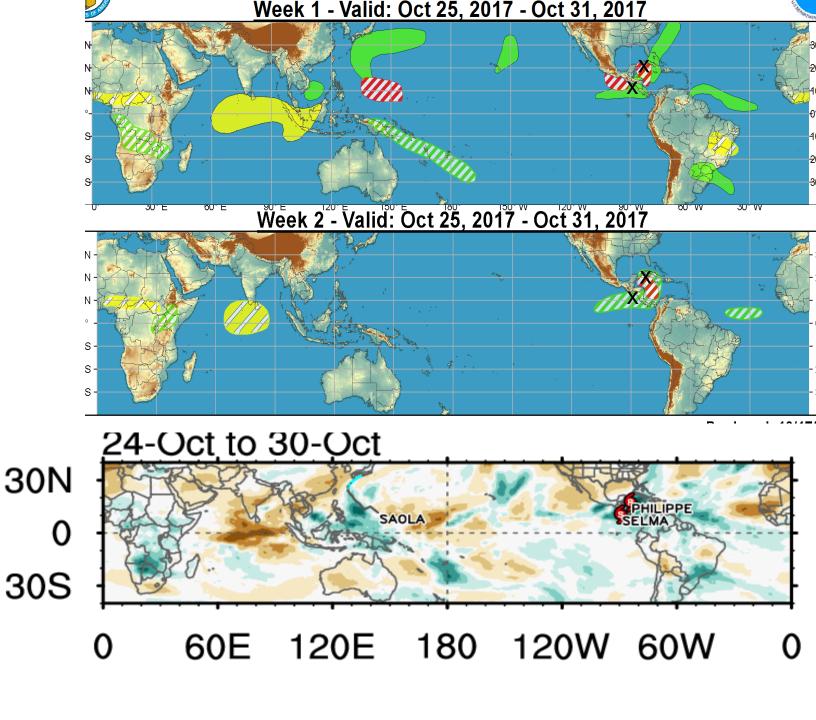
Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook 10/31/2017

Matthew Rosencrans

Outline

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

Outlook Review



Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO:

- ENSO Alert System Status: La Niña Watch
- La Niña conditions are favored (~55-65%) during the Northern Hemisphere fall and winter 2017-18

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- An active and moderate amplitude MJO event is ongoing, with the enhanced phase now over the Americas.
- Dynamical model forecasts indicate a continuing signal to the western Indian Ocean, then weakening signal as other modes of variability begin to interfere.
- Tropical cyclone formation odds in the Bay of Bengal are enhanced.

Extratropics:

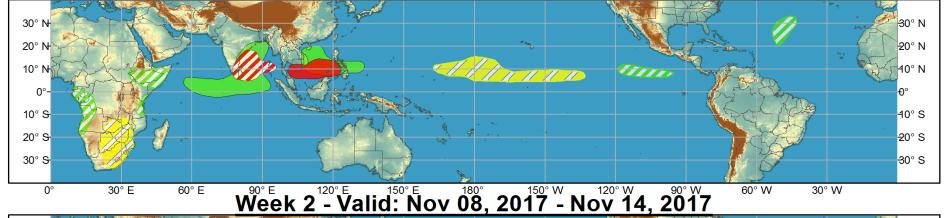
• The extended range temperature and precipitation forecasts for the U.S. are not likely to be impacted by MJO activity.



Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center









Confidence High Moderate Produced: 10/31/2017

Forecaster: Rosencrans

Tropical Cyclone Formation Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

Below-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.



Below-average rainfall

Above-normal temperatures













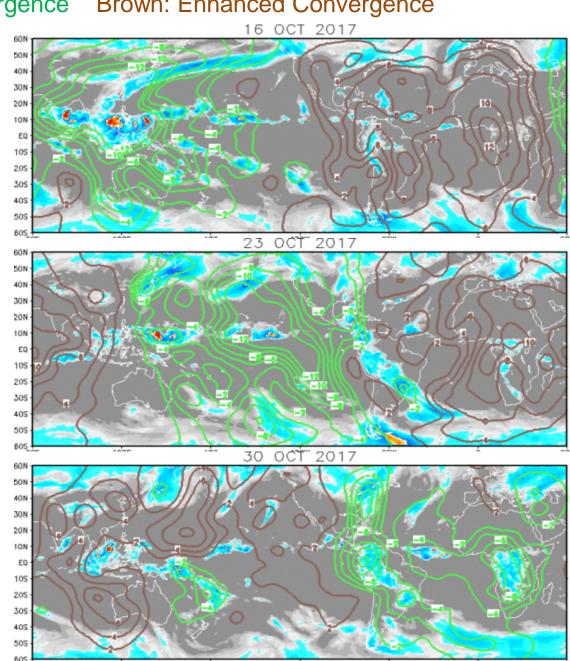
IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

