# Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook

## <u>10/20/2020</u>

## Nick Novella

## <u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

## <u>Outlook</u> <u>Review</u>

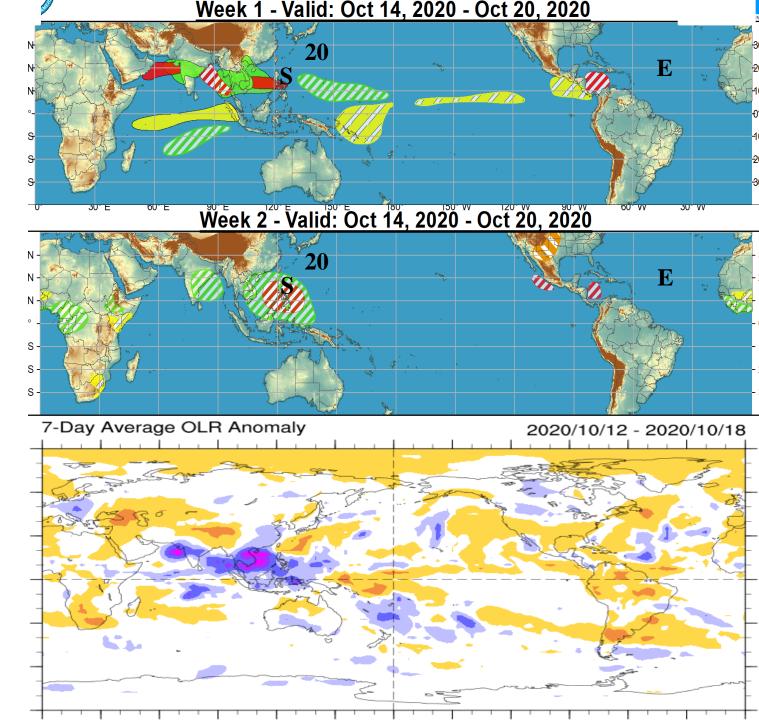
TS Saudel 10/19-present Peak: 45 kt winds

TS Epsilon 10/19-present Peak: 50 kt winds

<u>TD 20</u> 10/20-present Peak: 30kts

Cool shading More clouds/rain

Warm shading Less clouds/rain



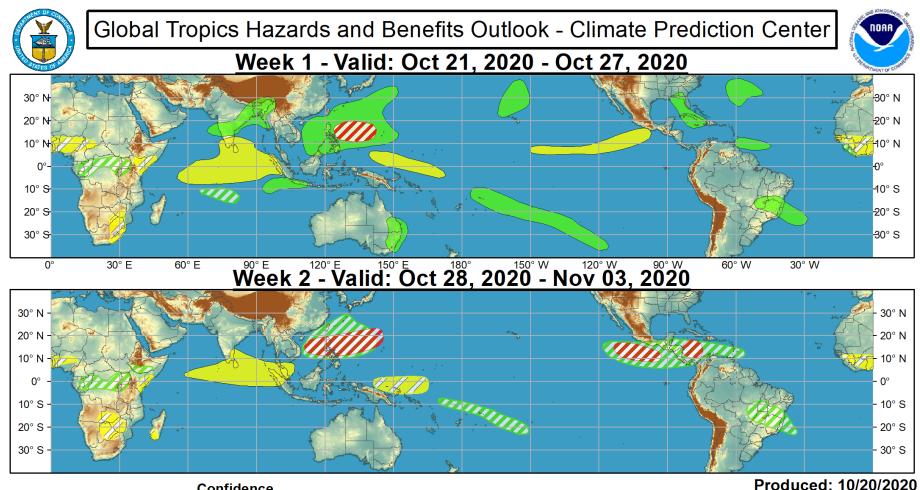
# Synopsis of Climate Modes

# ENSO: (October 8, 2020 Update) next update on the 12<sup>th</sup> of Nov. ENSO Alert System Status: La Niña Advisory

 La Niña is likely to continue through the Northern Hemisphere winter 2020-21 (~85% chance) and into spring 2021 (~60% chance during February-April).

### MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- The MJO has shown signs of strengthening as it has begun to propagate eastward over the Maritime Continent during the last week.
- Dynamical models indicate a continued eastward propagation of the MJO with varying degrees of amplitude and phase progression. Destructive interference between the MJO and the strengthening La Nina base state remains a concern, increasing uncertainty over the next two weeks.
- If the MJO does propagate eastward as fast as some ensemble members suggest, increased tropical cyclone (TC) activity is likely over the East Pacific and Caribbean (as tools and guidance indicate late in week-2). However, if the signal is slow to propagate, continued TC activity is anticipated over the West Pacific.



#### Confidence High Moderate

**Tropical Cyclone Formation** 

Above-average rainfall

Below-average rainfall

Above-normal temperatures

**Below-normal temperatures** 

Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.











Forecaster: Novella

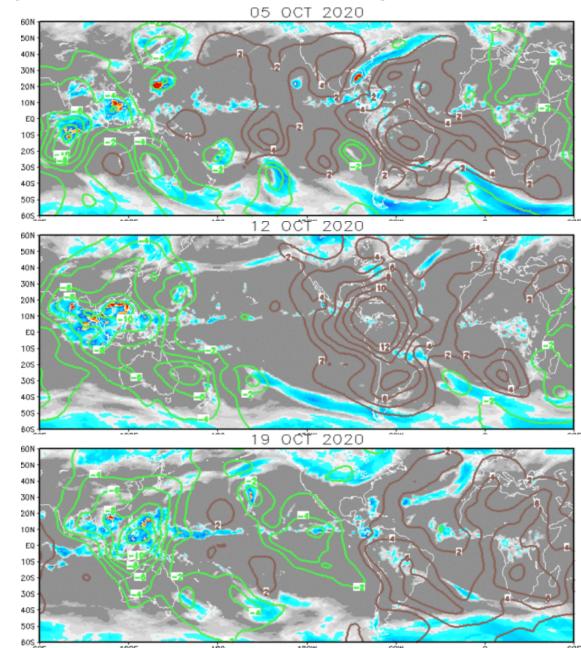
### **IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies**

Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

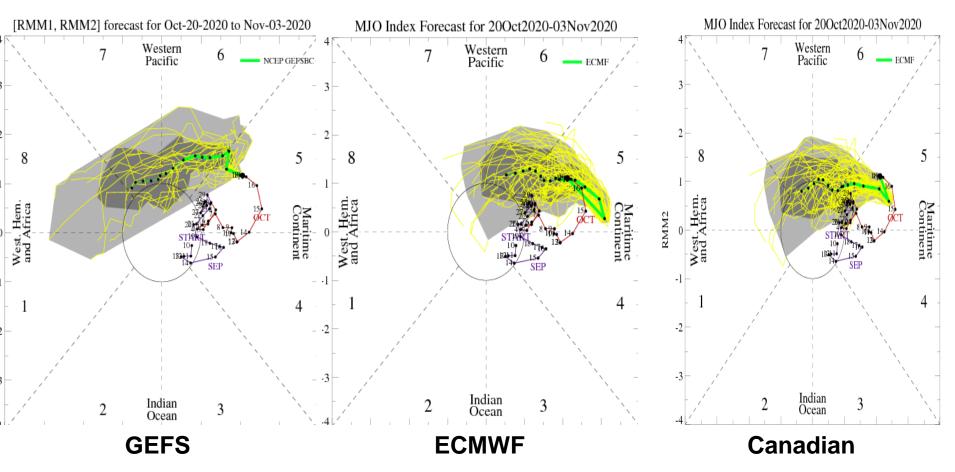
Little to no propagation of the pattern, and if anything maybe it shifts westward. Little coherence over the Tropical Pacific.

Increased organization, but still little to no large-scale movement.

Suppressed phase shifted eastward, becoming less wave-1 like in recent days.

