Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook 10/19/2021

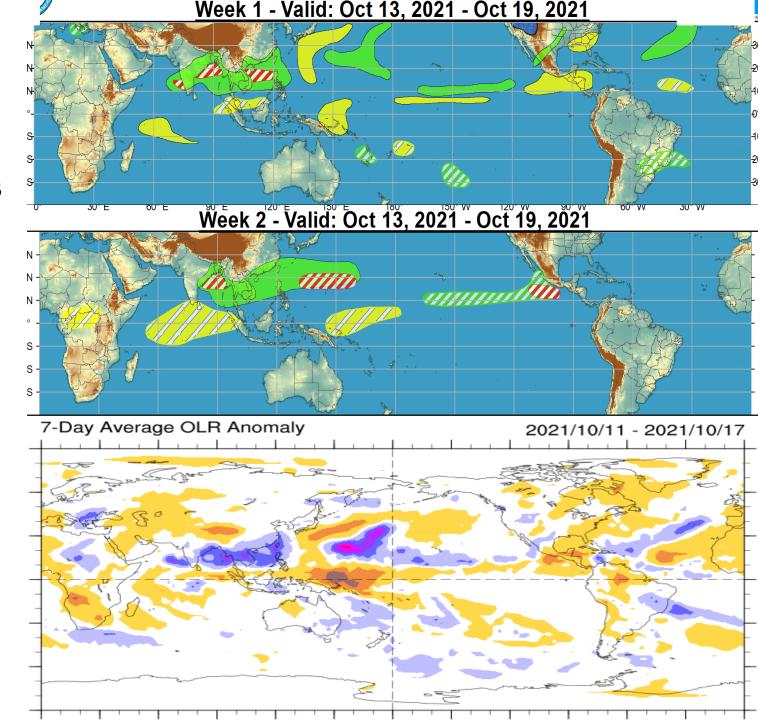
Nick Novella

<u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

<u>Outlook</u> <u>Review</u>

No TCs formed since Wed 10/13



Cool shading More clouds/rain

Warm shading Less clouds/rain

Synopsis of Climate Modes

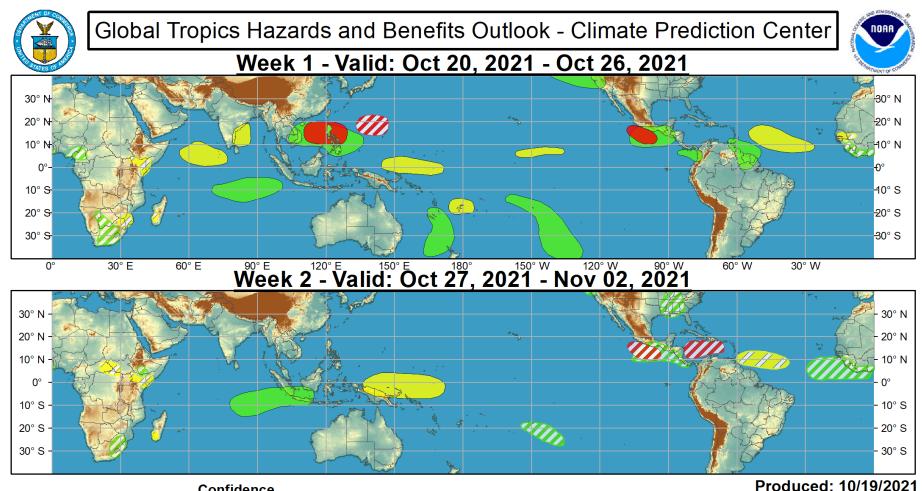
ENSO: (September 9, 2021 Update)

next update on 11th of Nov.

- ENSO Alert System Status: La Niña Advisory
- La Niña conditions have developed and are expected to continues with an 87% chance of La Niña in December 2021 - February 2022.

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- The RMM index shows the MJO weakened substantially during the last week, tied to destructive interference with the developing La Niña.
- RMM forecasts point to the reemergence of the intraseasonal signal over the Western Hemisphere, with some uncertainty in regards to its amplitude.
- This transition of the MJO favors tropical cyclone formation across the East Pacific on the near term, with increasingly favorable conditions for development over the Caribbean/Atlantic during late October and early November.



