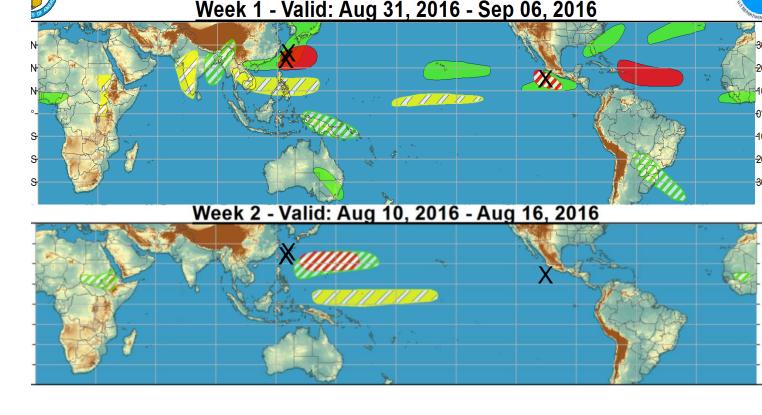
Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook September 6, 2016

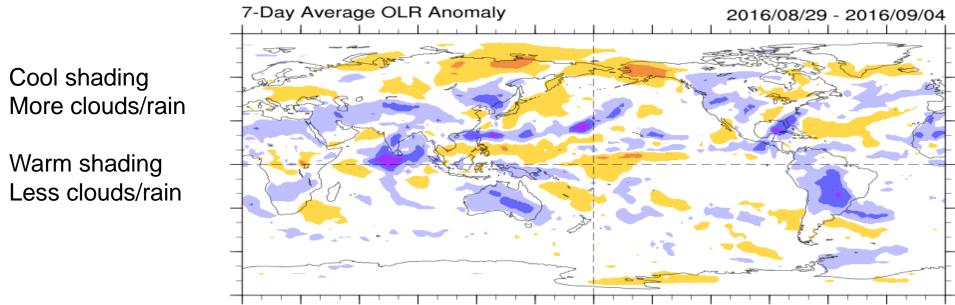
Dan Harnos

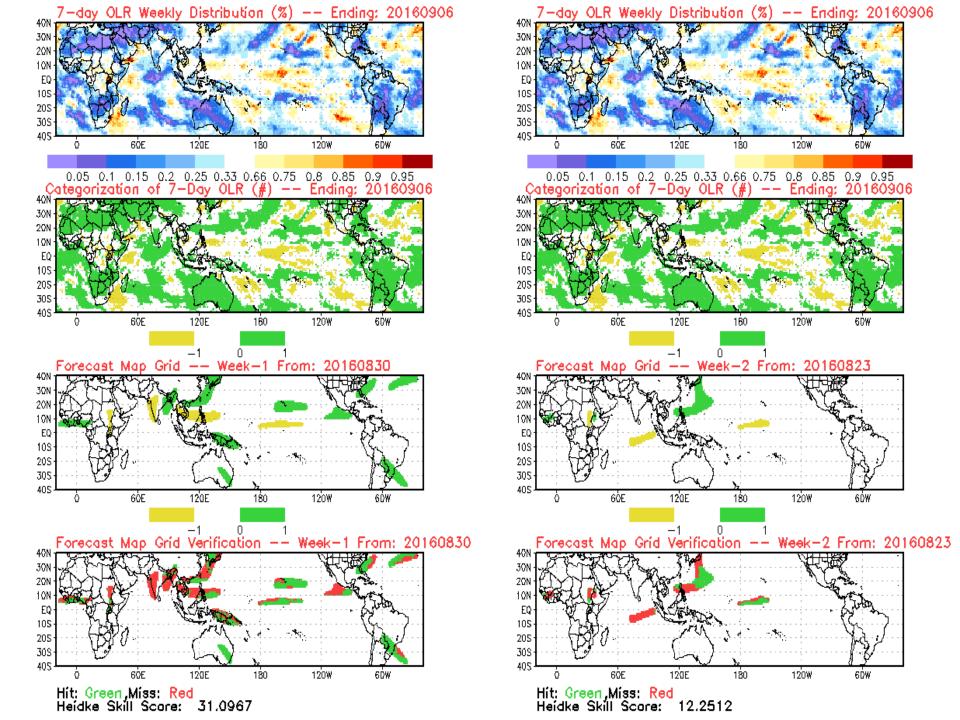
<u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

Outlook Review







Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO:

La Niña Watch

La Niña is favored to develop during August - October 2016, with about a 55-60% chance of La Niña during the fall and winter 2016-17.

