Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook

8/3/2021

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<u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

<u>Outlook</u> <u>Review</u>

TC's formed since 7/28:

- TD13 (WPAC)
- TD12 (WPAC)
- TD9 (EPAC)
- Hilda (EPAC)
- Ignacio (EPAC)

Cool shading More clouds/rain

Warm shading Less clouds/rain



Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO: (July 8, 2021 Update)

next update on 12th of Aug.!

- ENSO Alert System Status: La Niña Watch
- ENSO-neutral is favored through the Northern Hemisphere summer and into the fall (51% chance for the August-October season), with La Niña potentially emerging during the September-November season and lasting through the 2021-22 winter (66% chance during November-January).

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- Both atmospheric Kelvin wave and MJO activity are present in the tropics, with the enhanced phase entering the Western Hemisphere during last week.
- RMM forecasts favor the continued eastward propagation of the MJO while a briefly decreasing in amplitude during week-1, followed by a strengthening of the signal over the Western Hemisphere and into the Indian Ocean during week-2.
- The large scale environment is expected to be conducive for continues (weakening) tropical cyclone activity over the East (West) Pacific, with increasing chances for development in the tropical Atlantic during the outlook period.



Tropical Cyclone Formation

Above-average rainfall

Below-average rainfall

Above-normal temperatures

Below-normal temperatures

Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.











IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

Well organized MJO crossing the Maritime Continent, with monsoonal interactions and tropical cyclones resulting in areas of copious rainfall.

As the MJO moved to the Pacific. the enhanced phase became more elongated as a Kelvin wave over the East Pacific begins to separate from the main envelope.

This Kelvin wave detached (now near the Prime Meridian) from the main envelope has entered the Western Hemisphere with suppressed conditions also shifting eastward with time.



MJO Observation/Forecast



All models generally show the continued eastward propagation of the MJO that weakens in amplitude during week-1 before restrengthening over Africa and the Indian Ocean during week-2.

Intraseasonal events entering the Indian Ocean tend to result in a period of favorability for TC genesis across the tropical Atlantic.



CAVEAT: These panels are representative of robust MJO events.



MJO activity continues to come through the filtering in the VP field, with a notable enhancement over the Indian Ocean later in the period.

Kelvin wave activity crossing the Pacific contributed to TC formation in the East Pacific.



August Tropical Storm Formation by MJO phase













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LOH/Nave Tropical Depr Tropical Strn Category 2 Category 3 Category 4 Category 5 Category 4 Category 5 Category 7 Category 5 Category 7 Ca L - Tropical Depression 6 - Tropical Storm – Hurricane/Typhoon (w/ category)

Connections to U.S. Impacts



Week 2 – Temperature and Precipitation





Tropical Cyclone Formation

Above-average rainfall

Below-average rainfall

Above-normal temperatures

Below-normal temperatures

Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

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