Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook

<u>7/4/2017</u>

Dan Harnos

<u>Outline</u>

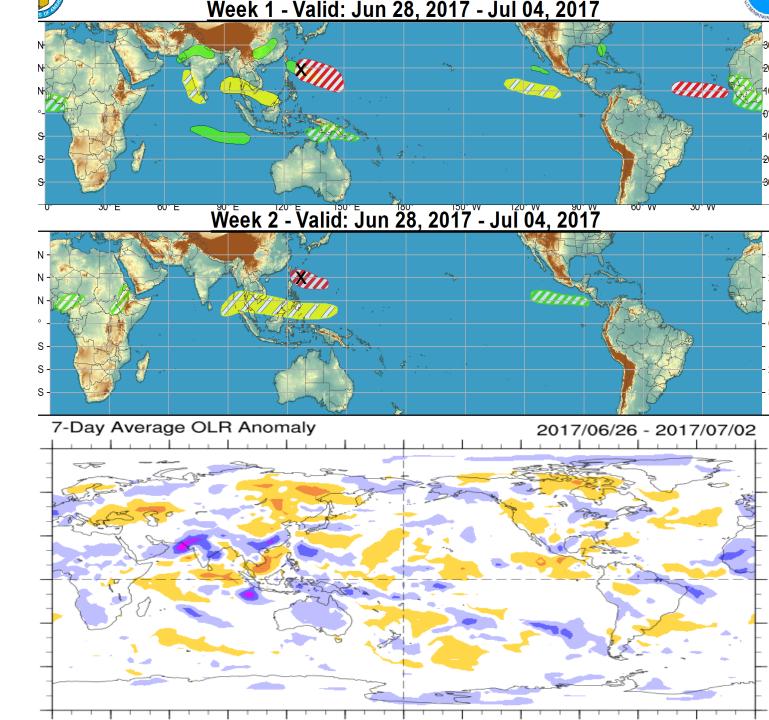
- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

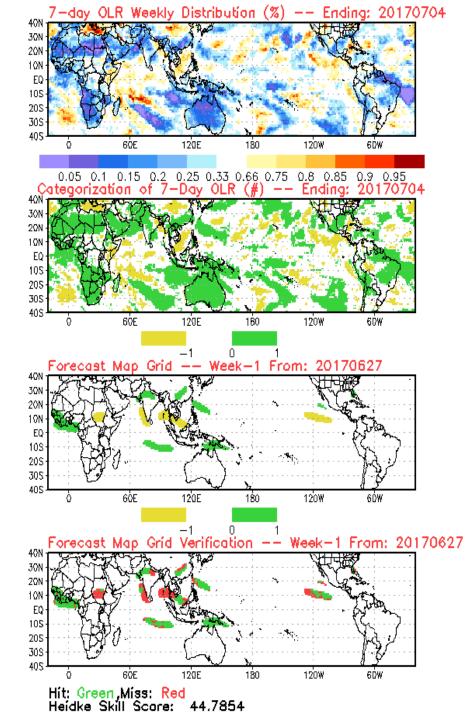
<u>Outlook</u> <u>Review</u>

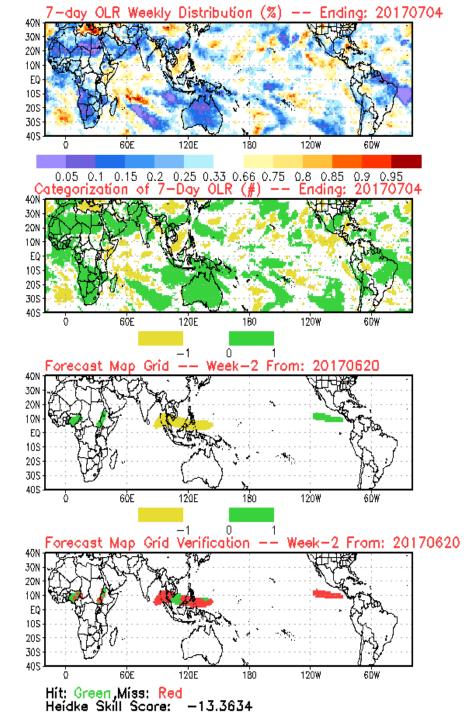
TS Nanmadol Peak: 60 mph July 2 - present

