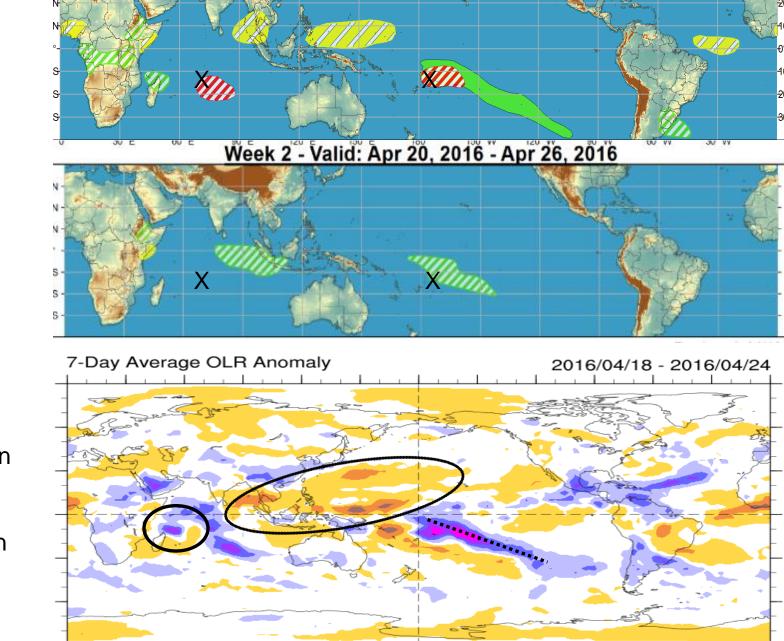
# Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook April 26, 2016

**Anthony Artusa** 

#### <u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

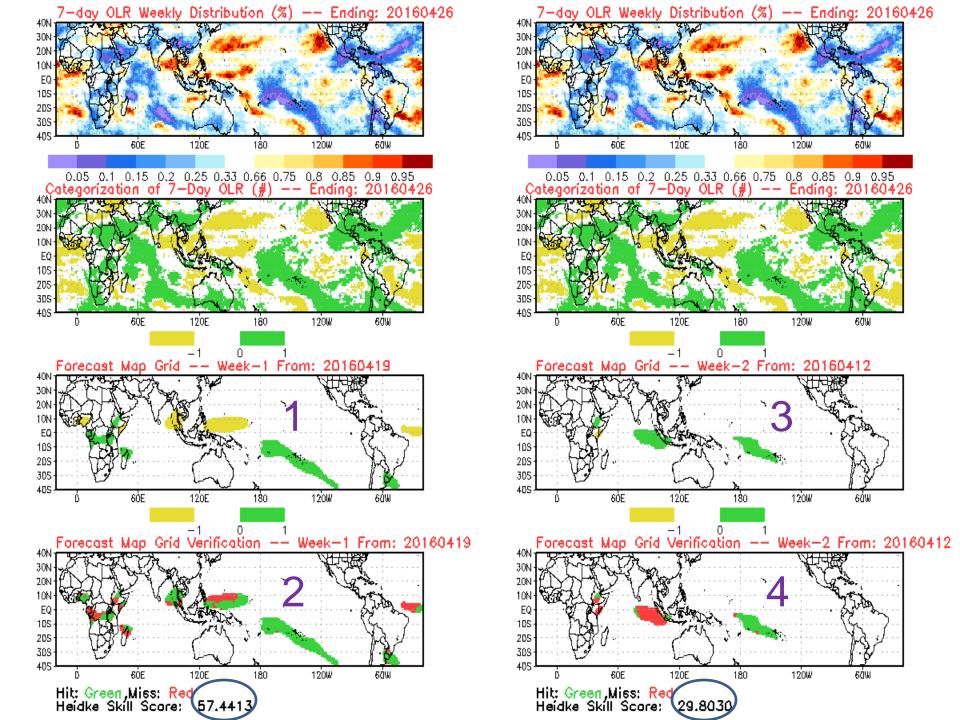
## Outlook Review



Week 1 - Valid: Apr 20, 2016 - Apr 26, 2016

Cool shading More clouds/rain

Warm shading Less clouds/rain



### Synopsis of Climate Modes

#### **ENSO:**

La Nina Watch in effect as of 14 April 2016

ENSO Neutral likely during late spring/early summer 2016; possible La Nina conditions to develop by late summer/early fall. El Nino is weakening, though large area of +30 C SSTs still exists over central South Pacific (0-15S, DL-150W). More than sufficient to sustain convection.

#### MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- In general, MJO indices are indicating a very weak, incoherent pattern.
- Most dynamical model MJO index forecasts depict a weak, fairly incoherent signal during the next two weeks. The European Center predicts a wider range of possibilities, underscoring the uncertainty.

#### **Extratropics:**

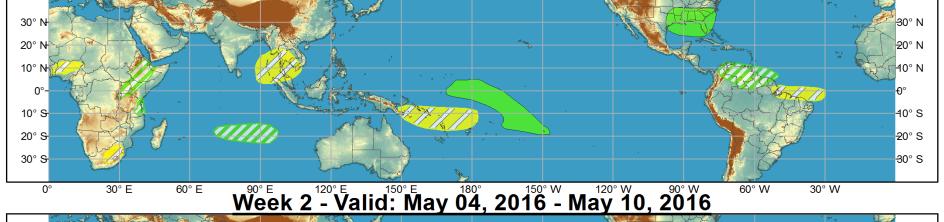
• The extended range temperature and precipitation forecasts for the U.S. are not likely to be impacted by the MJO, but more likely impacted by the ongoing El Nino and mid-latitude frontal/cyclonic activity.

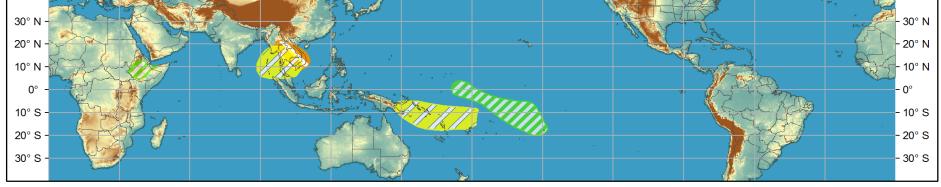
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#### Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center









**Confidence** High Moderate Produced: 04/26/2016

Forecaster: Artusa

Tropical Cyclone Formation Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.



Below-average rainfall

**Above-normal temperatures** 

**Below-normal temperatures** 













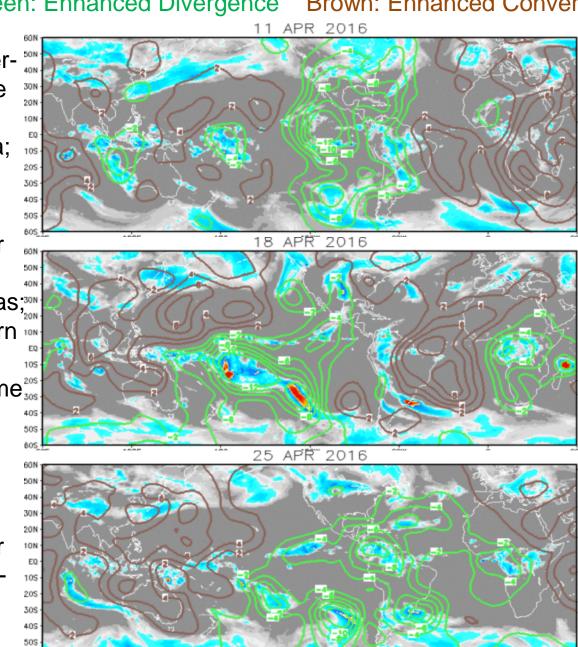
#### IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

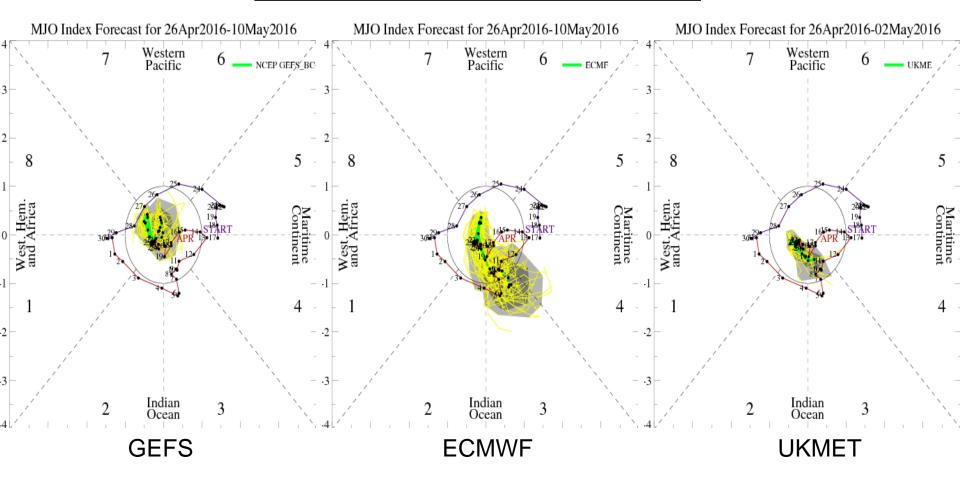
Enhanced upperlevel divergence northeast and east of Australia; tied to SPCZ