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- Weakness present in MJO indices.
- Dynamical models fall within two clusters of solutions: one supporting general weakness of the MJO during the coming two weeks (most models), the other suggesting emergence of a new MJO signal during week-2 over Africa or the Indian Ocean (discounted solution).
- Equatorial Rossby wave activity expected to continue across the Maritime Continent vicinity.

Extratropics:

• The extended range temperature and precipitation forecasts for the U.S. are not likely to be impacted by the MJO. If the MJO did emerge over the Indian Ocean, tropical cyclogenesis probabilities would be increased across the east Pacific and Atlantic.



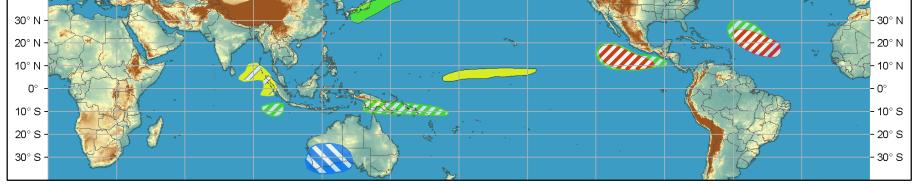
Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center







Week 2 - Valid: Sep 14, 2016 - Sep 20, 2016



Confidence Produced: 09/06/2016

High Moderate Forecaster: D.Harnos

Tropical Cyclone Formation Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Above-average rainfall Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Above-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

Below-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.













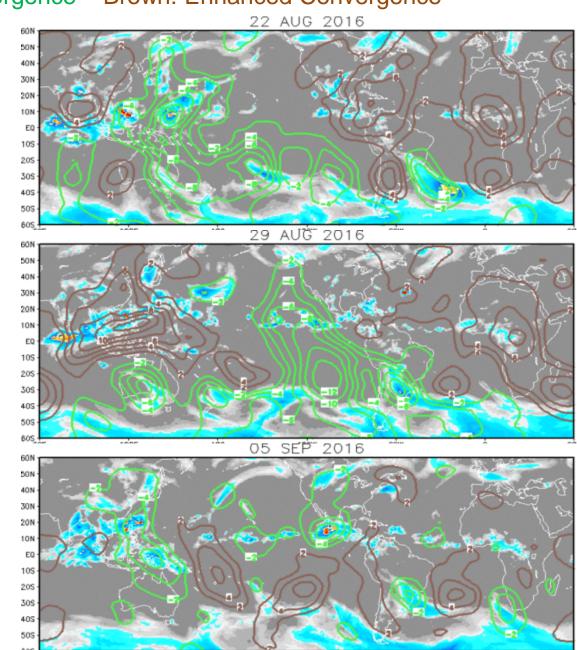
IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

Wave-1 pattern with enhanced (suppressed) convection across the west and central Pacific (Americas, Africa, and Indian Ocean).

IR indicates convection displaced from expectations with velocity potential pattern.

