Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook October 25, 2016

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<u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

<u>Outlook</u> <u>Review</u>

North Indian: TS3 "Kyant" 45 kt

East Pacific: Seymour 110 kt (Cat. 3)





Cool shading More clouds/rain

Warm shading Less clouds/rain





Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO:

La Niña Watch

• La Niña is favored to develop (~70% chance) during the Northern Hemisphere fall, and slightly favored to persist (~55% chance) this winter 2016-17.

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

• MJO activity not present, instead low frequency modes appear to be driving the tropical circulation.

• Dynamical model guidance diverges regarding possible emergence of a potentially weak MJO over the next two weeks, but tends to suggest continued weakness of the intraseasonal signal.

Extratropics:

• Tropical and subtropical impacts related to the MJO are not anticipated at this time. Influences instead are expected to be driven by the low frequency state and possible tropical cyclone activity.



Confidence High Moderate

Tropical Cyclone Formation

Above-average rainfall

Below-average rainfall

Above-normal temperatures

Below-normal temperatures

Forecaster: D.Harnos Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.











IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

Incoherent pattern, strong anomalies associated with neg. Indian Ocean Dipole event over Maritime Continent.

Continued messy pattern, low-frequency signal and TCs over West Pacific most apparent.

Wave-3 pattern with more coherent spatial anomalies. Still appears largely tied to the low frequency state and TC activity.



MJO Observation/Forecast



Model guidance diverges in regards to MJO treatment. The GEFS briefly amplifies an East Pacific signal in week-2, while the ECMWF and UKMET support a possible weak MJO signal in the West Pacific during week-2.

Model spread is substantial, other guidance supports weakness in the RMM index.

Low frequency activity most apparent. Hints of Rossby wave and MJO activity over next two weeks, although inconsistency among models.



ncics.org/mjo





X indicates current disturbance location; shading indicates potential formation area.



Connections to U.S. Impacts









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