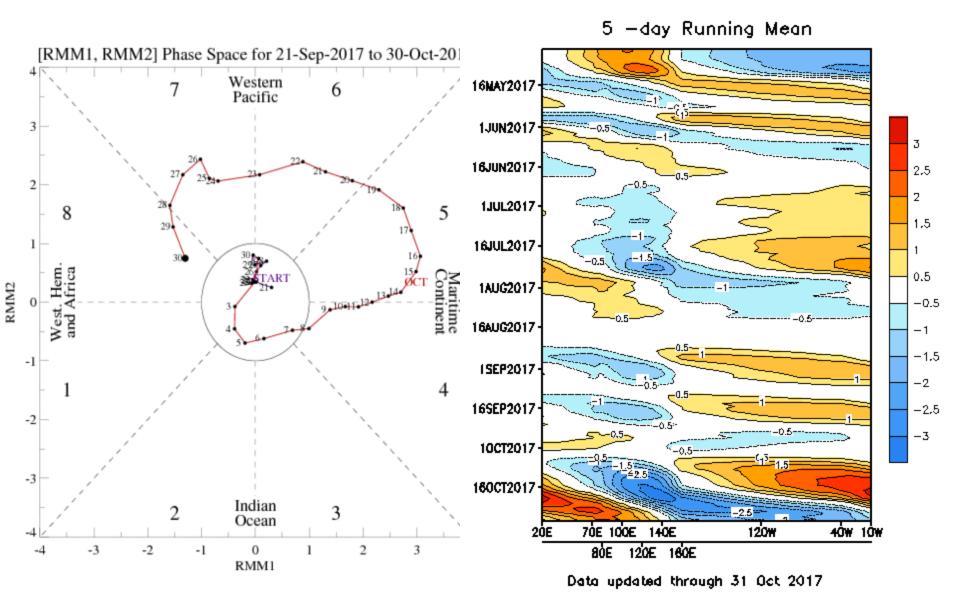
Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

Wave-1 with a strong MJO projection.

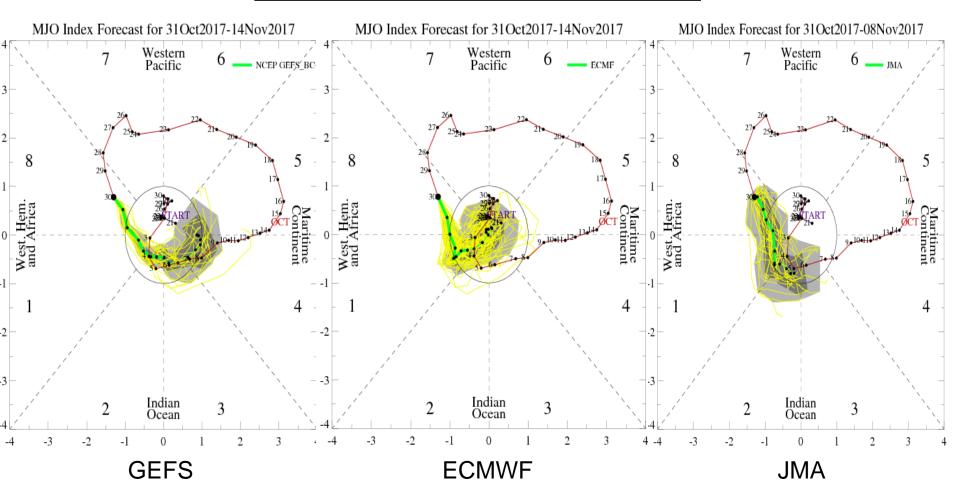
Wave-1 with a moderate/strong MJO projection.