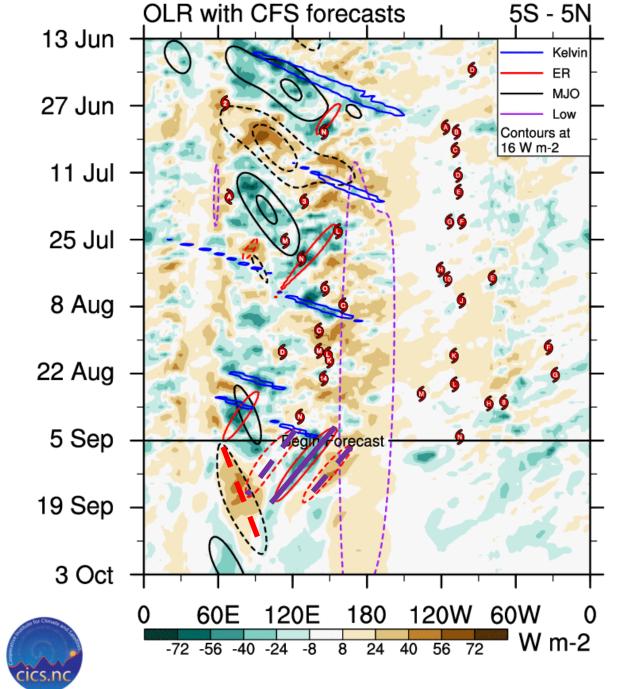
Convection aligns better with circulation expectations but velocity potential anomalies have weakened notably relative to preceding two weeks.



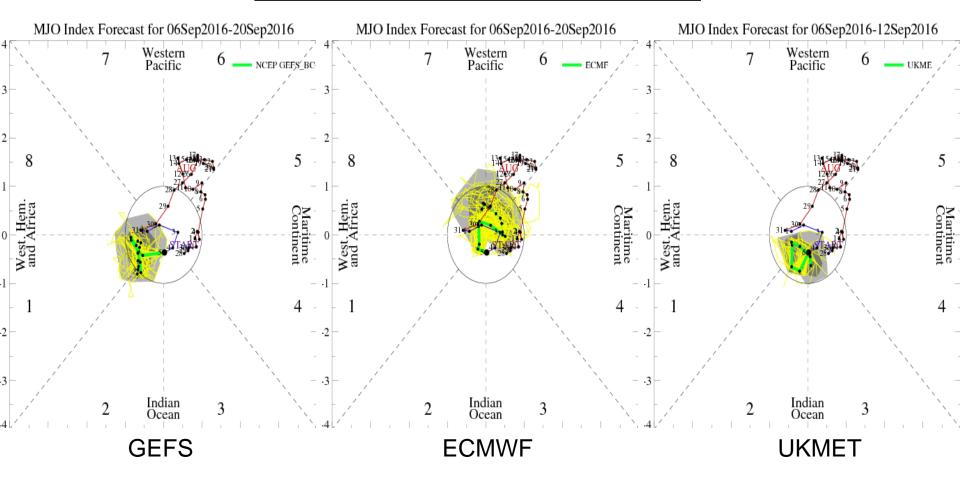
Recent **Kelvin wave** activity in the Indian Ocean expected to subside.

Active Rossby wave activity continuing across the Maritime Continent.

Suppressed phase of MJO emerging over Indian Ocean???