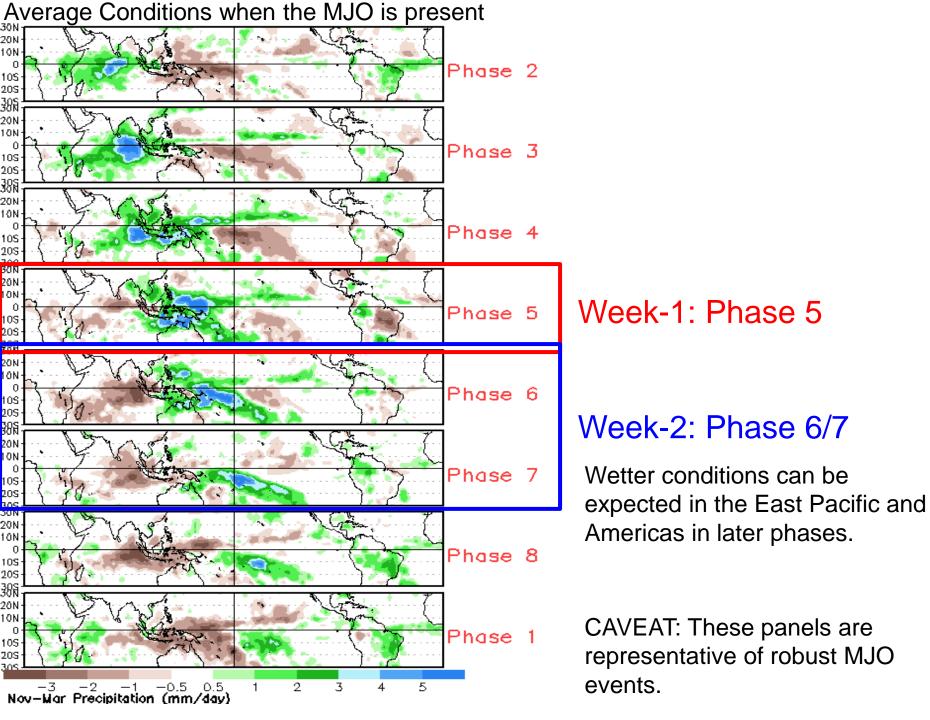


## **MJO Observation/Forecast**



Dynamical models continue to propagate the intraseasonal signal eastward over the next two weeks.

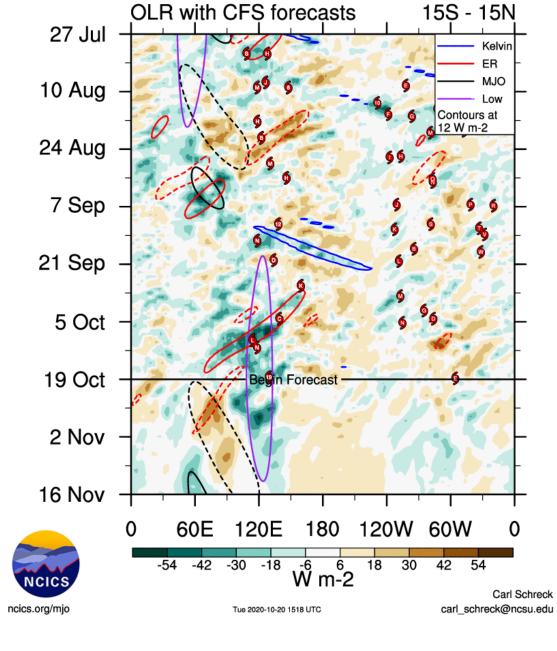
Similar to the RMM forecasts last week, there is a large degree of spread with a faster progression of the signal (esp CFS) compared to the ECMWF and Canadian which depict westward moving variability in the near term.