Confidence High Moderate

Tropical Cyclone Formation

Above-average rainfall

Below-average rainfall

Above-normal temperatures

Below-normal temperatures

Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.











Forecaster: Novella

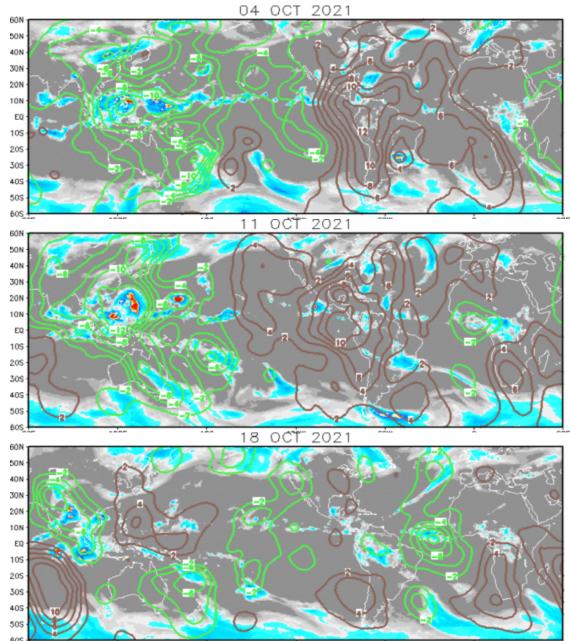
IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

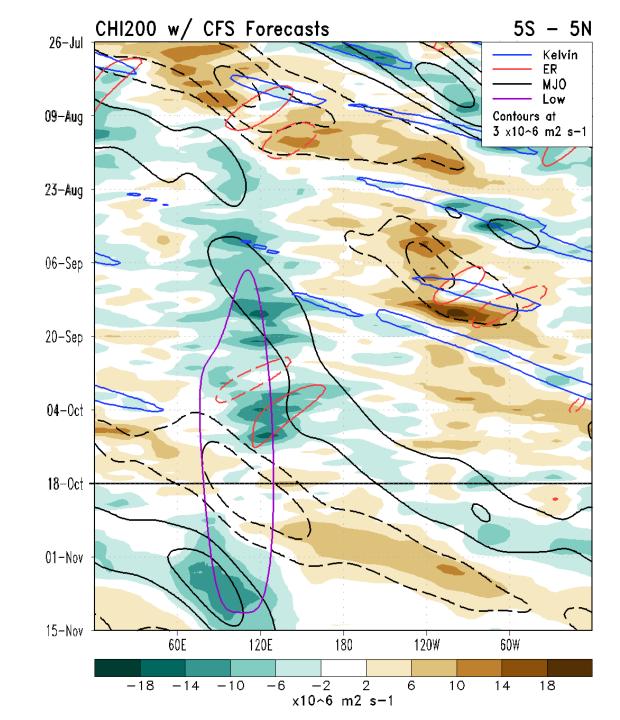
A more coherent wave-1 pattern became established in early Oct, with a Kelvin wave over the East Pacific.

The wave-1 pattern persists with limited propagation. The Kelvin wave formerly over the East Pacific is now near the Prime Meridian.

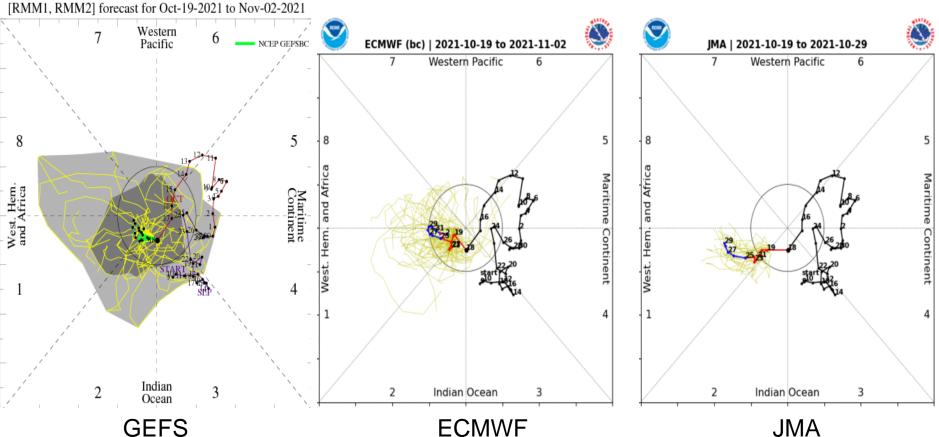
The wave-1 pattern has since devolved likely due to destructive interference over the Pacific. Enhanced conditions observed east of the Date Line.