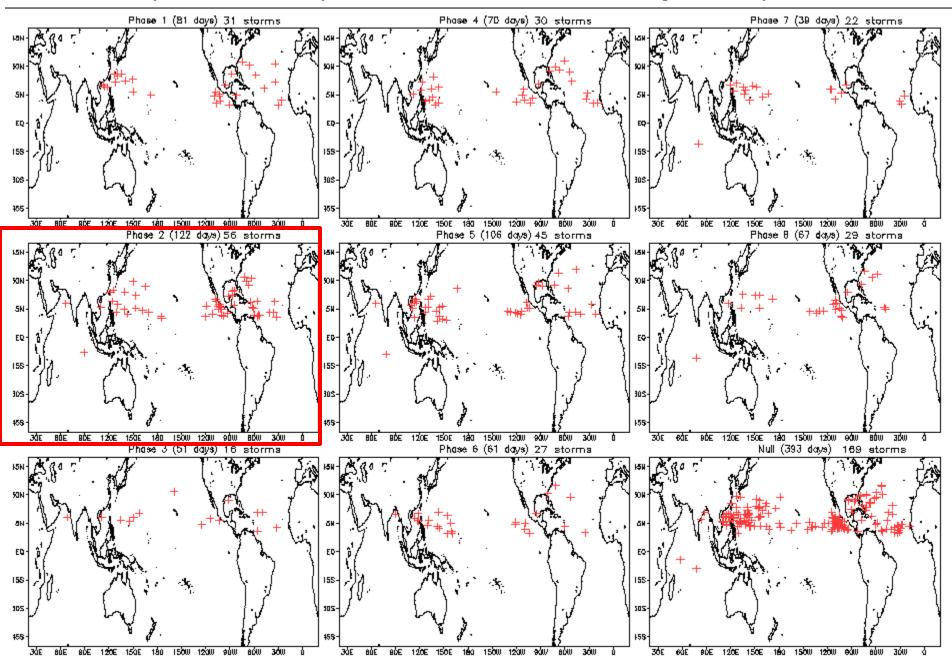


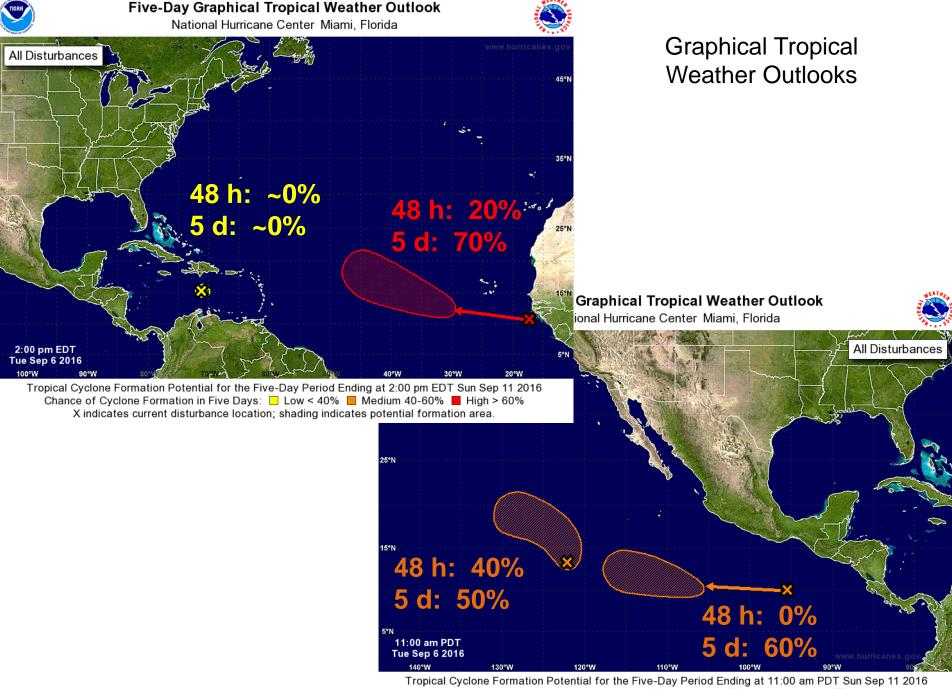
MJO Observation/Forecast



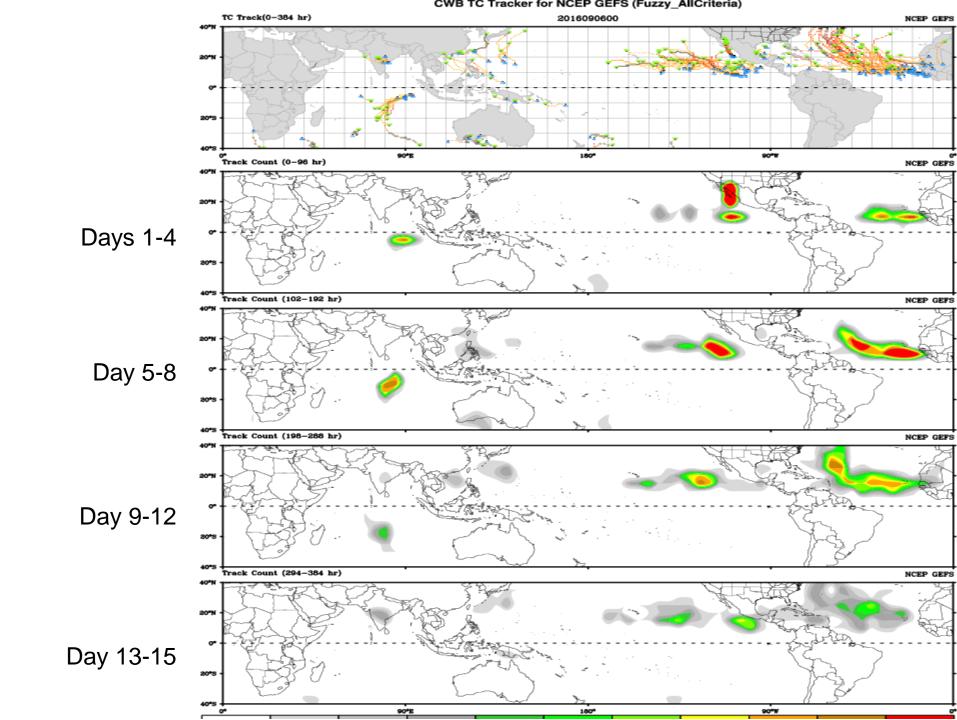
The GEFS strengthens the MJO signal with some ensemble members supporting the MJO emerging over Africa or the Indian Ocean late in week-2. The ECWMF and UKMet solutions support continued weakness in the MJO.

