Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook 12/21/2021

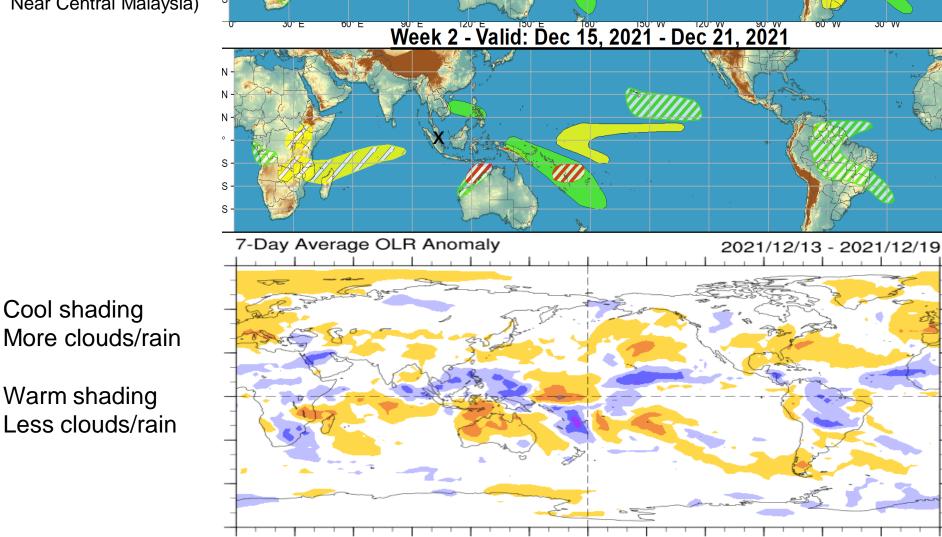
Thomas Collow

<u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

Outlook Review

X = TD29W (Short lived system Near Central Malaysia)



<u> Week 1 - Valid: Dec 15, 2021 - Dec 21, 2021</u>

Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO: (December 9, 2021 Update)

next update on 13th of Jan.!

- ENSO Alert System Status: <u>La Niña Advisory</u>
- La Niña is favored to continue through the Northern Hemisphere winter 2021-22 (~95% chance) and transition to ENSO-neutral during the spring 2022 (~60% chance during April-June).

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

- The MJO remains active, and is located over the Western Pacific (RMM phase 7), but its amplitude has decreased relative to last week
- The MJO is forecast to destructively interfere with Rossby wave activity and the low frequency La Niña base state, which is likely to continue to hinder its eastward propagation.
- The GEFS and ECMWF ensembles indicate the MJO remaining nearly stationary across the West Pacific, with large ensemble spread regarding its amplitude.



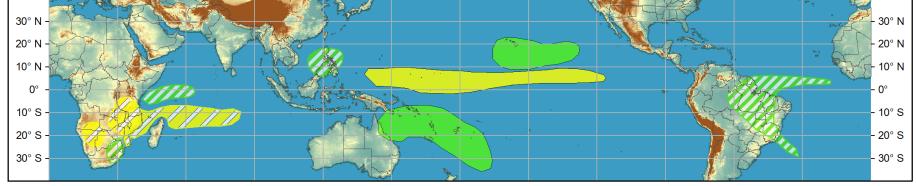
Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center







Week 2 - Valid: Dec 29, 2021 - Jan 04, 2022



Confidence Produced: 12/21/2021

High Moderate Forecaster: Collow

Tropical Cyclone Formation Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Above-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

Below-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.













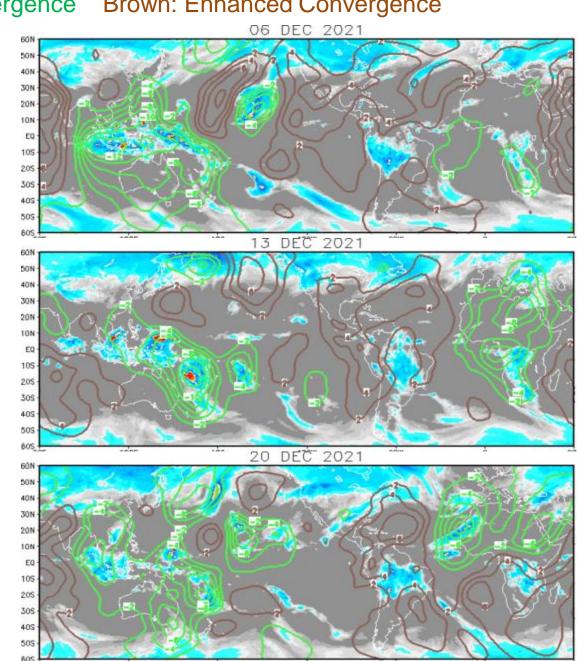
IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