MJO activity is coming through the filtering east of the the Date Line, as the suppressed phase destructively interferes with the **low frequency** signal over the Maritime Continent.



MJO Observation/Forecast

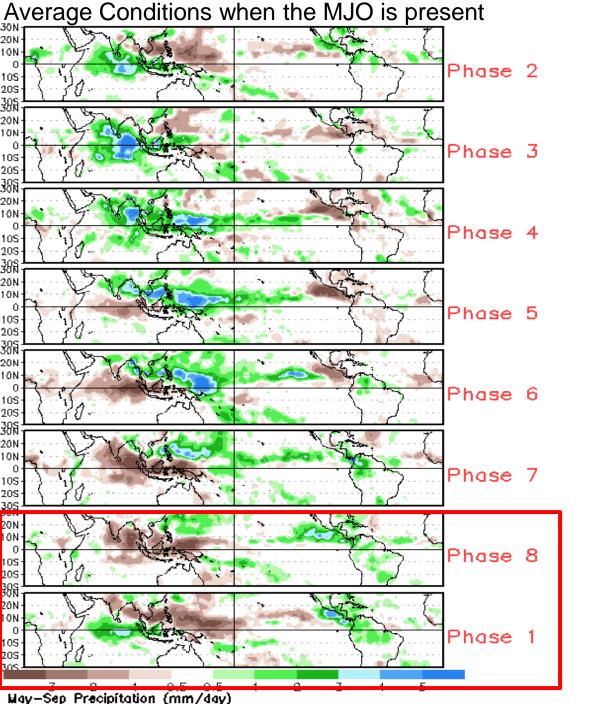


ECMWF

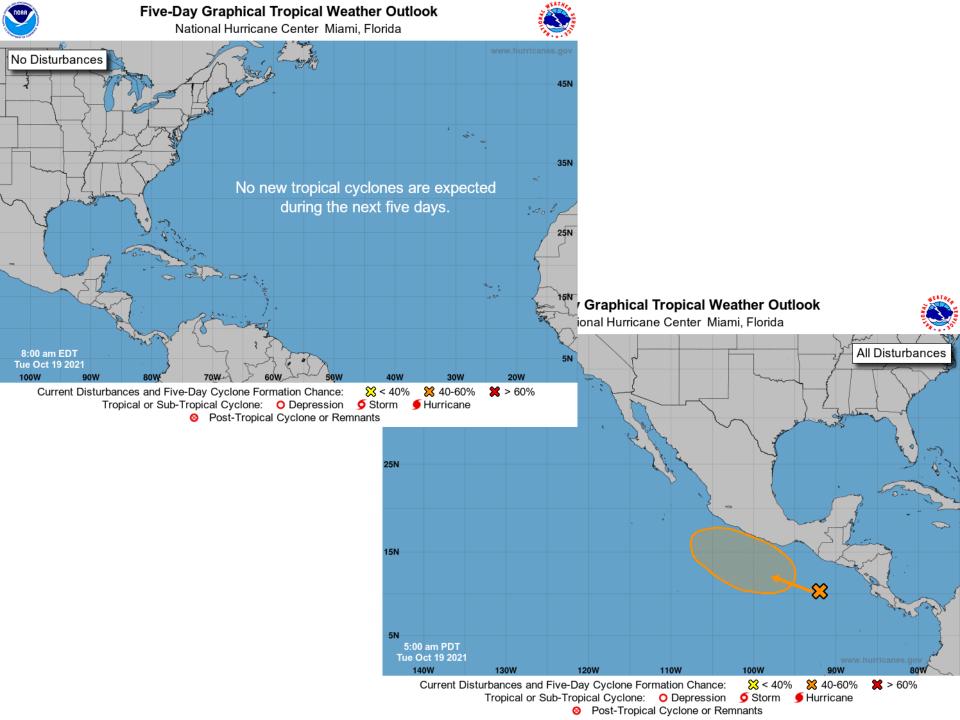
JMA

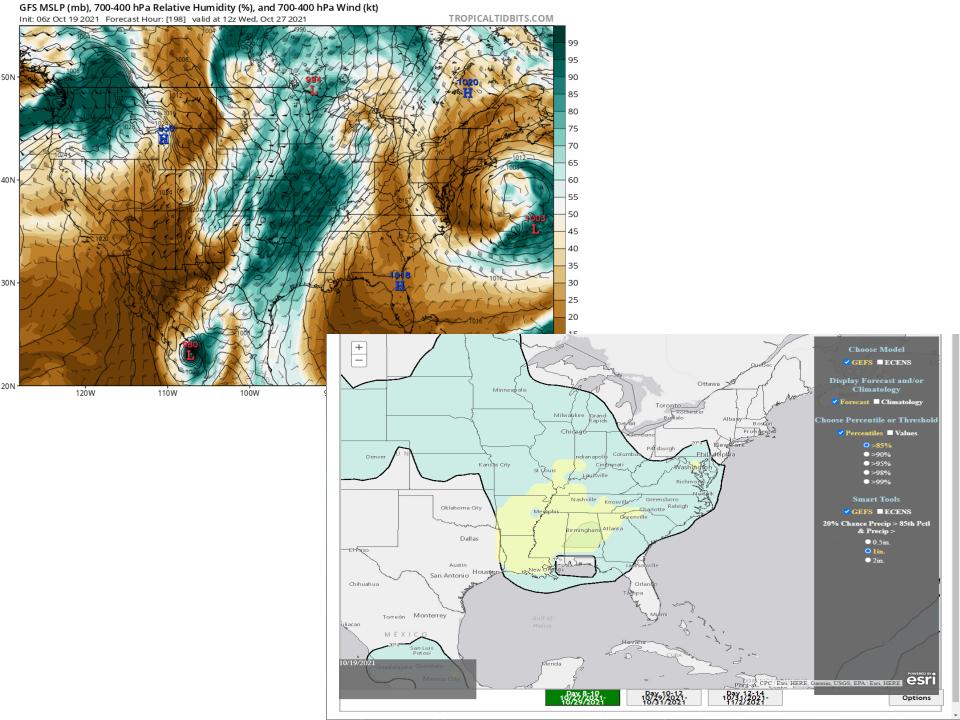
There is fair agreement in the models which show the intraseasonal signal gaining amplitude over the Western Hemisphere during the next two weeks, with several ensemble members depicting a high amplitude event. Note that, due to the building La Nina, points in RMM space are likely skewed towards the right (phases 4 and 5).