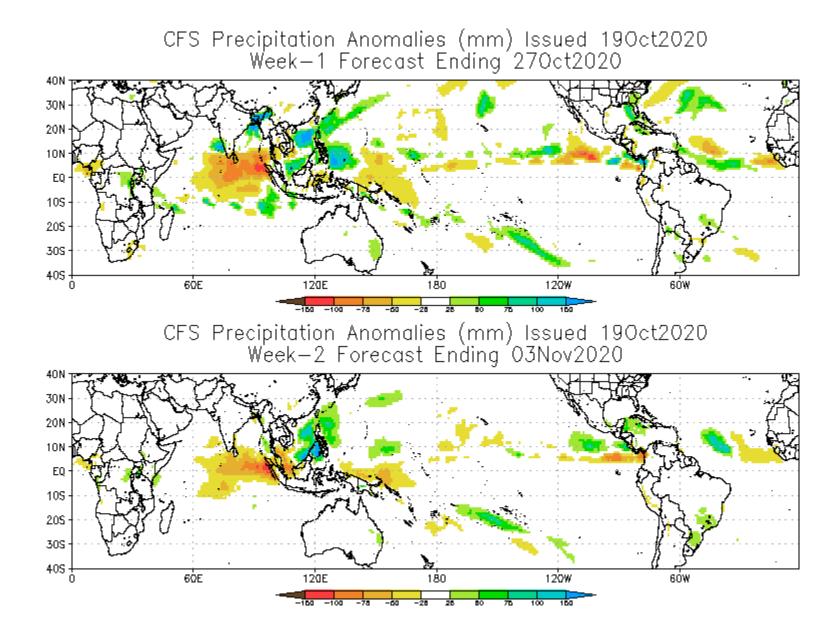


**Rossby** wave tied to TC activity in last several weeks.

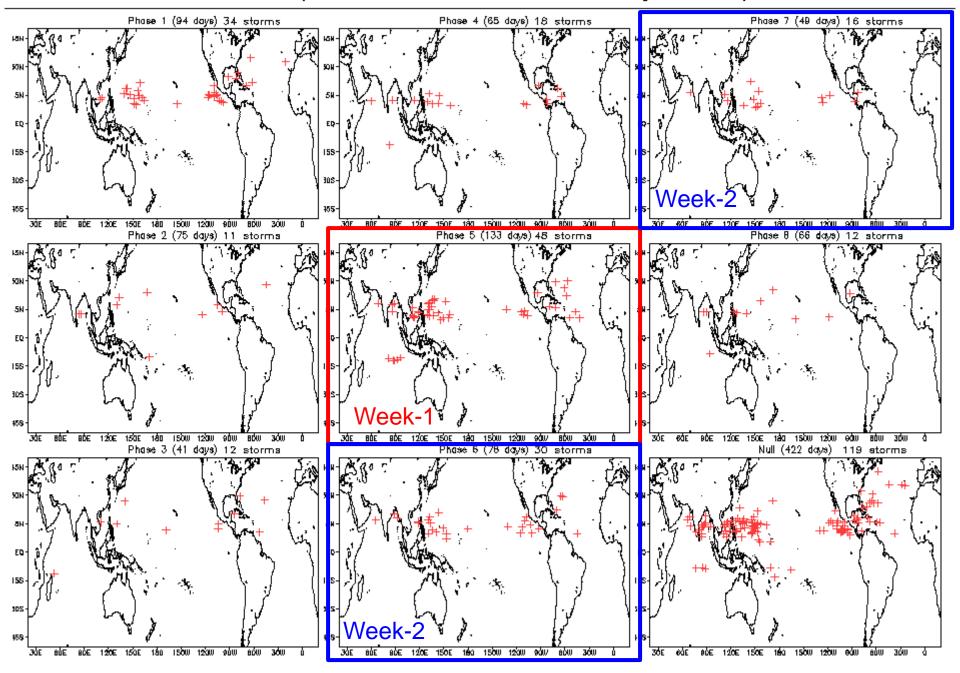
Though not analyzed in this latitude average, the **low frequency state** (La Niña) continues to suppress convection west of the Date Line.

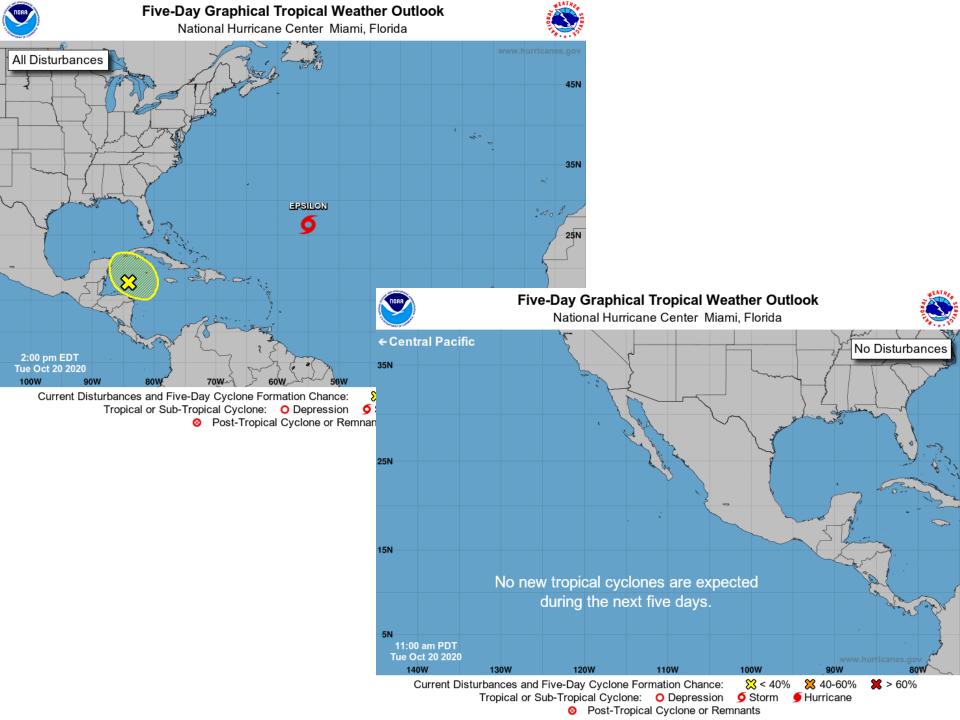
A weakness in the suppressed convective signal is apparent near the Date Line in the CFS forecast, with more enhanced convection east of 120W later in the period.