Cool shading More clouds/rain

Warm shading Less clouds/rain







Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO:

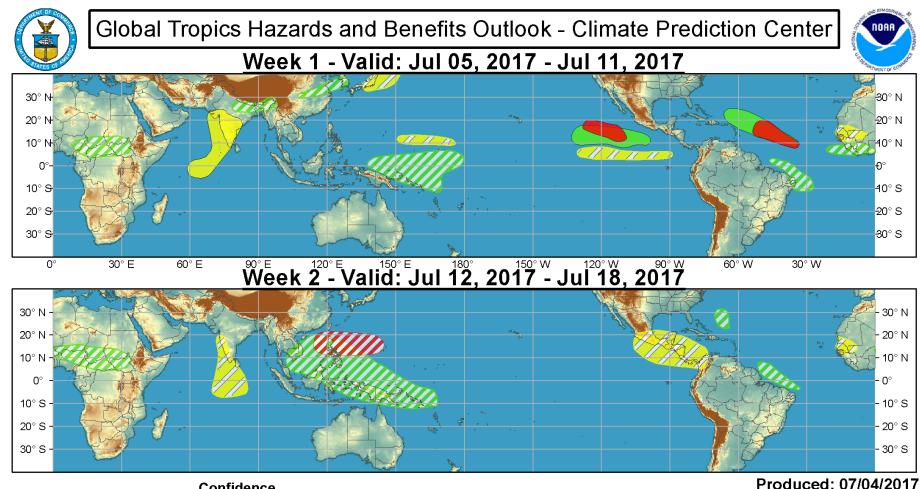
- ENSO-neutral is favored (50-55%) through Northern Hemisphere fall 2017.
- The next ENSO diagnostic discussion release will be next Thursday (13 July).

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- The RMM index shows continued weakness of the MJO, while overall tropical convective anomalies are weak and fairly incoherent.
- Low frequency enhancement of convection is stationary over the Maritime Continent, while another region has drifted slowly eastward from near the Prime Meridian in late April to ~140W at present (too slow to be considered the MJO).
- Ensemble guidance is mixed regarding the intraseasonal state of the global tropics, but consistent in not forecasting an emerging MJO signal over the coming two weeks.

Extratropics:

• The extended range temperature and precipitation forecasts for the extratropics and U.S. are not likely to be impacted by MJO activity, but could be influenced by tropical cyclone activity (i.e. recurving Tropical Storm Nanmadol).



Confidence High Moderate

Tropical Cyclone Formation

Above-average rainfall

Below-average rainfall

Above-normal temperatures

Below-normal temperatures

Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.











