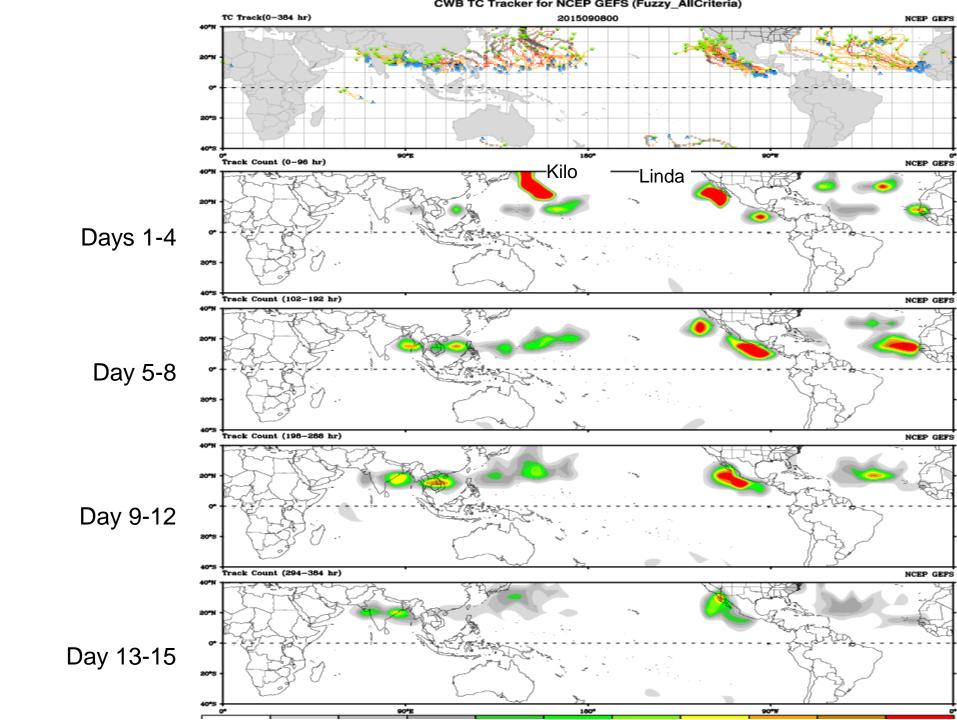




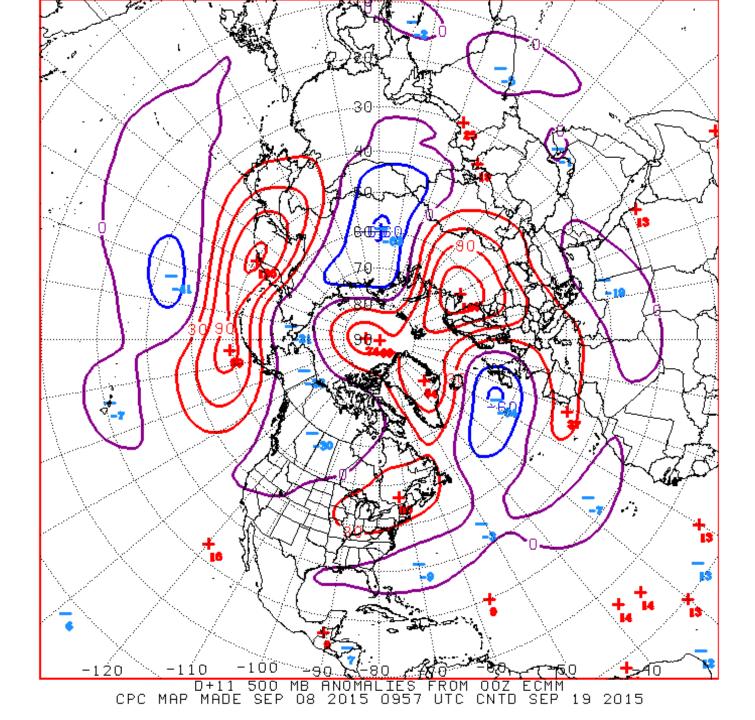


Tropical Cyclone Formation Potential for the 5-Day Period Ending 5:00 am PDT Sun Sep 13 2015 Chance of Cyclone Formation in 5 Days: ☐ Low < 40% ☐ Medium 40-60% ☐ High > 60% X indicates current disturbance location; shading indicates potential formation area.