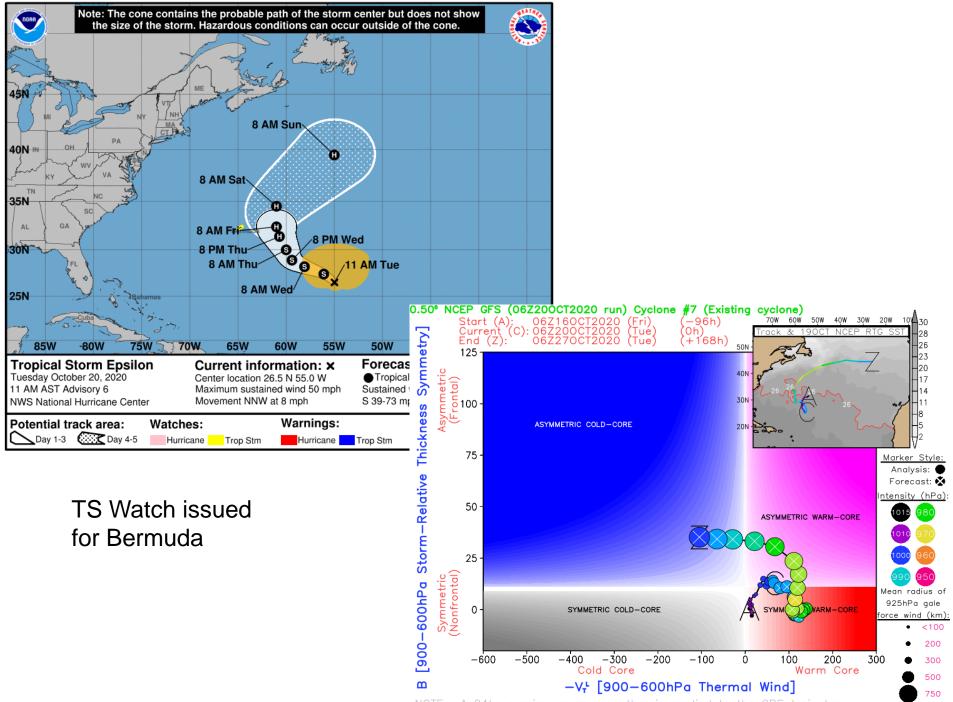




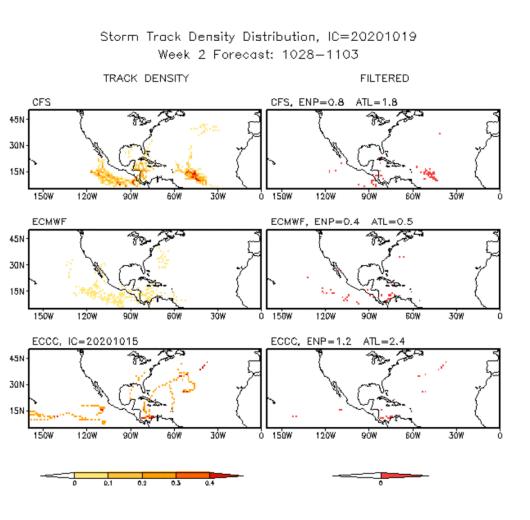
October Tropical Storm Formation by MJO phase