September Tropical Storm Formation by MJO phase

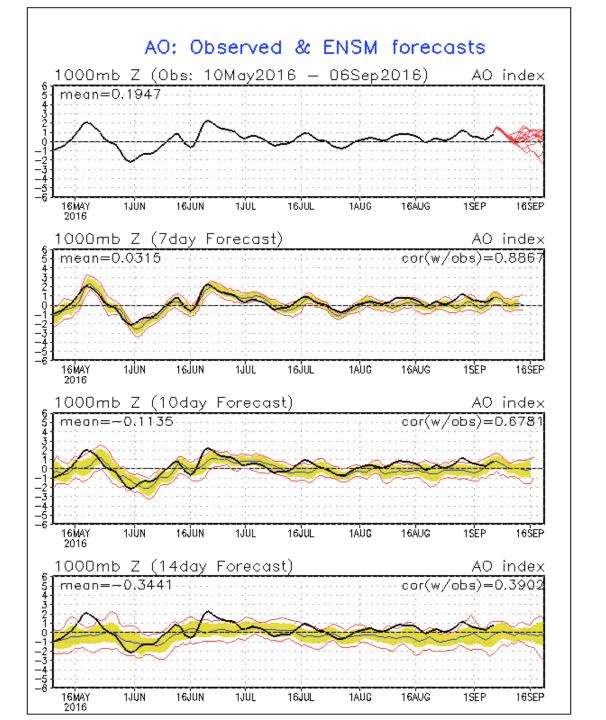


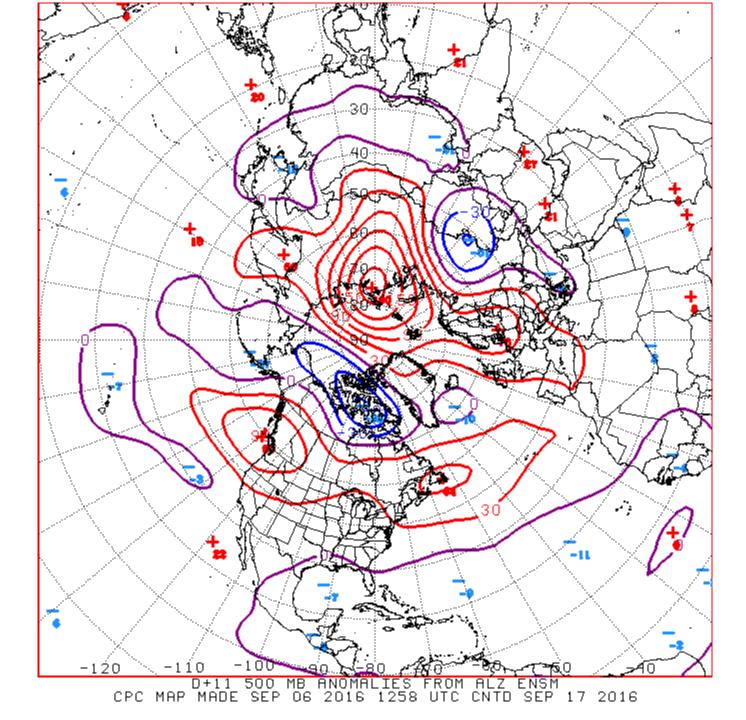


CFS: Anom. PREC Week: 1: 07-Sep-2016 to 13-Sep-2016 (mm/week). 150 60N report 100 30 N 50 EQ Ю -50 308 **-100** -150 **6**0S 120E 60 E 180 120W 60W CFS: Anom. PREC Week: 2: 14-Sep-2016 to 20-Sep-2016 (mm/week). 60N (Teach) 150 100 30 N 50 EQ Ю -50308 -100608 -15060E 120E 60W 0 180 120W

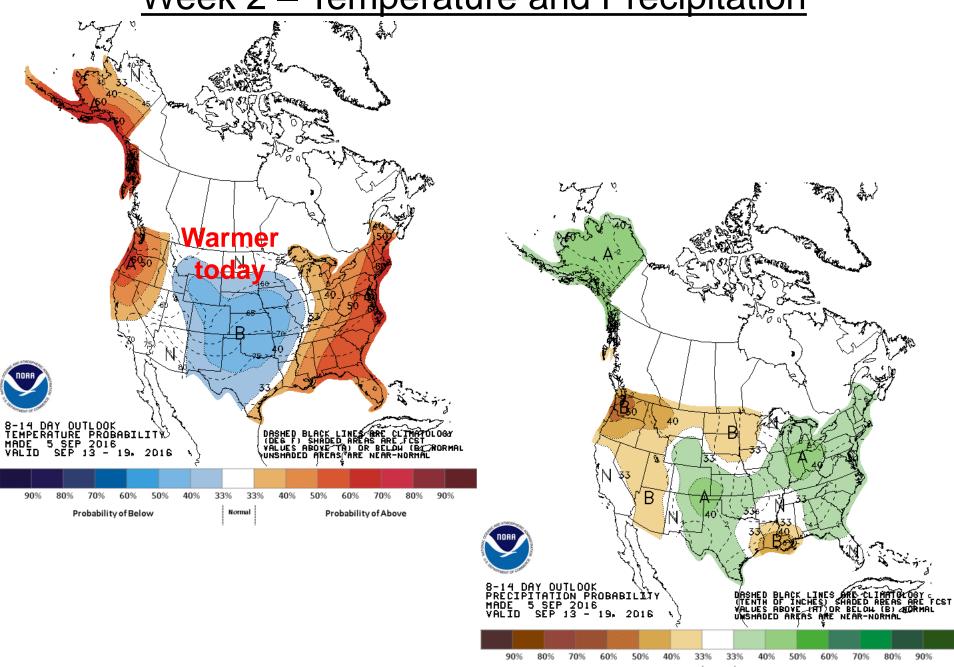


Connections to U.S. Impacts





Week 2 – Temperature and Precipitation



Probability of Below

Normal

Probability of Above



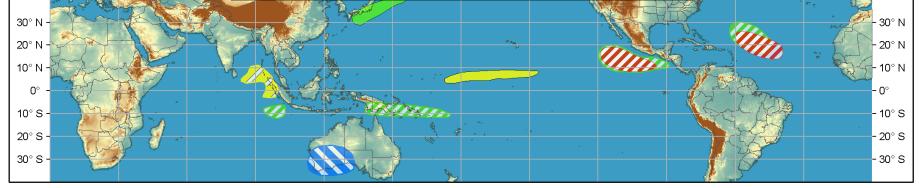
Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center







Week 2 - Valid: Sep 14, 2016 - Sep 20, 2016



Produced: 09/06/2016

Forecaster: D.Harnos

Tropical Cyclone Formation Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Confidence
High Moderate

Below-average rainfall Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

Above-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

Below-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.