Forecaster: D.Harnos

IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

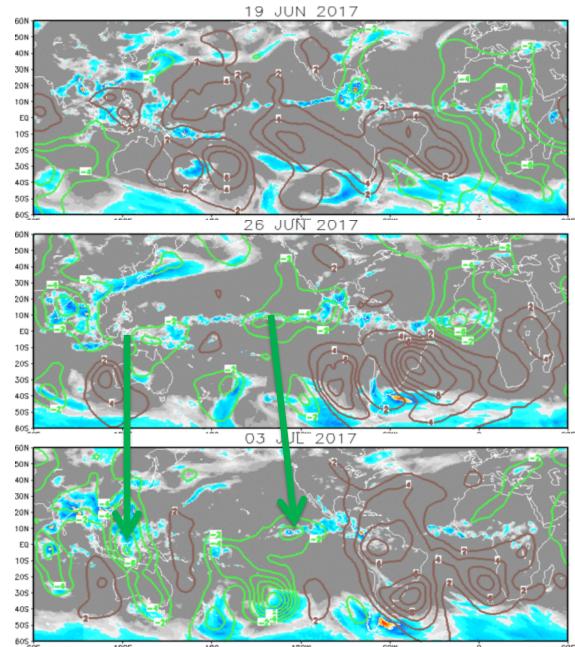
Green: Enhanced Divergence

Brown: Enhanced Convergence

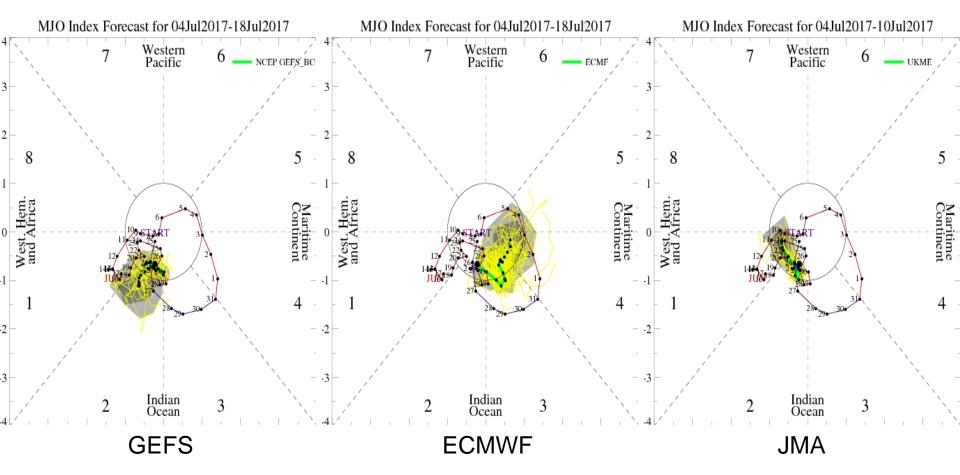
Pattern not consistent with MJO.

High wave number, not consistent with MJO. Highlights other modes of variability.

Up to a wave-5 pattern, inconsistent with organized MJO. Lower frequency signals apparent over Maritime Continent and entering East Pacific.



MJO Observation/Forecast



GEFS loops back towards a signal emerging over the western Indian Ocean. This signal appears tied to the changing low frequency state, rather than intraseasonal activity.

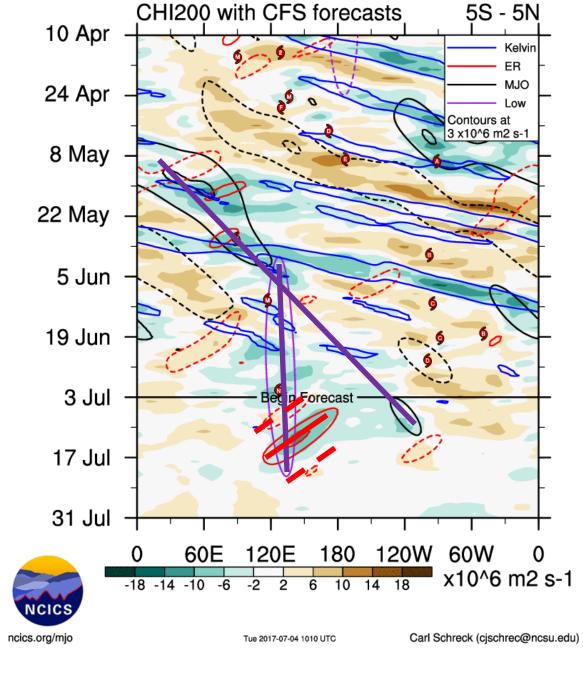
ECMWF shows weak intraseasonal signal drifting slowly eastward toward Maritime Continent.

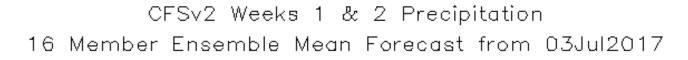
JMA forecasts uncharacteristic westward propagation of a weak signal.

