Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook 11/9/2021

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<u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

<u>Outlook</u> <u>Review</u>

TCs formed since 11/3:

Sandra (11/7) Terry (11/4)





Warm shading Less clouds/rain



Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO: (October 14, 2021 Update)

next update on 11th of Nov.!

- ENSO Alert System Status: La Niña Advisory
- La Niña conditions have developed and are expected to continue with an 87% chance of La Niña in December 2021- February 2022.

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- The MJO signal remains weak as reflected in the RMM index, which has continued to show a low amplitude intraseasonal signal since mid-October.
- During the past week, much of the signal in RMM space appears to be driven by Kelvin and Rossby wave activity over parts of the Indian Ocean and the Maritime Continent, which looks to contribute to tropical cyclone formation over the eastern Hemisphere. Conversely, there are decreased chances for TC activity in the Western Hemisphere during the next two weeks.
- Dynamical models favor eastward propagation of the MJO over the Maritime Continent but maintain low amplitude during the outlook period.



Confidence High Moderate

Tropical Cyclone Formation

Above-average rainfall

Below-average rainfall

Above-normal temperatures

Below-normal temperatures

Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Weekly total rainfall in the upper third of the historical range.

Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.











Forecaster: Novella

IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

A larger-scale signal developed over the eastern Indian Ocean.

Kelvin Wave indicated across the Eastern Atlantic and Africa. Suppressed conditions prevail over the Western Hemisphere

Kelvin Wave and Rossby wave activity contributing to enhanced upper-level divergence and convection over the Indian Ocean and Maritime Continent.



MJO Observation/Forecast



Dynamical models show a renewed eastward propagation of the MJO signal within the RMM-unit circle, with possible amplification across the Maritime Continent and Western Pacific over the next 2 weeks.

There is a fairly large spread among the ensemble members. The ECMWF ensemble is the most robust in terms of amplification.



CAVEAT: These panels are representative of robust MJO events.

MJO signal is has been weak or non-existent for much of October.

Kelvin wave activity is seen crossing Africa and the Indian Ocean to interact with Rossby wave activity near 90W at present.

Low frequency contours depict persistent La Niña conditions.



Following a period where an eastward propagating feature disrupted the **low frequency** footprint during mid-October, there is little indication of this occurring again soon in the extended range guidance, with the La Nina circulation favored to become better established during the next several weeks.



November Tropical Storm Formation by MJO phase











JOINT TYPHOON WARNING CENTER



tropical transition probability



GFS MSLP and Anomaly (hPa) (based on CFSR 1981-2010 Climatology)

Init: 12z Nov 09 2021 Forecast Hour: [24] valid at 12z Wed, Nov 10 2021

TROPICALTIDBITS.COM



GFS MSLP and Anomaly (hPa) (based on CFSR 1981-2010 Climatology)

Init: 12z Nov 09 2021 Forecast Hour: [162] valid at 06z Tue, Nov 16 2021

TROPICALTIDBITS.COM



Connections to U.S. Impacts



Week 2 – Temperature and Precipitation







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