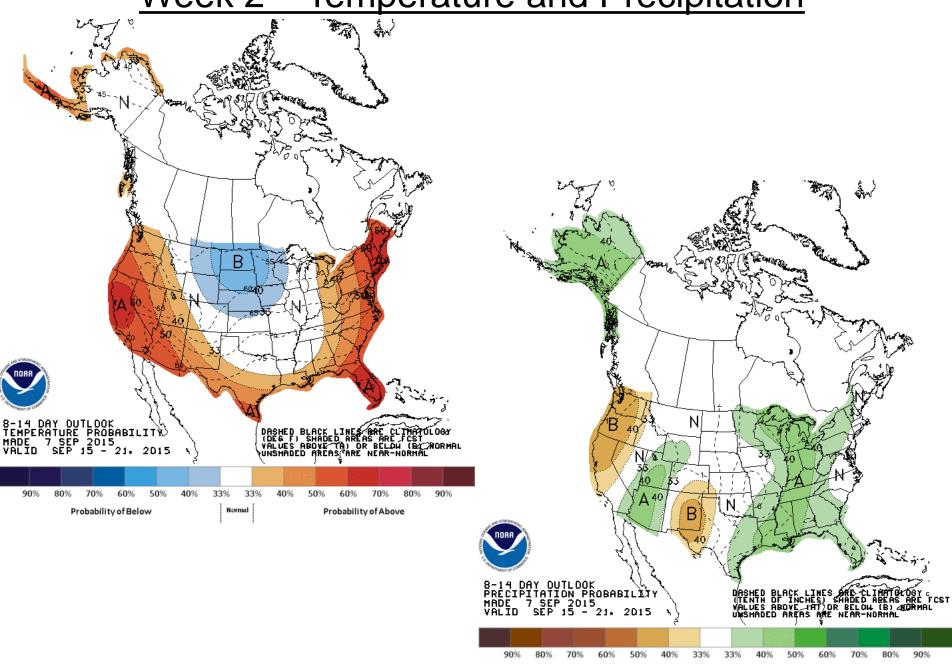




Connections to U.S. Impacts



Week 2 - Temperature and Precipitation



Probability of Below

Normal

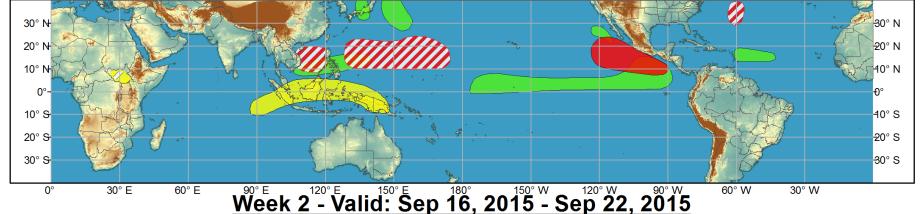
Probability of Above

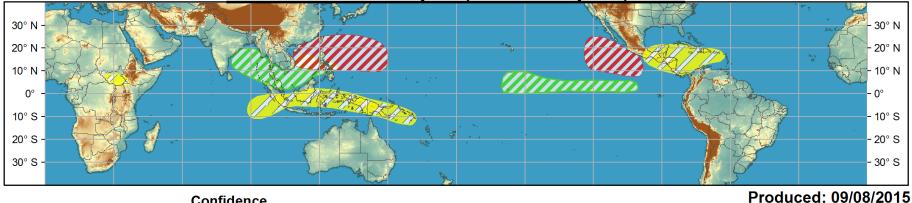


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