Wave-1 (but a minor competing secondary) center with a moderate MJO projection.

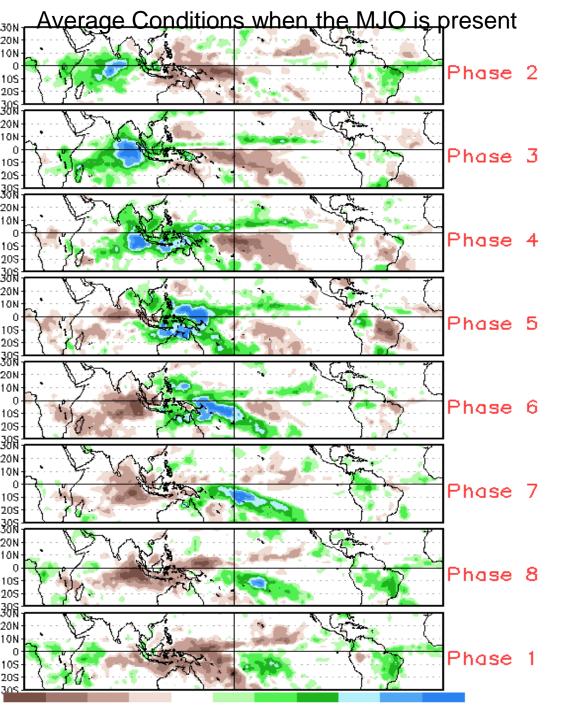




MJO Observation/Forecast



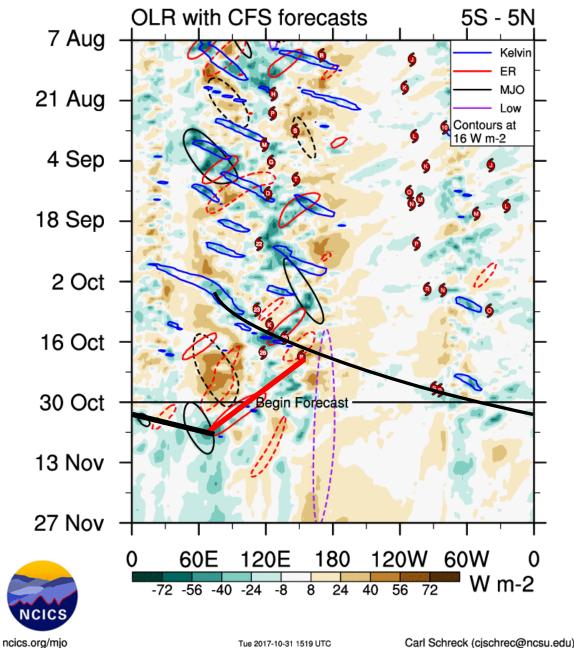
Wheeler-Hendon based analyses of model forecasts indicate propagation to the east. Divergence in how the models handle interaction with westward moving modes.



CAVEAT: These panels are representative of robust MJO events.

MJO, Rossby wave and Kelvin wave having an influence

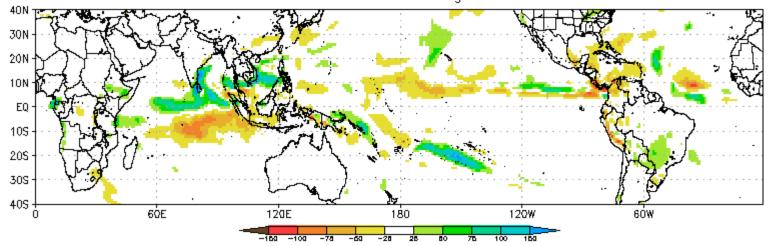
Low-frequency pattern less of an influence