Upper-level divergence over eastern Pacific and the Americas;30N also over eastern In Indian Ocean /western Maritime 305 Continent & central Pacific

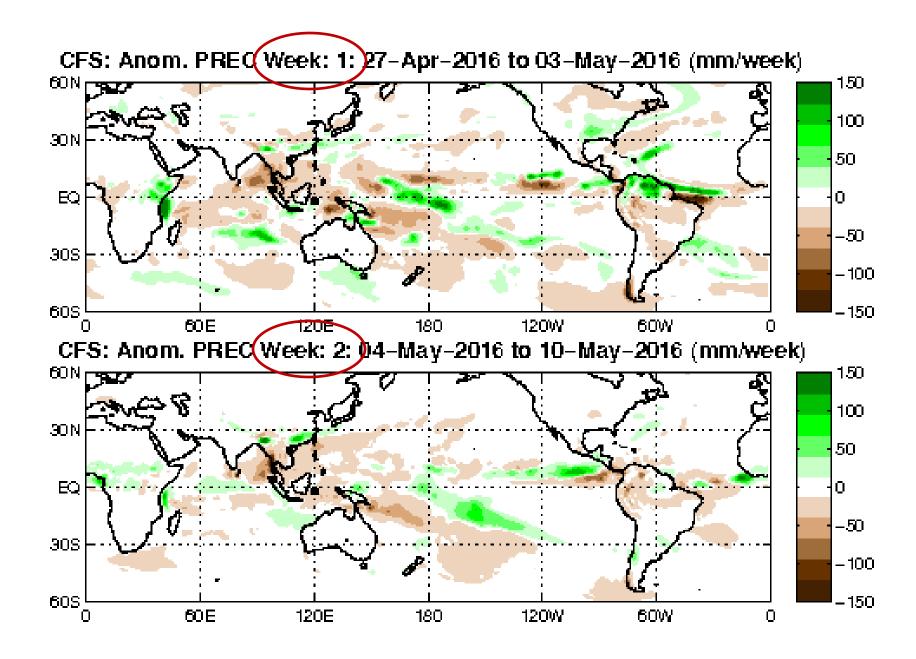
Wave-1 pattern with 200-hPa divergence over the WH; convergence over the EH.