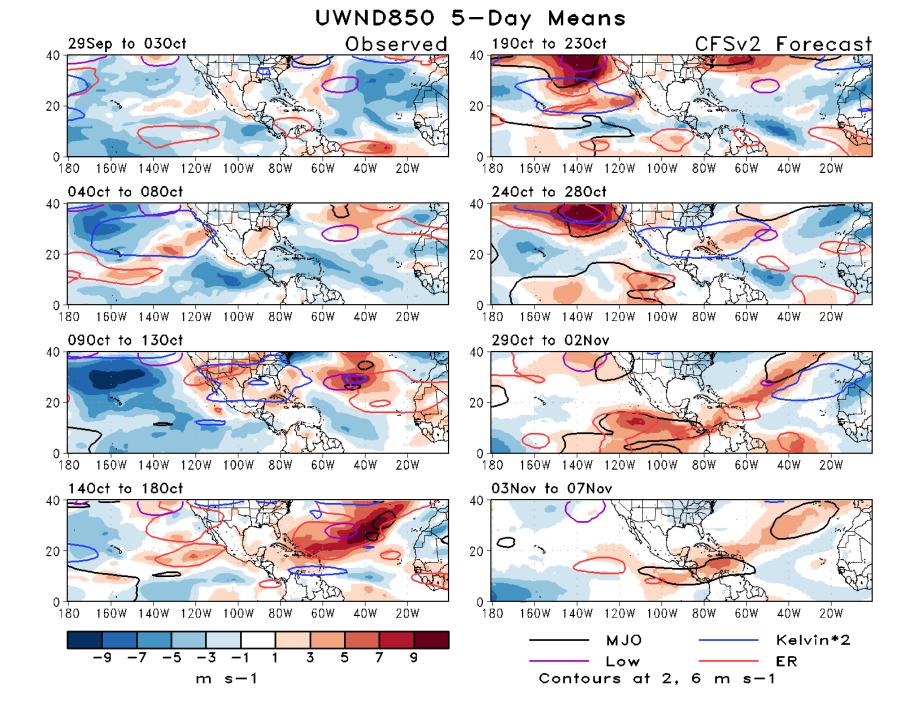
Decreasing RMM1 values (x-axis) in the forecast appears to be driven by the development of anomalous low-level westerlies favored in the models over the eastern Pacific and Caribbean, implicative of increased tropical cyclone potential.



CAVEAT: These panels are representative of robust MJO events.