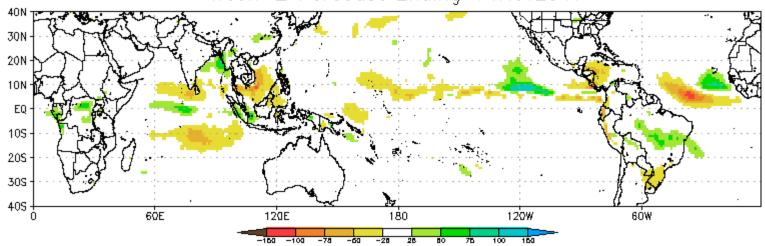
Tue 2017-10-31 1519 UTC

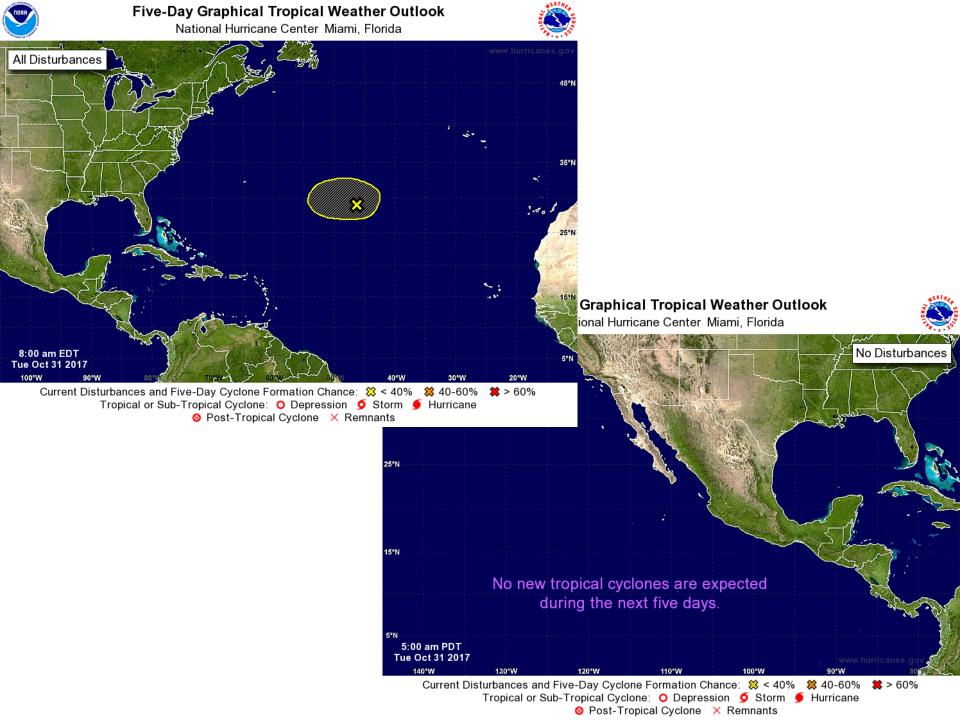
Carl Schreck (cjschrec@ncsu.edu)

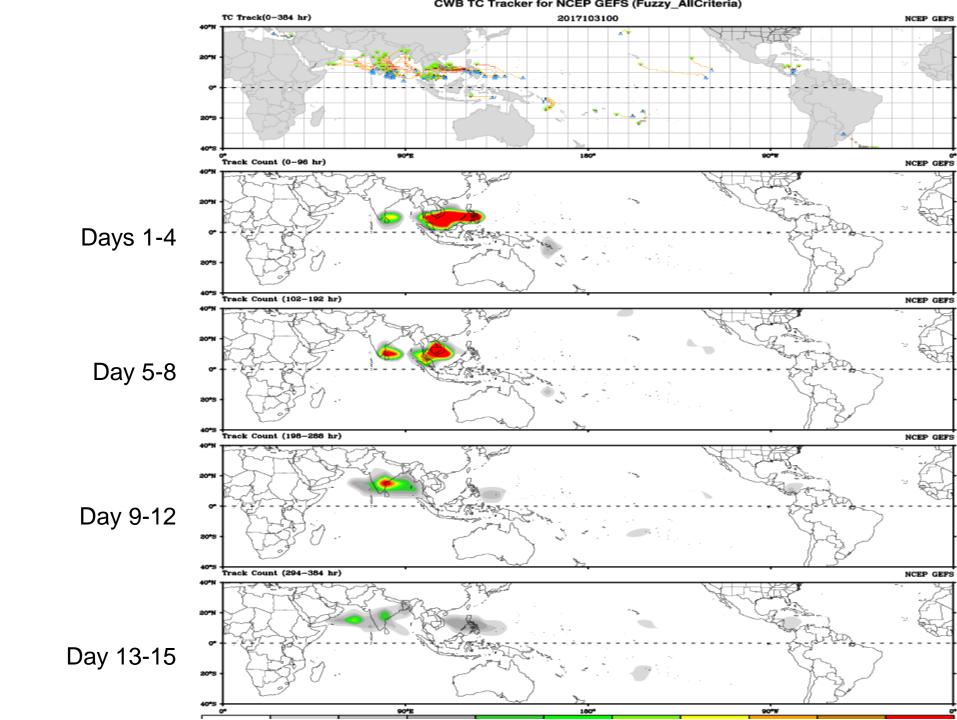
CFS Precipitation Anomalies (mm) Issued 300ct2017 Week—1 Forecast Ending 07Nov2017