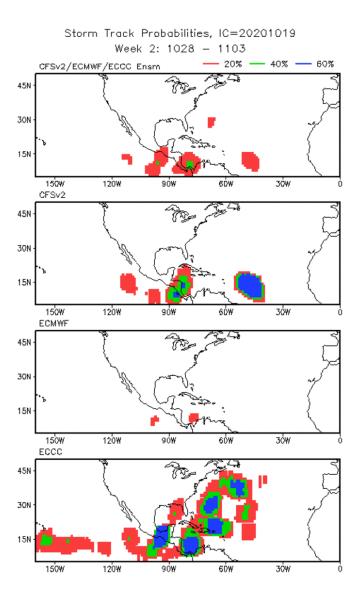






NOTE: A 24hr running mean smoother is applied to the CPS trajectory.

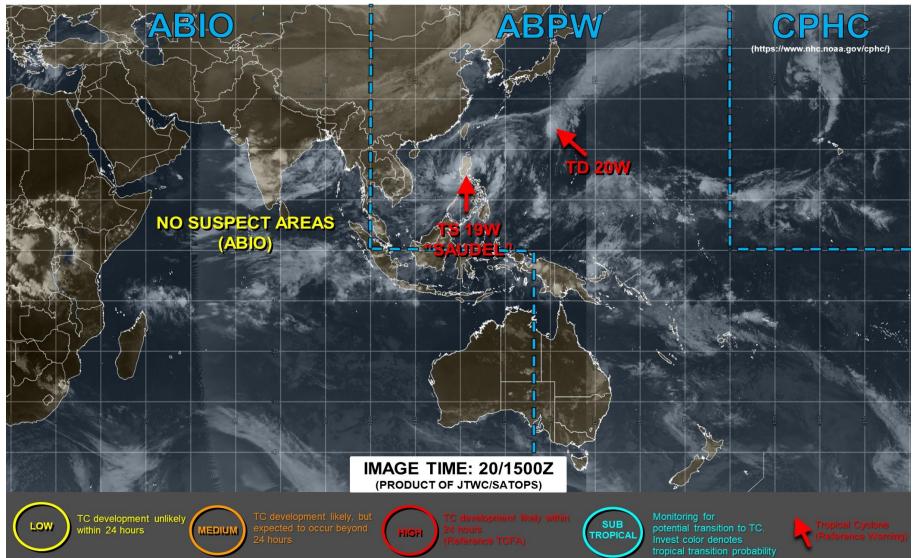


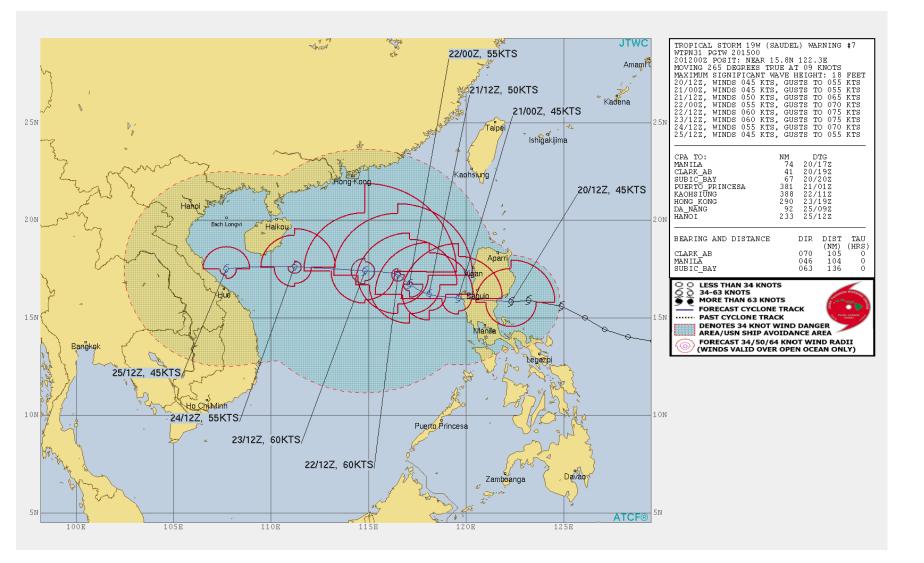


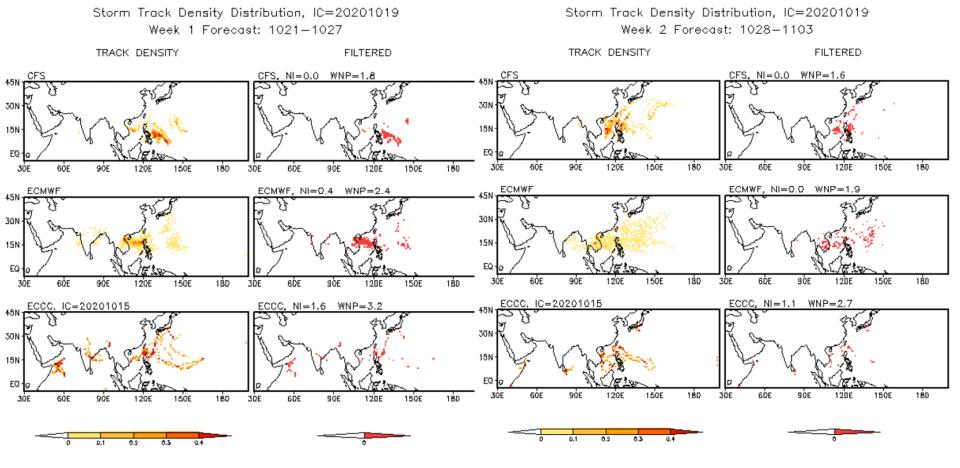