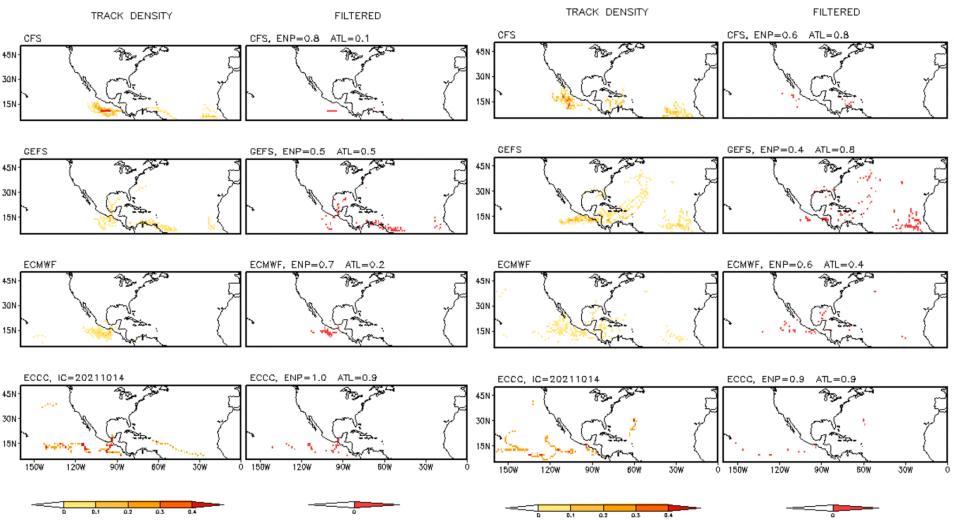






Storm Track Density Distribution, IC=20211018 Week 1 Forecast: 1020-1026

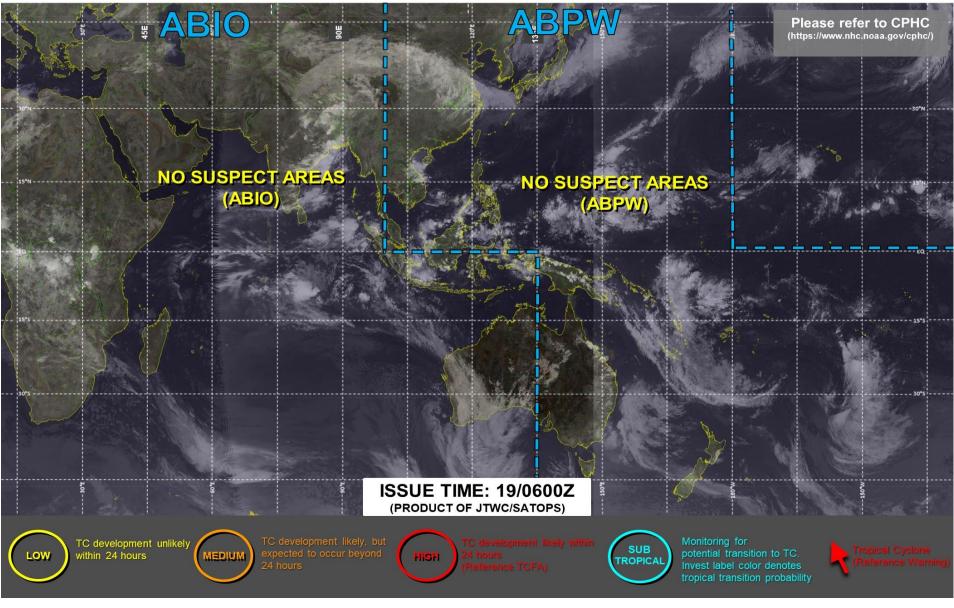
Storm Track Density Distribution, IC=20211018 Week 2 Forecast: 1027-1102