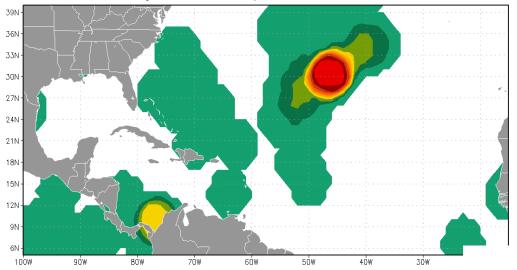
CFS Precipitation Anomalies (mm) Issued 300ct2017 Week-2 Forecast Ending 14Nov2017

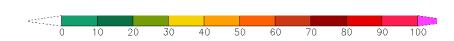




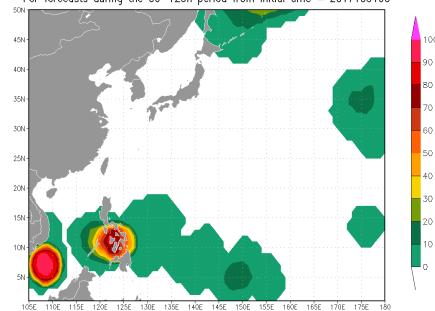


Ensemble—based Probability (%) of TC genesis using these global ensembles: NCEP CMC ECMWF For forecasts during the 00—120h period from initial time = 2017103100



