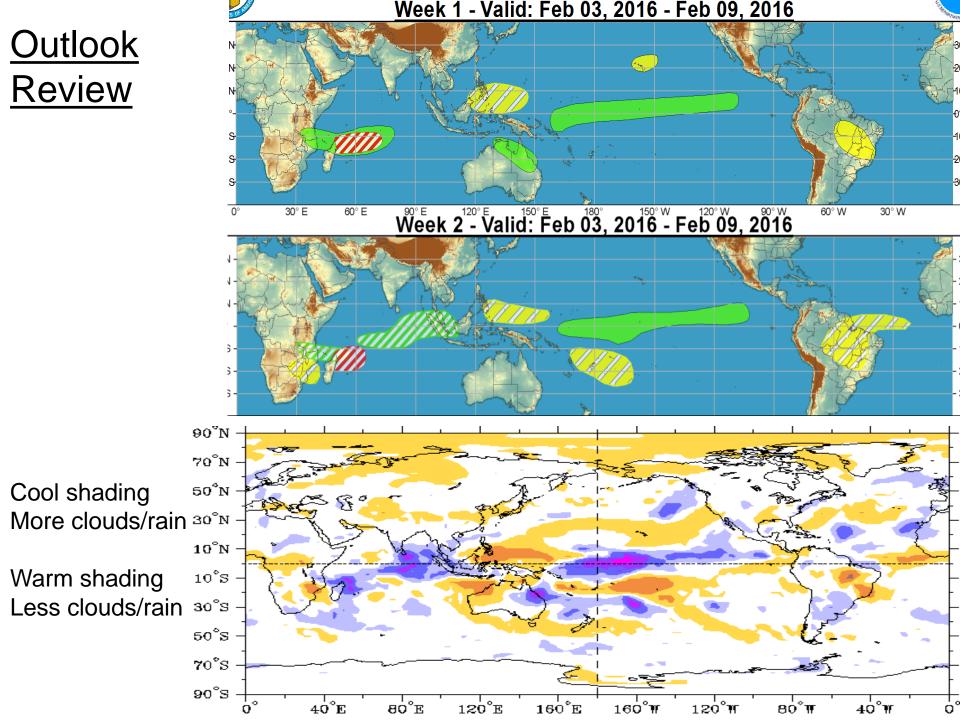
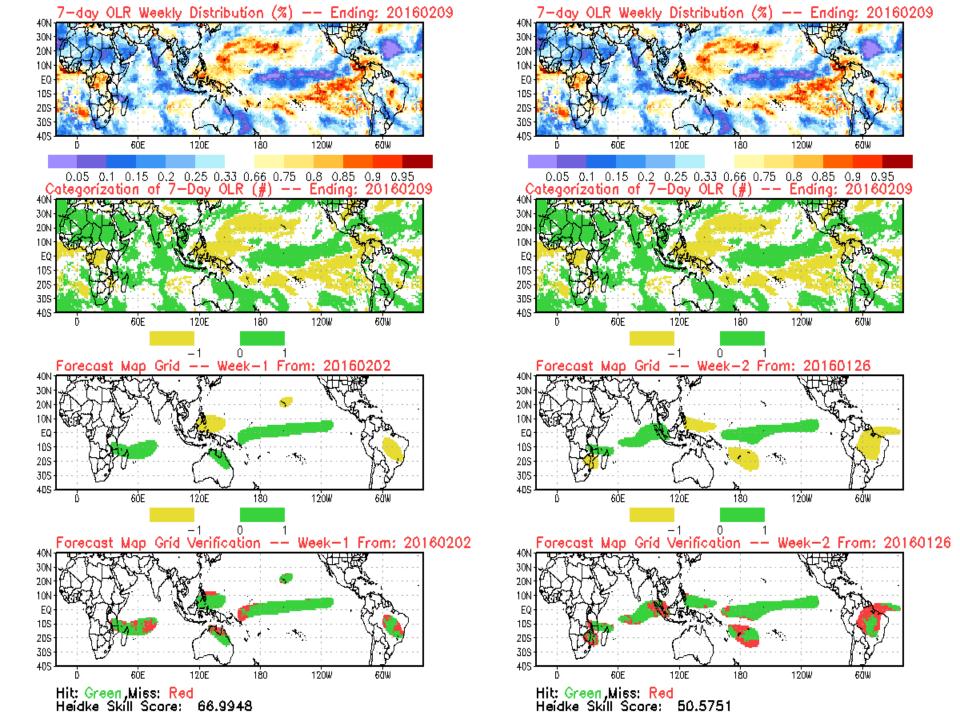
Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook <u>February 9, 2015</u>

Matthew Rosencrans

<u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts





Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO:

Current: El Niño Advisory

• Nino 3.4: 2.6C - Slight tick up.