JOINT TYPHOON WARNING CENTER

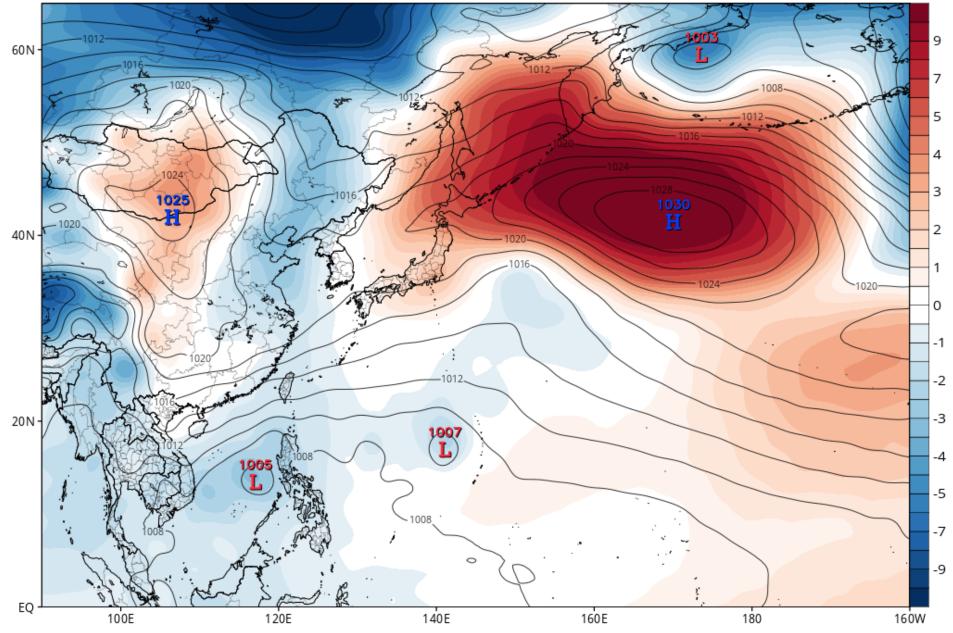




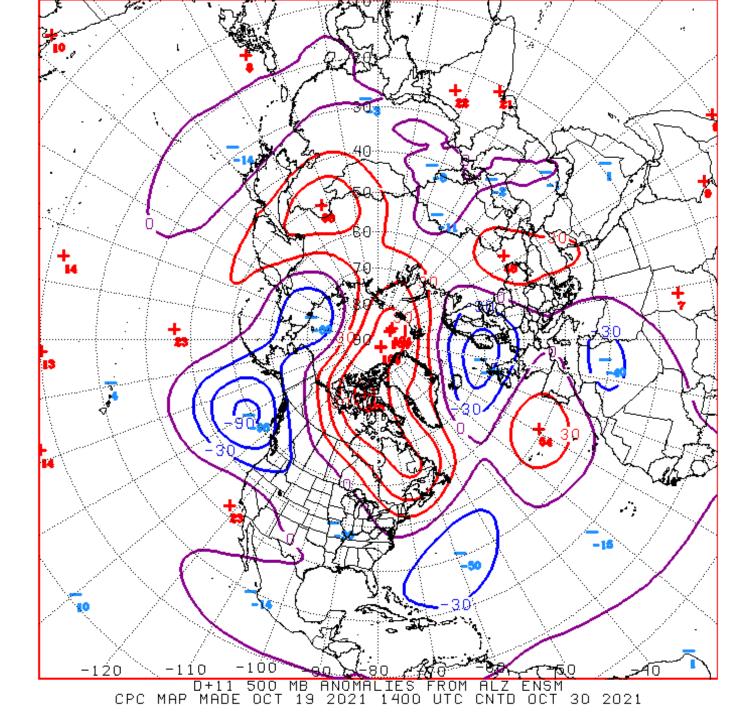
GEFS MSLP and Anomaly (hPa) (based on CFSR 1981-2010 Climatology)