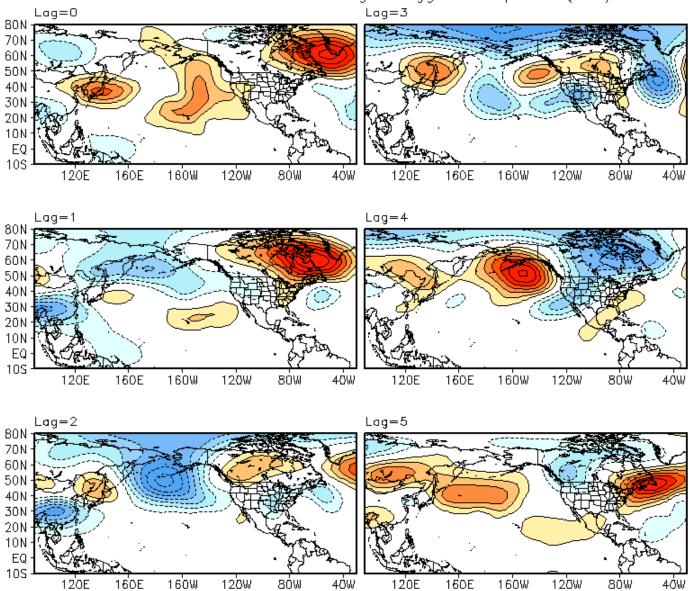


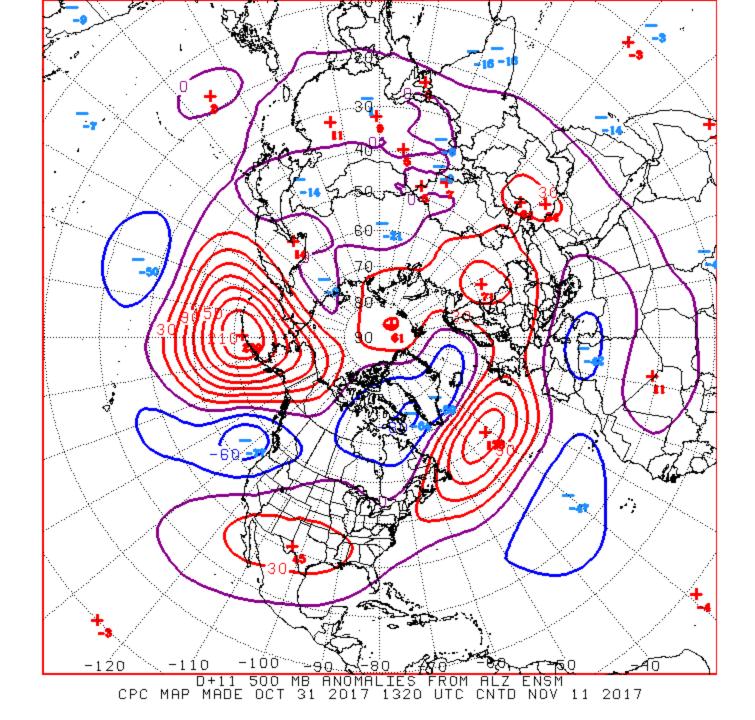
Ensemble-based Probability (%) of TC genesis using these global ensembles: NCEP CMC ECMWF
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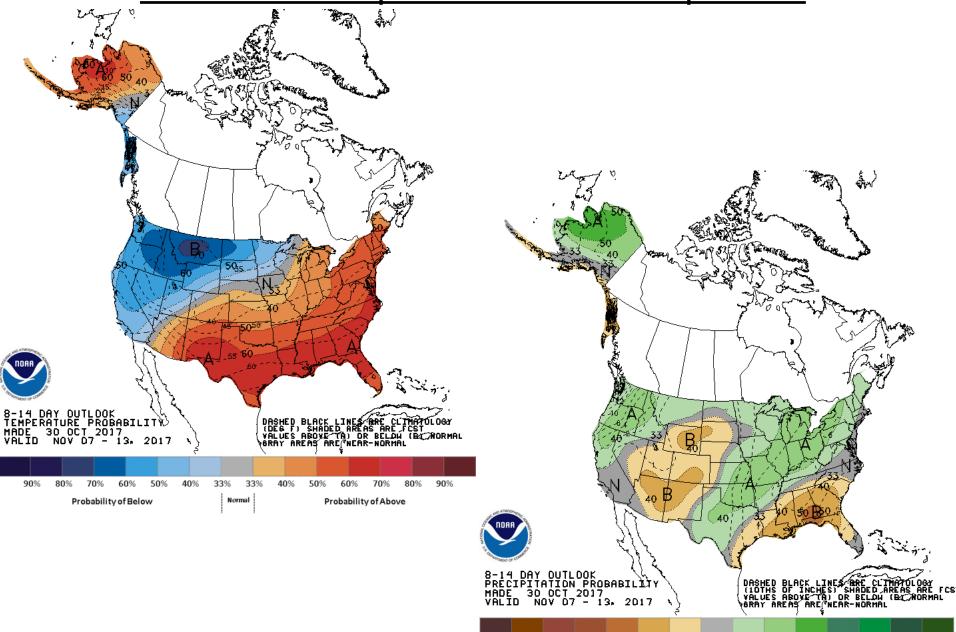
Connections to U.S. Impacts

RMM Phase 8 200-hPa Height Lagged Composite (ond)





Week 2 - Temperature and Precipitation



70%

Probability of Below

33%

Normal

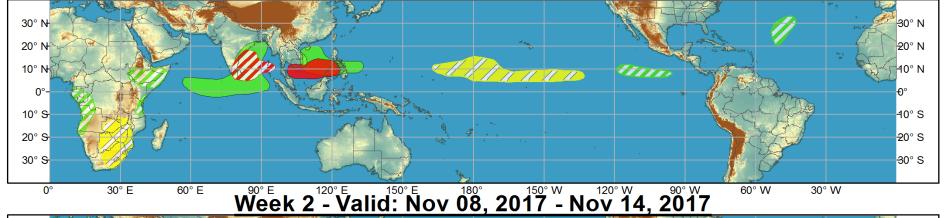
Probability of Above



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Above-normal temperatures