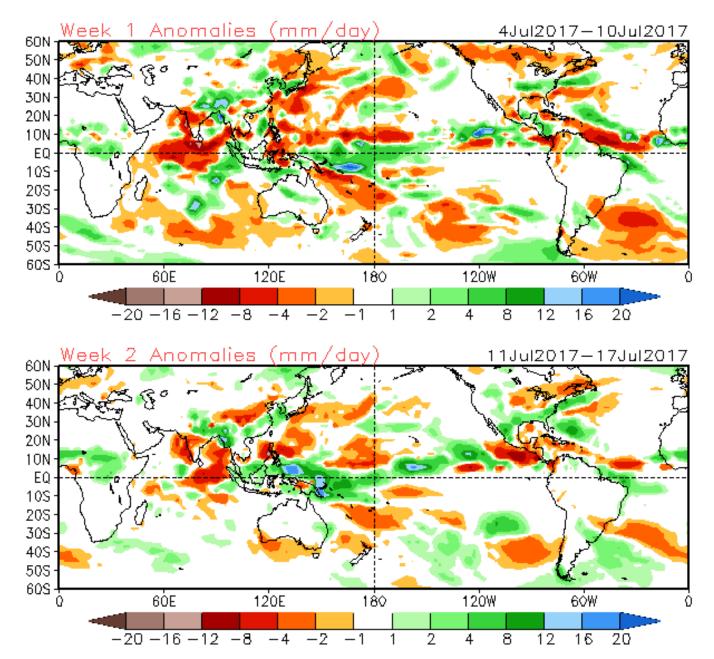
The Low-frequency pattern is

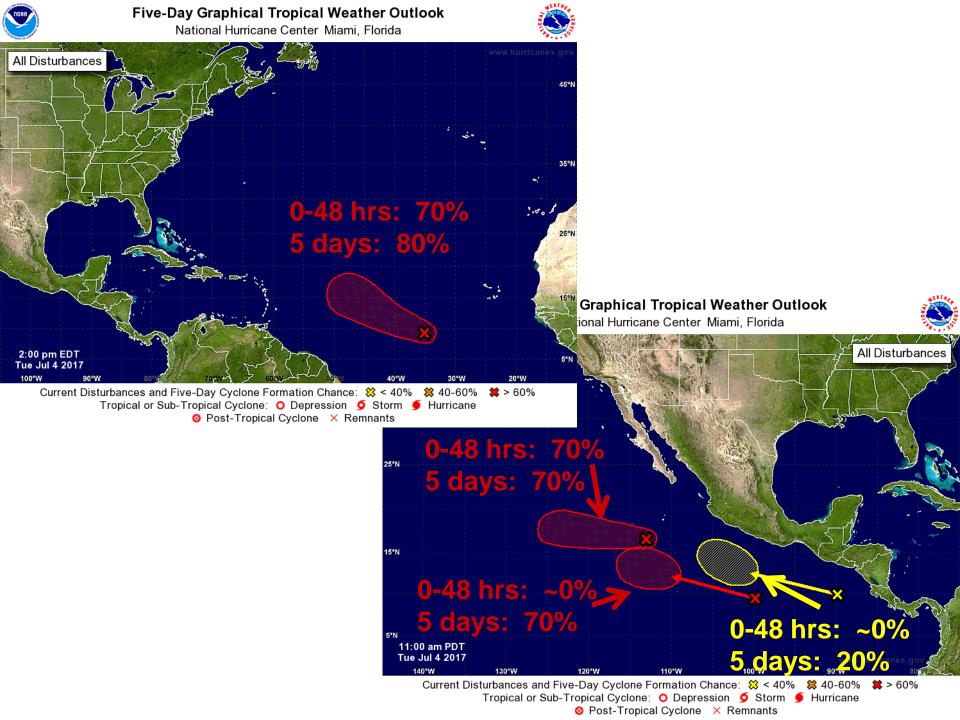
stationary and enhancing convection over Maritime Continent, with another signal pushing eastward into the E. Pacific.

