Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook

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<u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

<u>Outlook</u> <u>Review</u>



Cool shading More clouds/rain

Warm shading Less clouds/rain

Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO: (March 11, 2021 Update) next update on 8th of April ENSO Alert System Status: La Niña Advisory

 There is a ~60% chance of a transition from La Niña to ENSO-Neutral during the Northern Hemisphere spring 2021 (April-June).

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- An MJO signal remains apparent in the upper-level velocity potential field, and has shown signs of better organization during the last week.
- Fair agreement among the dynamical models exists which forecast the continued eastward propagation of the MJO in phase 1 during week-1, but favor an overall decrease in amplitude during week-2.
- Enhanced precipitation is favored across portions of the Western hemisphere, with a
 potential for flooding impacts over parts of South America. While tropical activity
 looks relatively quiet during week-1, an uptick in TC activity would be expected over
 the Indian Ocean should the MJO remain robust towards the end of March.



Confidence

Tropical Cyclone Formation

Above-average rainfall

Below-average rainfall

Above-normal temperatures

Below-normal temperatures

High Moderate

Forecaster: Novella Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.











IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

Rossby/Kelvin wave interference helped generate a broader convective envelope over the Indian Ocean/Maritime Continent.

The enhanced envelope has propagated eastward across the Pacific, though most of the signal is off-Equator due to La Niña interference.

The enhanced envelope continued to shift east with the signal concentrated along the equatorial Atlantic and Gulf of Guinea. Suppressed conditions returned to much of the Pacific.



MJO Observation/Forecast



The GEFS forecast depicts a gradual increase in MJO amplitude while propagating eastward in phase 1 during week-1, before decreasing in amplitude during week-2. Several ensemble members continue to depict a strong event crossing the Indian Ocean and reaching the Maritime Continent by the end of March

Both the CFS and the ECWMF favor a weaker amplitude event, with the latter suggesting a faster phase speed (phase 5 by end of March)

Average Conditions when the MJO is present



CAVEAT: These panels are representative of robust MJO events.

While not entirely analyzed, **MJO** activity is apparent in the OLR wide (15S-15N) field.

Low frequency contours depict ENSO cold conditions, which continue to drive suppressed convection along the Date Line. Signal appears weaker in the forecast.

Rossby Wave activity enhancing convection is observed near the Maritime Continent recently.



March Tropical Storm Formation by MJO phase





JOINT TYPHOON WARNING CENTER





LOW

IEDIUM

HIGH

TROPICAL

potential transition to TC.







Connections to U.S. Impacts







Week 2 – Temperature and Precipitation





Confidence High Moderate

Tropical Cyclone Formation

Above-average rainfall

Below-average rainfall

Above-normal temperatures

Below-normal temperatures

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