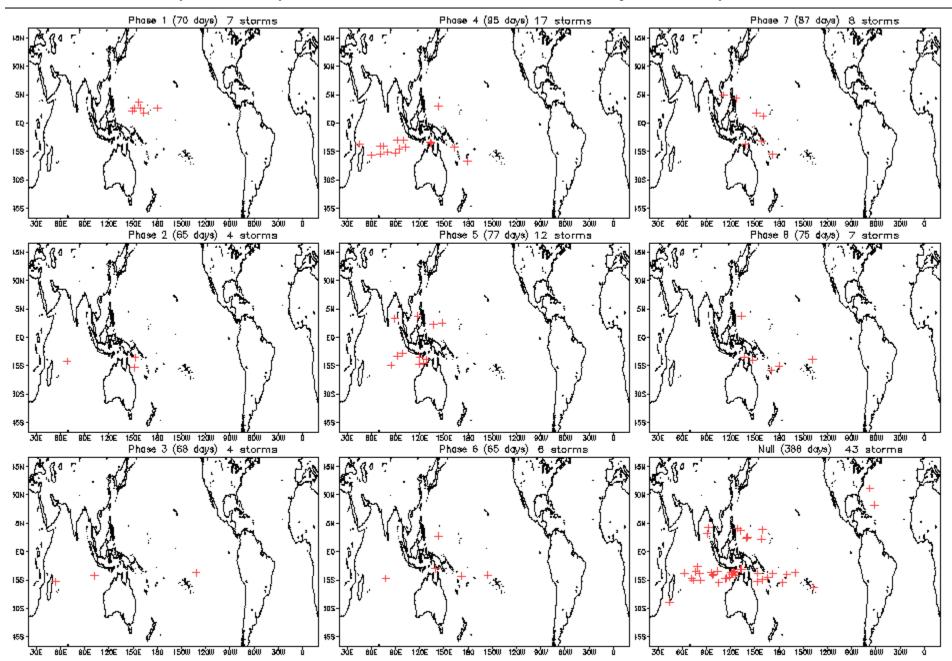
### MJO Observation/Forecast

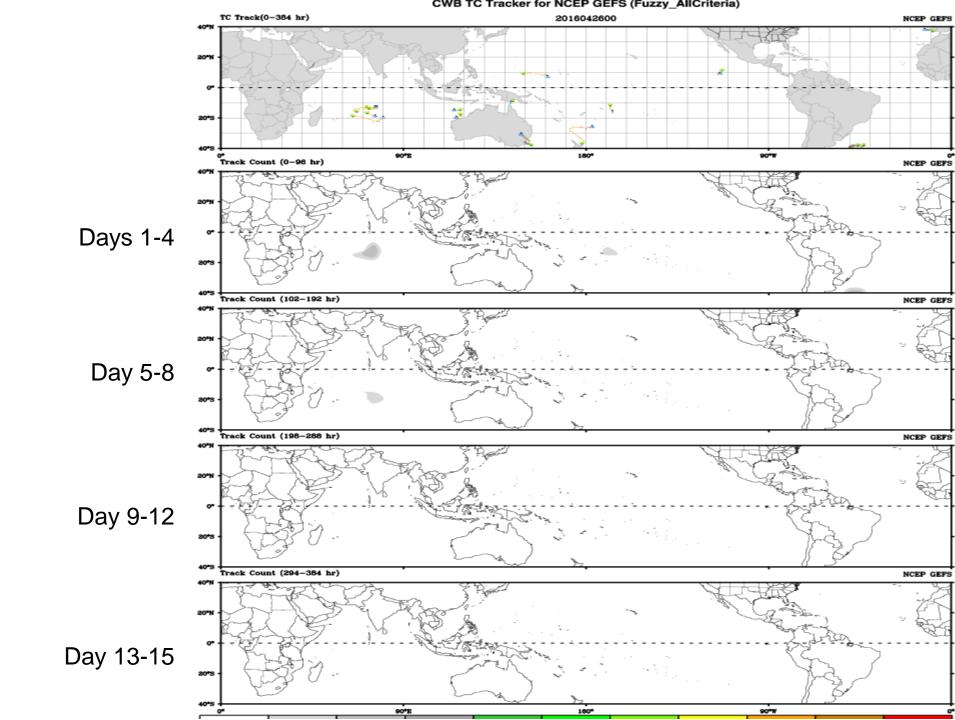


Wheeler-Hendon based analyses of model forecasts indicate a weak signal (GEFS, UKMET) during the next 1-2 weeks, with a stronger signal indicated by the ECMWF over the eastern Indian Ocean during Week-2.