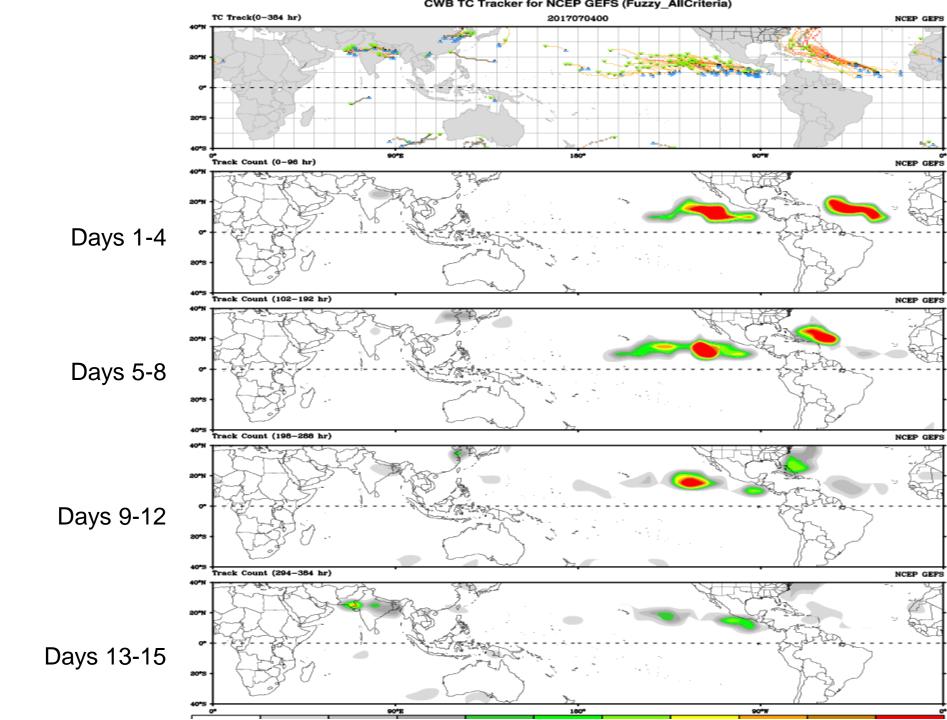
A series of **equatorial Rossby waves** are forecast to suppress/enhance convection across the West Pacific, but the CFS has a tendency to overdo these features.