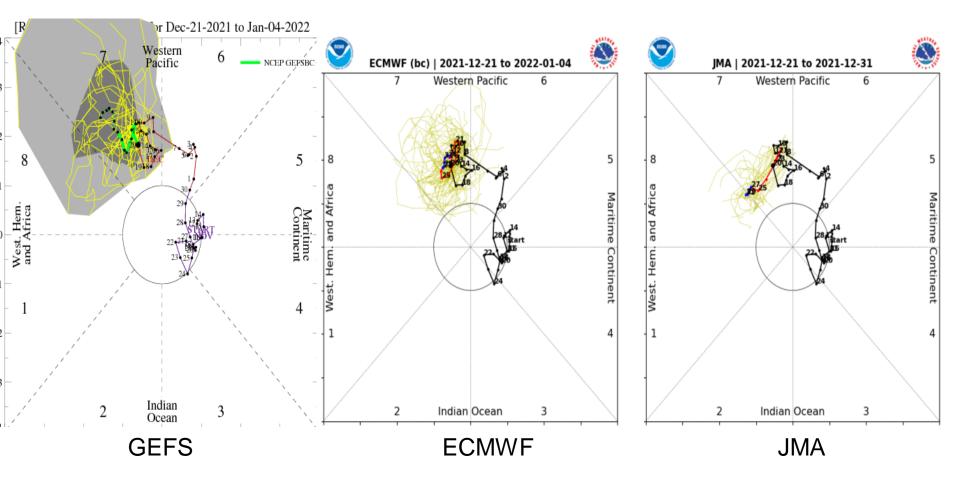
Enhanced convection expands across the Maritime Continent and West Pacific including over the South Pacific Convergence Zone.

Wave-2 pattern emerges with continued enhanced convection over the southwest Pacific, with enhanced convection also expanding over Africa in the wake of the MJO and increased upper level divergence.

Velocity potential pattern remains persistent, with increased convection developing across the Central Pacific and Hawaii.



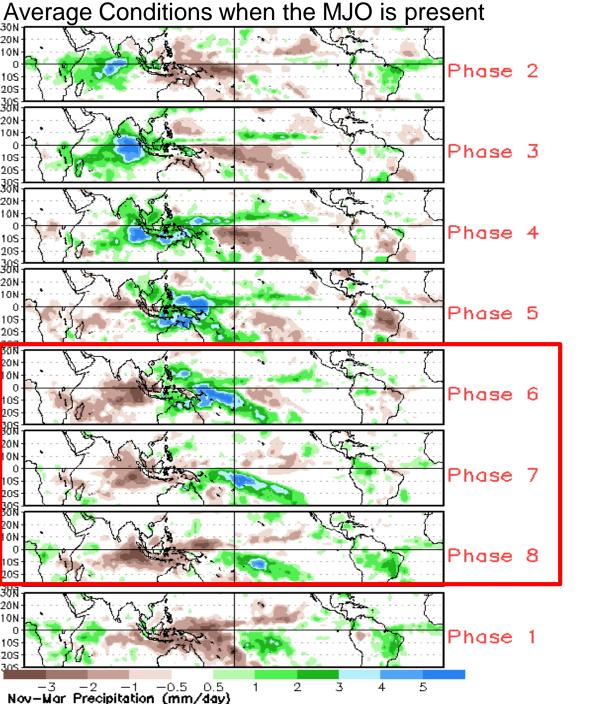
MJO Observation/Forecast



GEFS and ECMWF ensembles depict a meandering MJO signal in RMM phase 7 during the next 2 weeks.

JMA indicates slightly more eastward propagation toward the Central Pacific compared to the GEFS and ECMWF.

Uncertainty is high due to large ensemble spread.