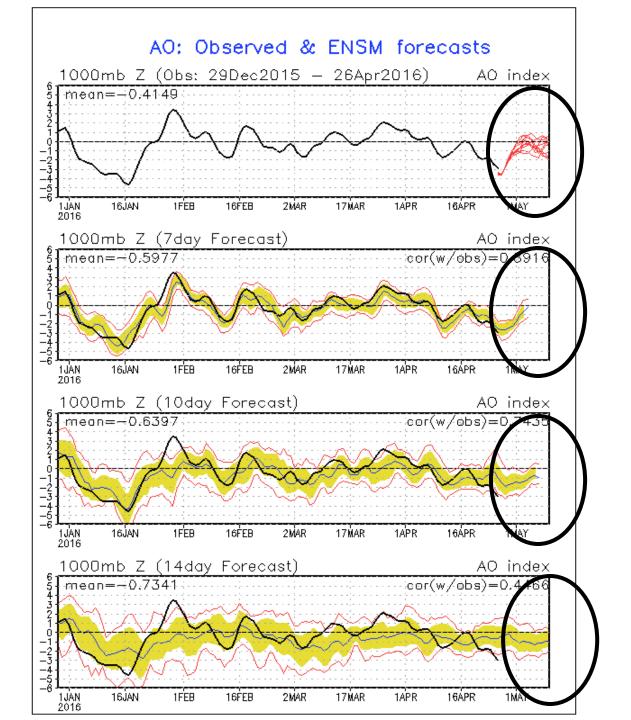


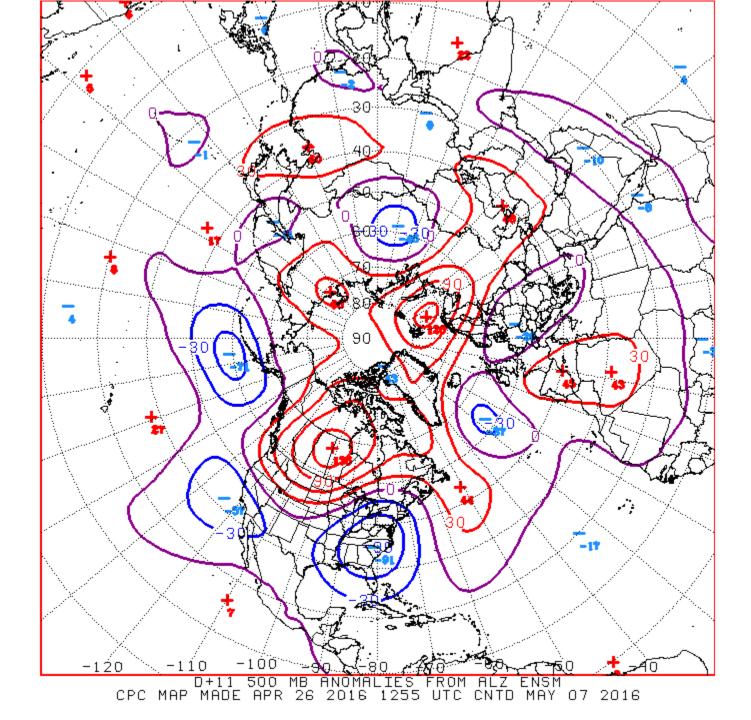
#### April Tropical Storm Formation by MJO phase



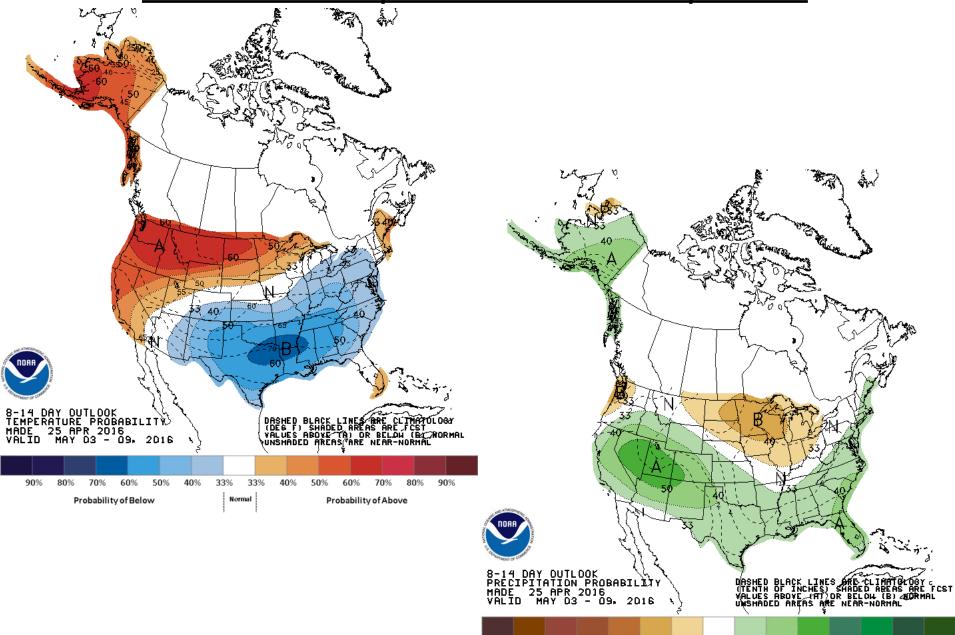


## Connections to U.S. Impacts





Week 2 - Temperature and Precipitation



70%

Probability of Below

33%

Normal

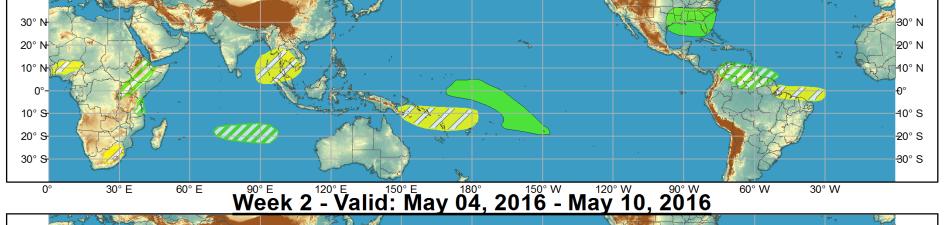
Probability of Above

## Y

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