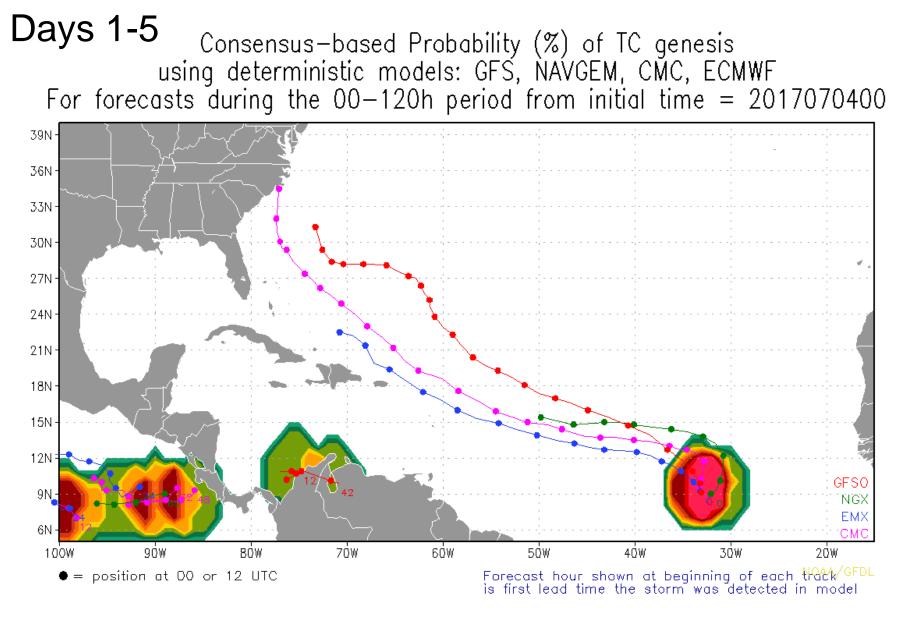






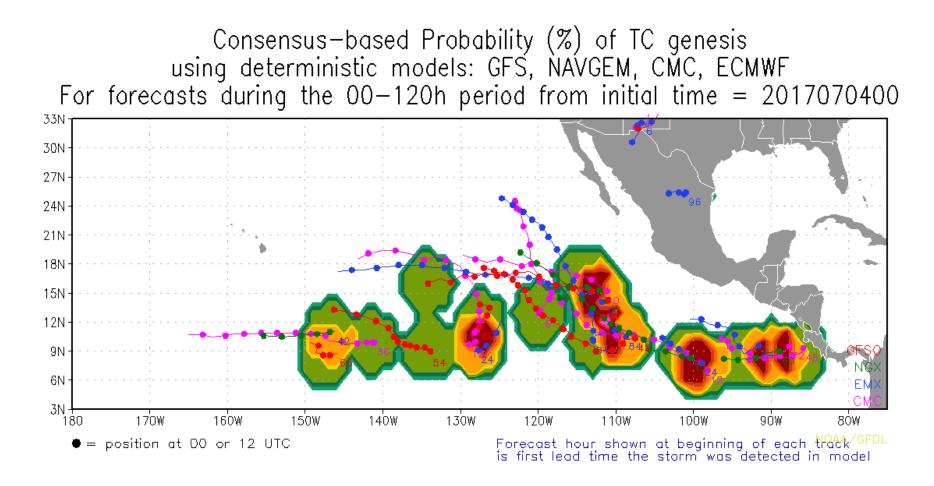


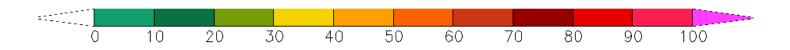




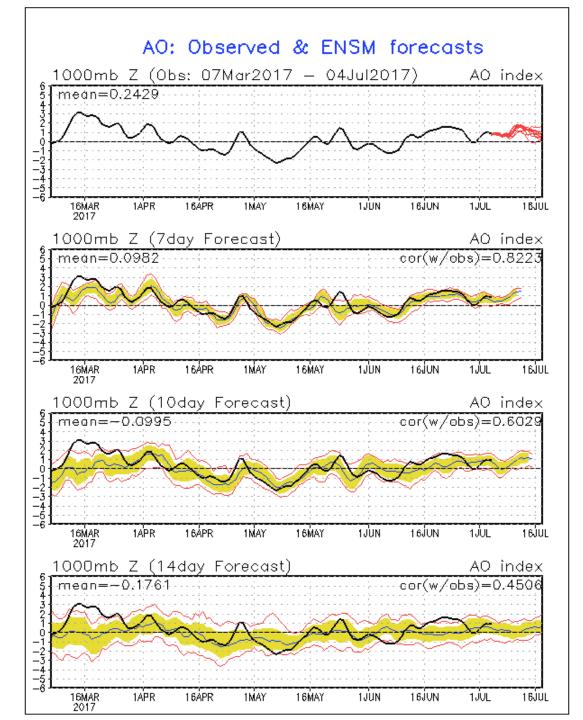


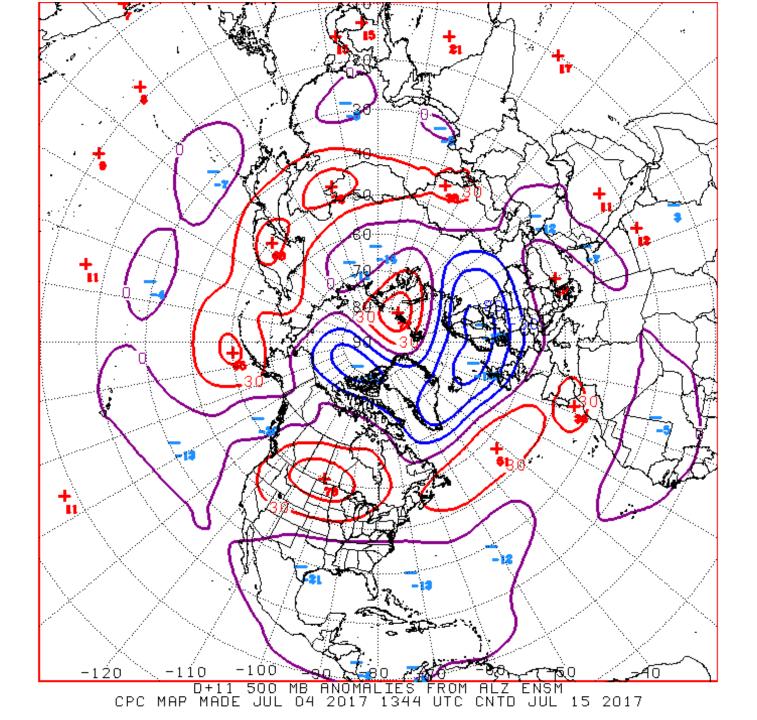