### JOINT TYPHOON WARNING CENTER

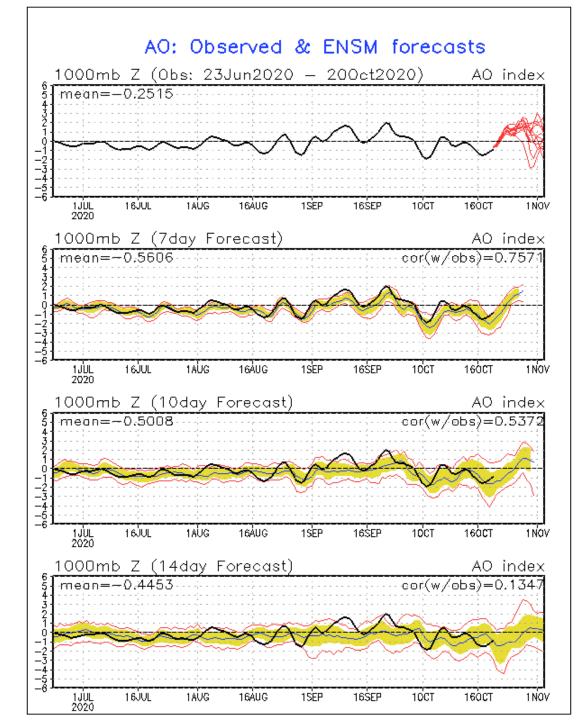


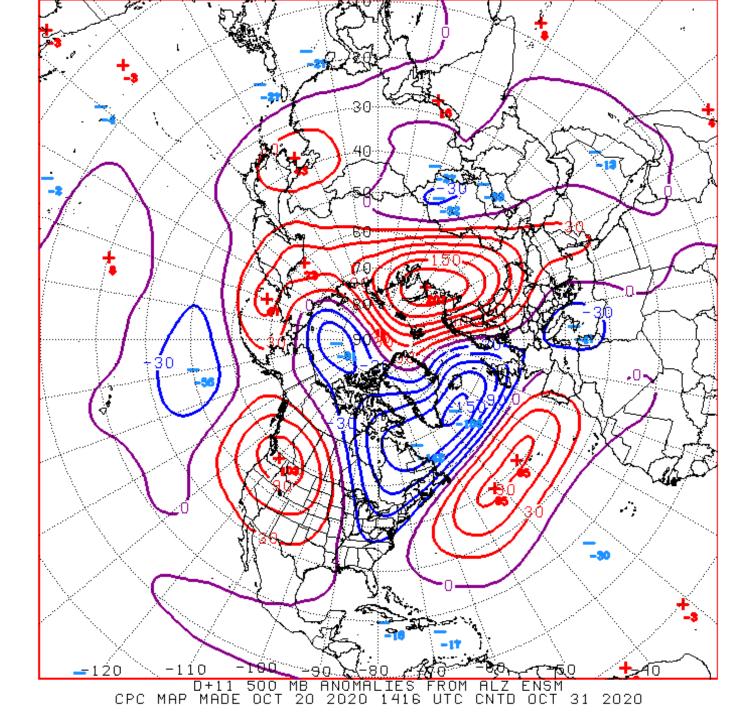




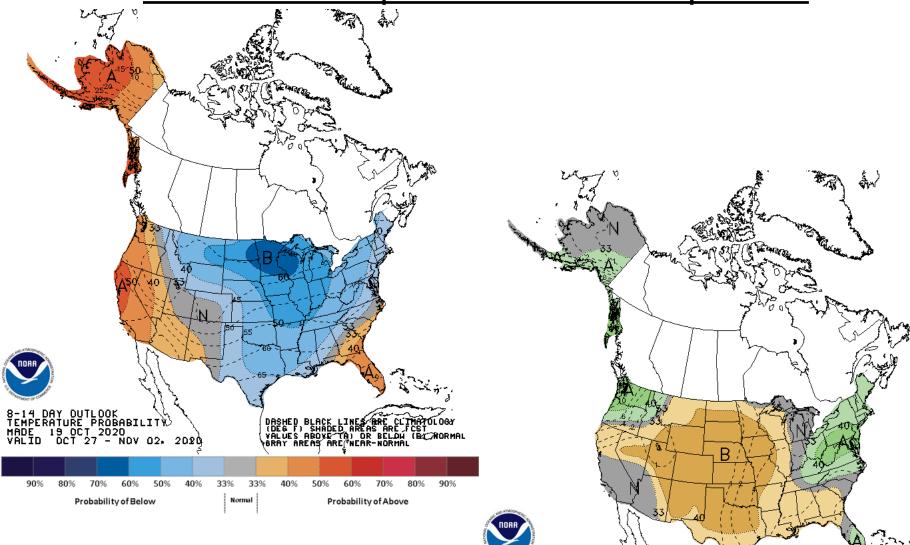


## **Connections to U.S. Impacts**

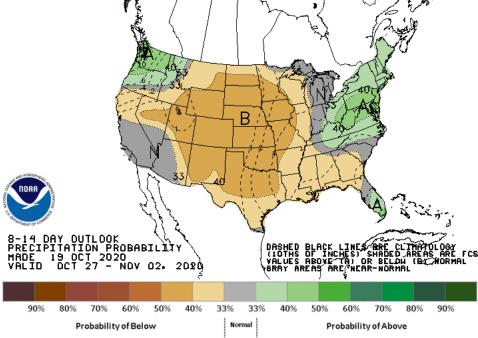


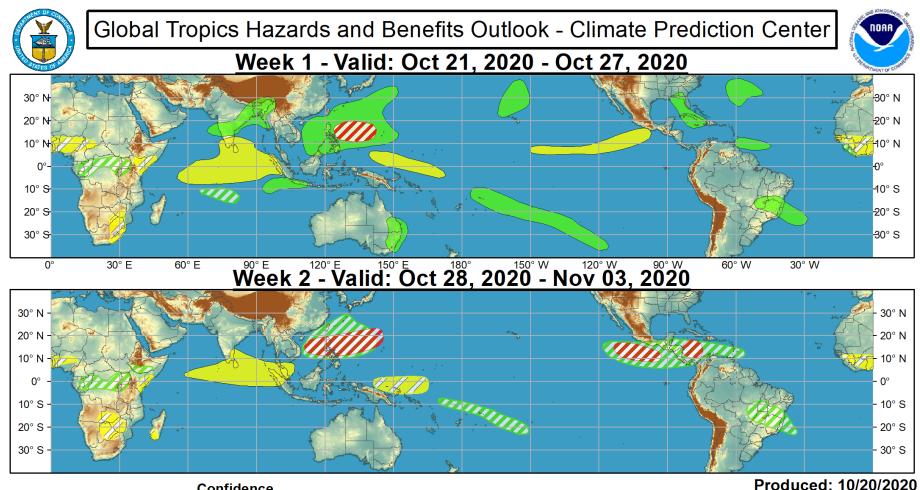


## Week 2 – Temperature and Precipitation



Increasing confidence exists for cold air across the Central U.S., probabilities are likely to be higher for below-normal temperatures today.





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