Init: 00z Oct 19 2021 Forecast Hour: [174] valid at 06z Tue, Oct 26 2021

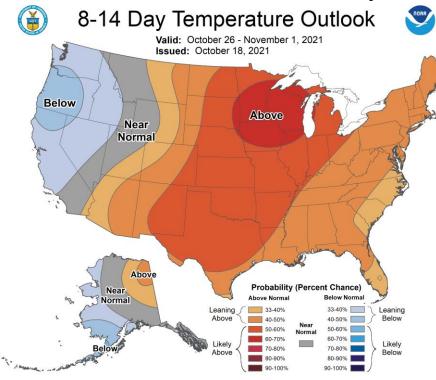
TROPICALTIDBITS.COM



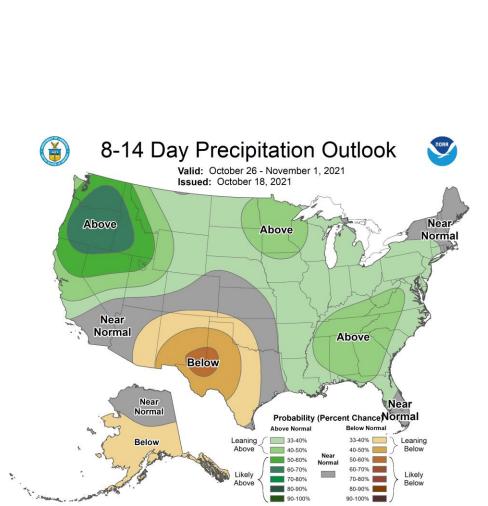
Connections to U.S. Impacts

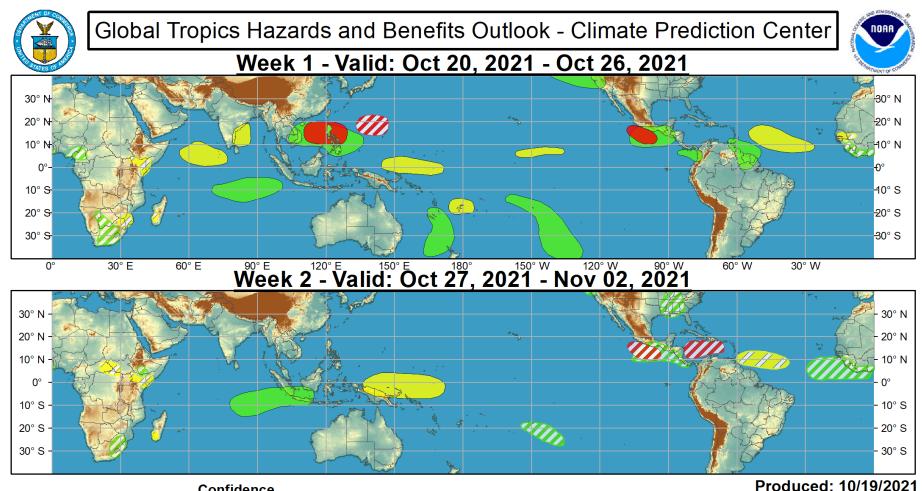


Week 2 – Temperature and Precipitation



Possibly wetter today across the Southern Plains due to the weakness in the circulation on the prior slide.





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