Days 1-5



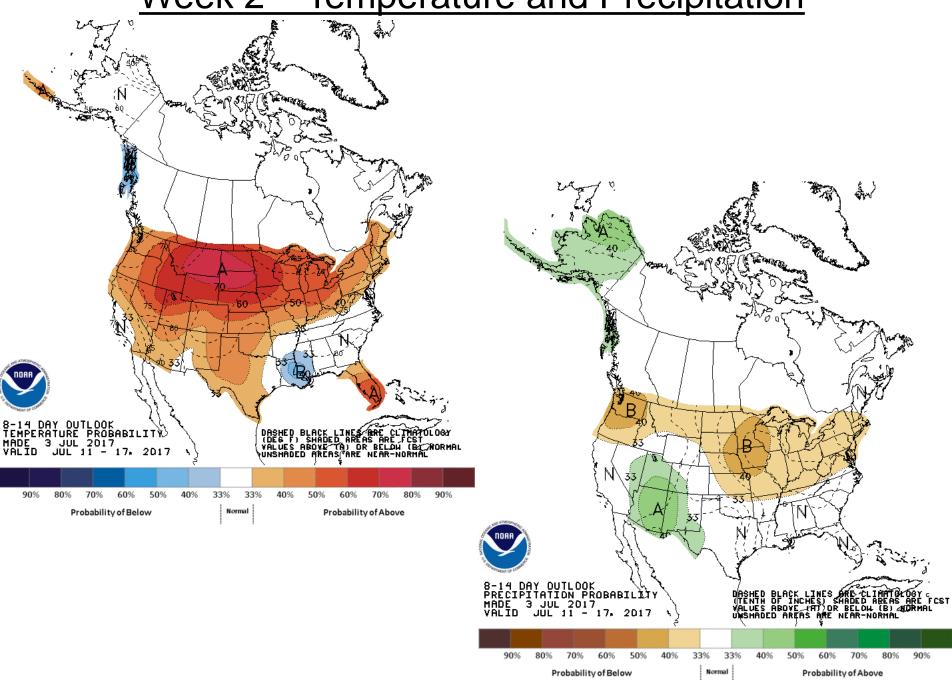


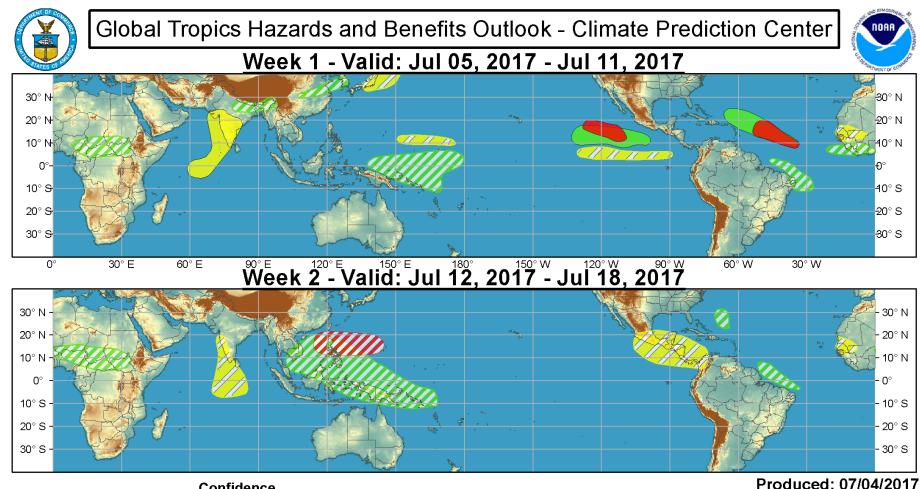
Connections to U.S. Impacts





Week 2 – Temperature and Precipitation





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