• Outlook: A strong El Niño is expected to gradually weaken through spring 2016, and to transition to ENSO-neutral during late spring or early summer.

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- Some MJO indices are indicating a signal over the Maritime Continent, but the spatial pattern is not quite coherent yet.
- Most dynamical model MJO index forecasts depict eastward propagation of a signal through Week-2. The amplitude of the signals vary widely from weak to extremely strong by the end of Week-2. Uncertainty due to early period destructive interference with the ongoing El Nino increases uncertainty.

Extratropics:

• The extended range temperature and precipitation forecasts for the U.S. are likely to impacted by the MJO as it's likely to disrupt the ENSO signal early, then amplify it later in Week-2 and beyond.



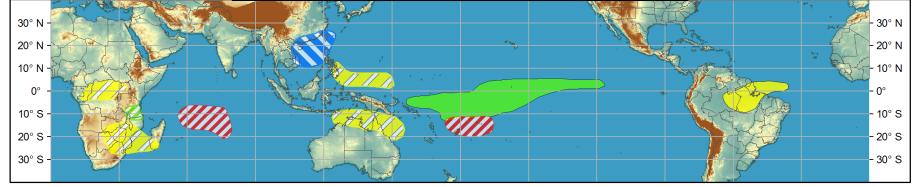
Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center











Confidence Produced: 02/09/2016

High Moderate Forecaster: Rosencrans

Tropical Cyclone FormationDevelopment of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Above-average rainfall Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Above-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

Below-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.













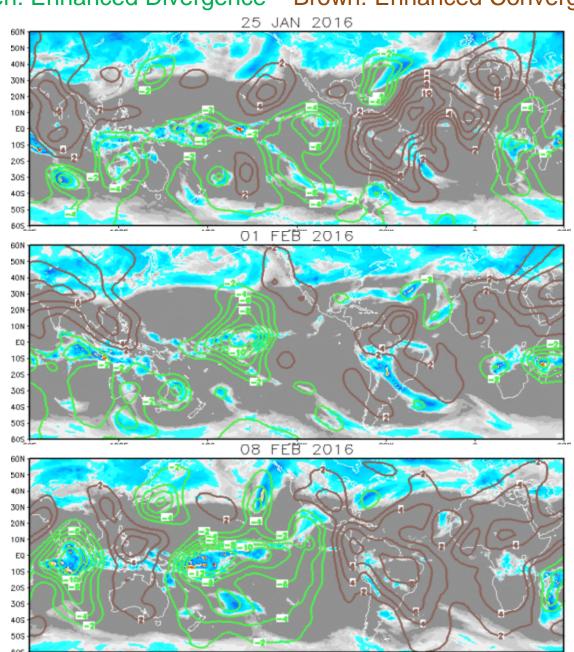


IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

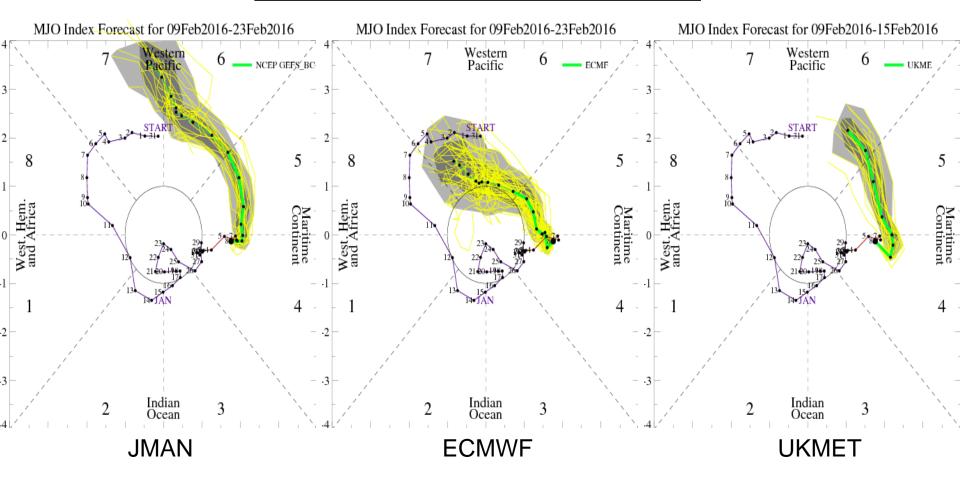
Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