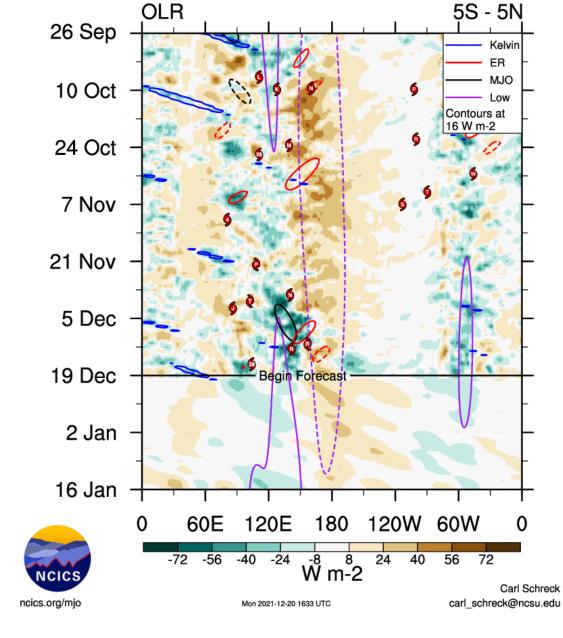


CAVEAT: These panels are representative of robust MJO events.

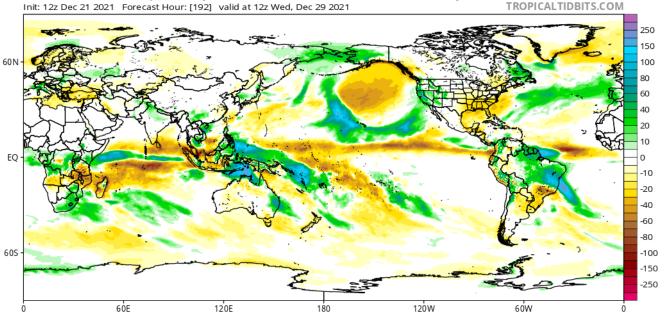
MJO activity is coming through the filtering over the West Pacific in the OLR field.

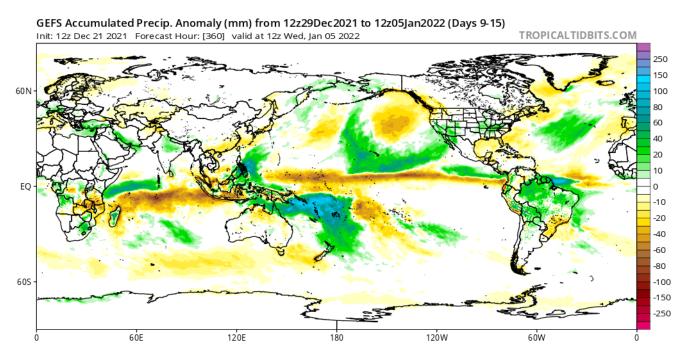
Enhanced Rossby wave activity is destructively interfering with the MJO signal.

Low frequency contours near the Date Line denote the established low frequency La Nina base state.

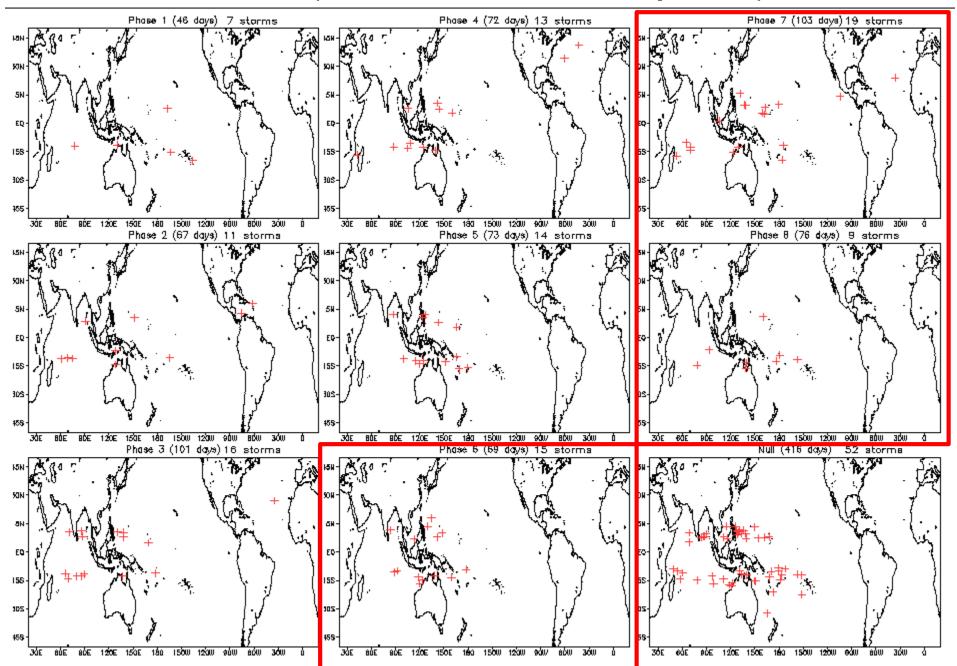


GEFS Accumulated Precip. Anomaly (mm) from 12z22Dec 2021 to 12z29Dec 2021 (Days 2-8) Init: 12z Dec 21 2021 Forecast Hour: [192] valid at 12z Wed, Dec 29 2021