Base state emerged again.

Other modes constructively interfering now.

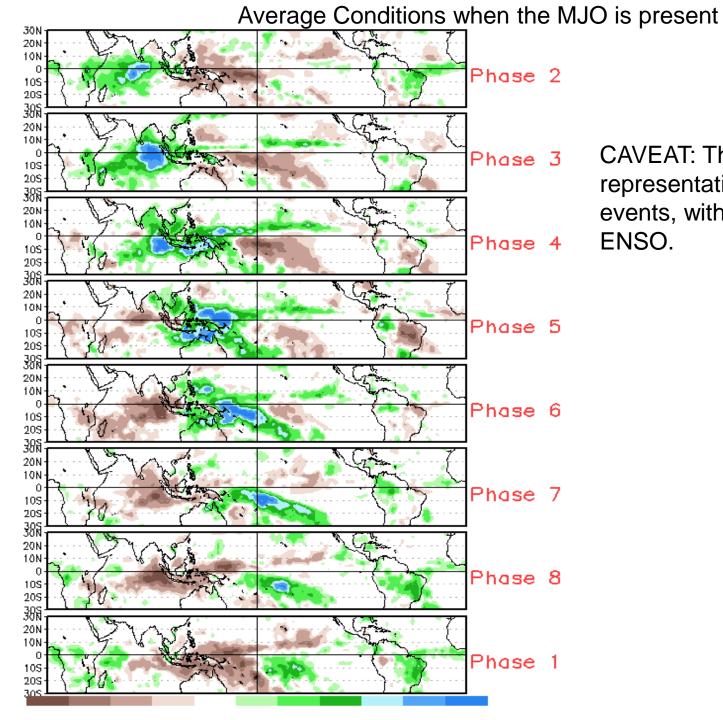


MJO Observation/Forecast



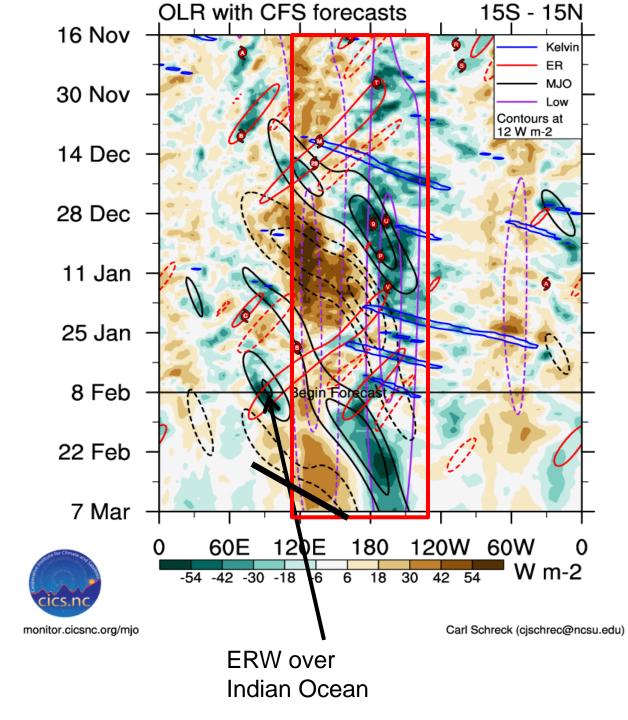
Wheeler-Hendon based analyses of model forecasts indicate an signal over the Maritime Continent.

Most models depict continued signal, although amplitude is uncertain.



CAVEAT: These panels are representative of robust MJO events, with all phases of ENSO.

MJO likely to become more aligned with background El Nino.



CFS: Anom. PREC Week: 1: 10-Feb-2016 to 16-Feb-2016 (mm/week) 150 60 N F 100 30 N 50 EQ Ю -50308 -100**6**0S -150 120E 60 E 180 120W 60W 0 CFS: Anom. PREC Week: 2: 17-Feb-2016 to 23-Feb-2016 (mm/week). 60 N F 150 100 30 N 50 EQ 10 -50308 -100

180

-150

0

60W

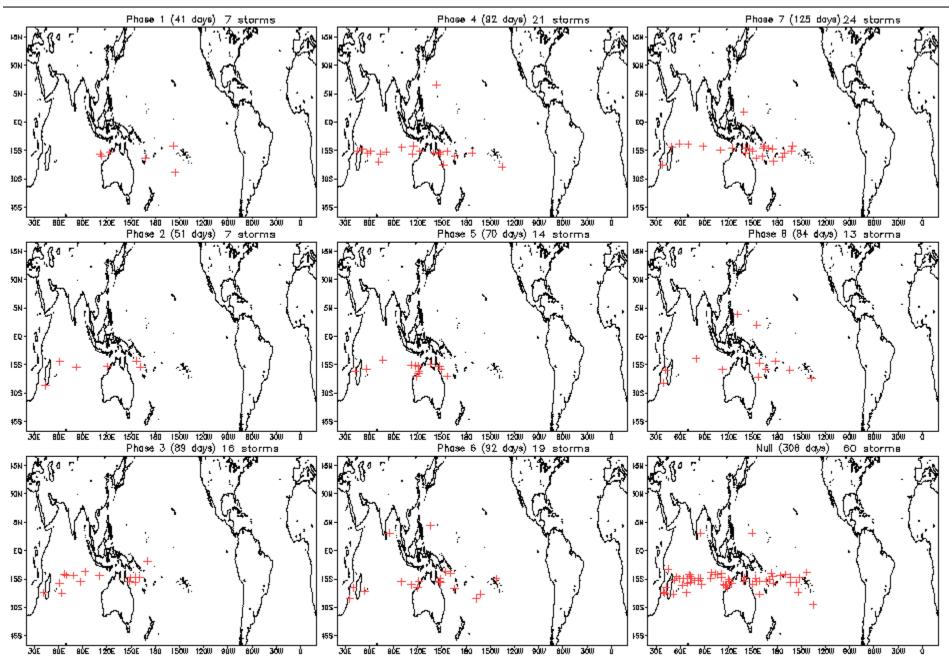
120W

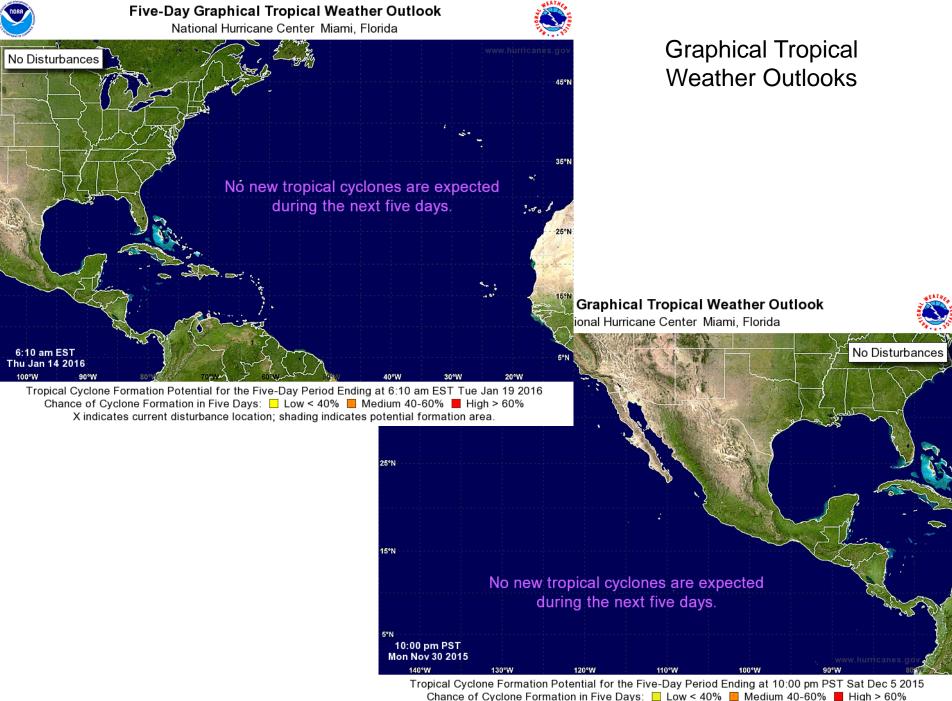
60S

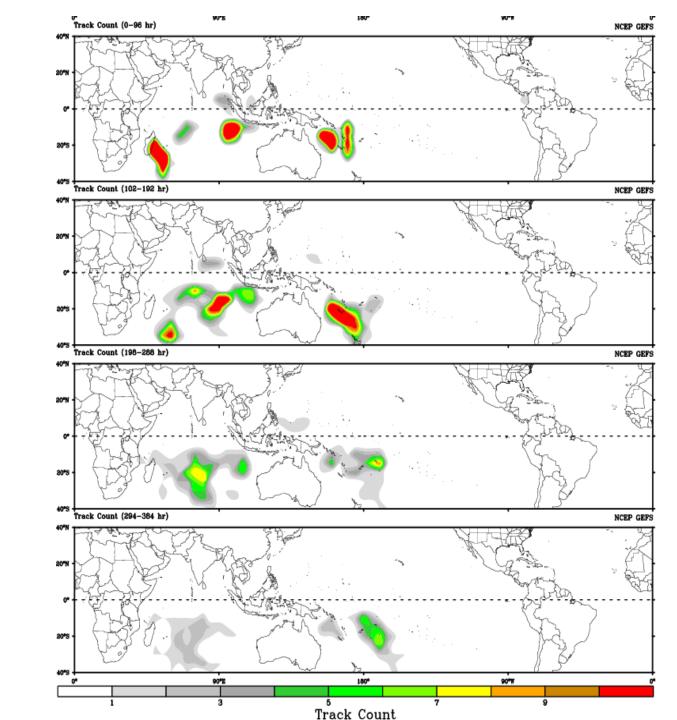
60 E

120E

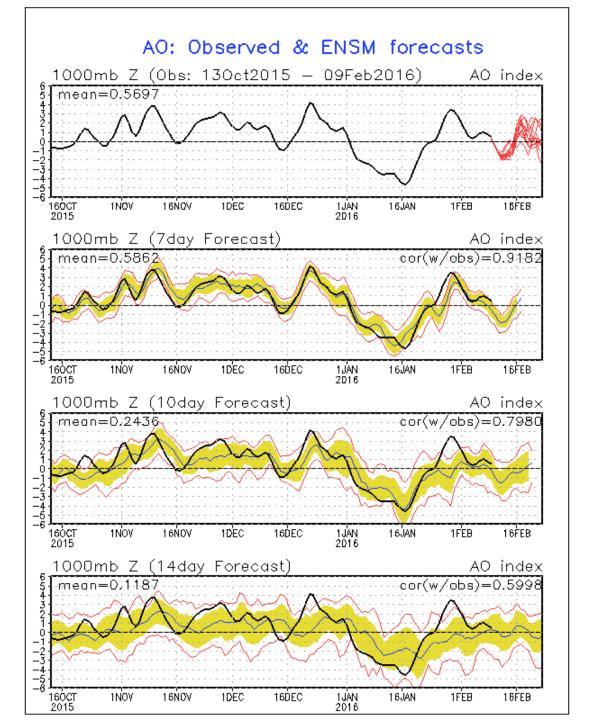
February Tropical Storm Formation by MJO phase

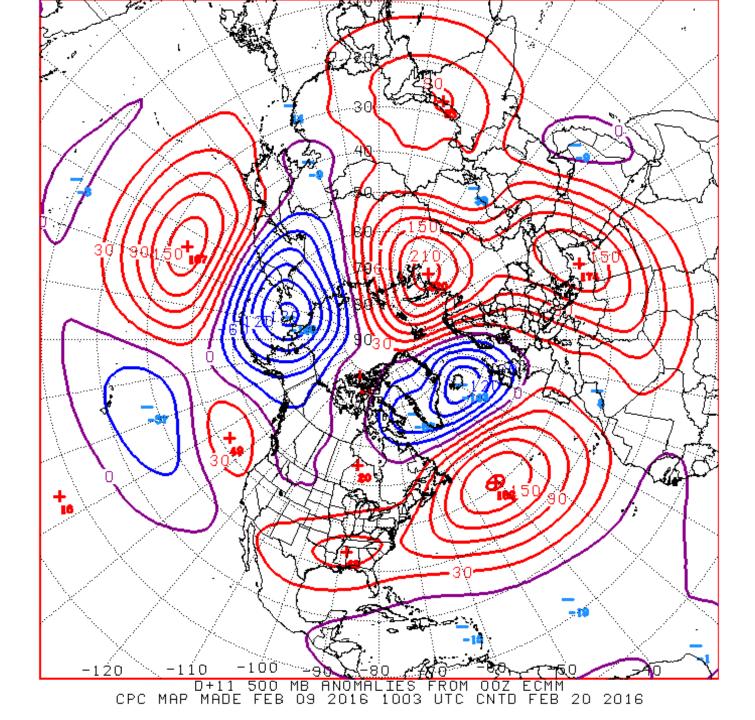




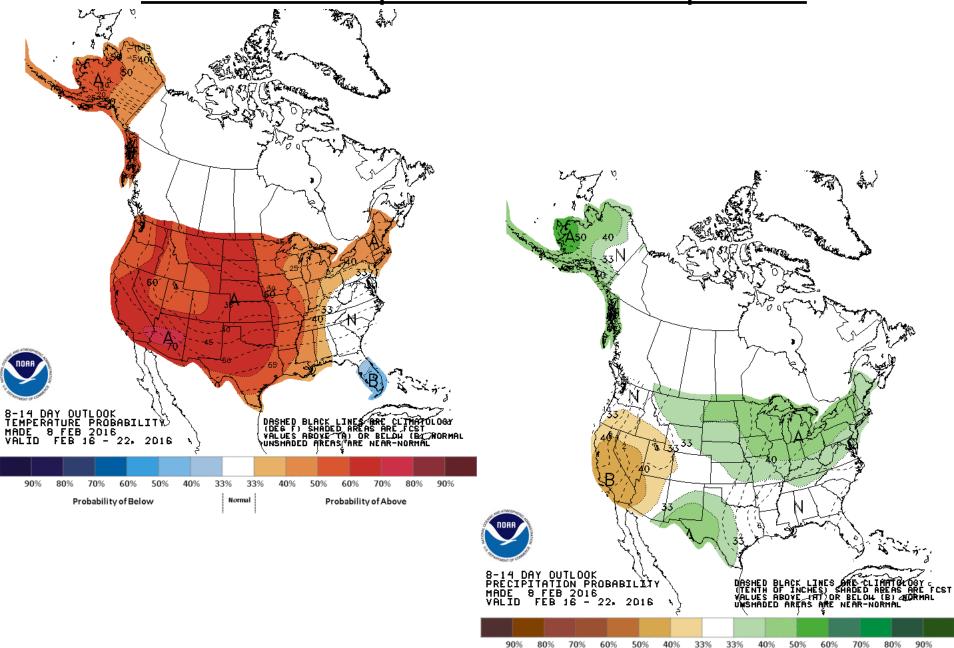


Connections to U.S. Impacts





Week 2 - Temperature and Precipitation



Probability of Below

Normal

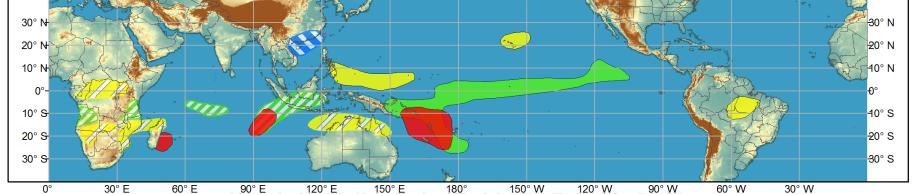
Probability of Above



Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center







Week 2 - Valid: Feb 17, 2016 - Feb 23, 2016



Confidence Produced: 02/09/2016

High Moderate Forecaster: Rosencrans

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