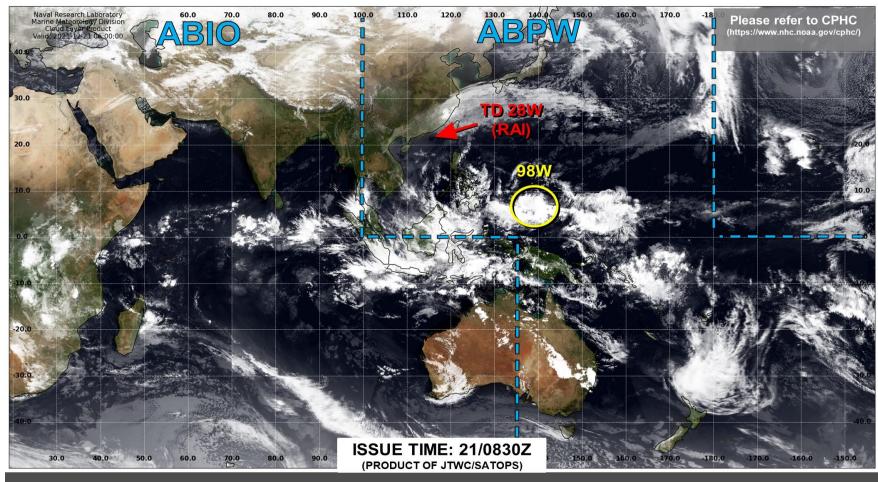
December Tropical Storm Formation by MJO phase





JOINT TYPHOON WARNING CENTER









TC development likely, but expected to occur beyond 24 hours

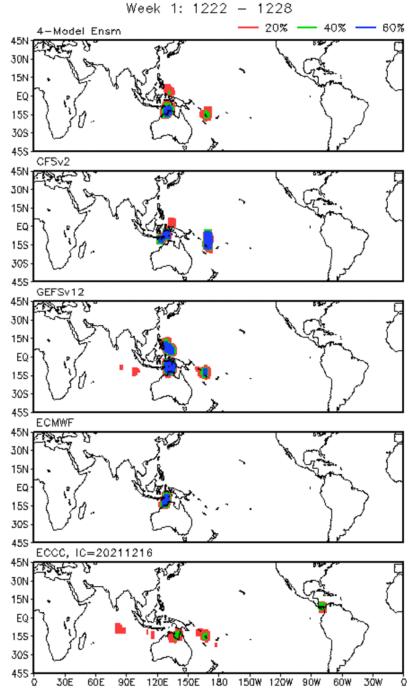




Monitoring for potential transition to TC. Invest label color denotes tropical transition probability



Storm Track Probabilities, IC=20211220

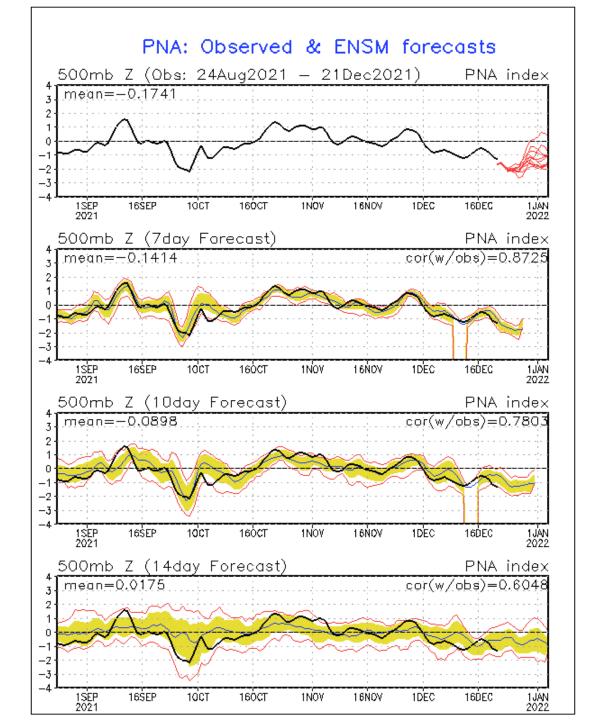


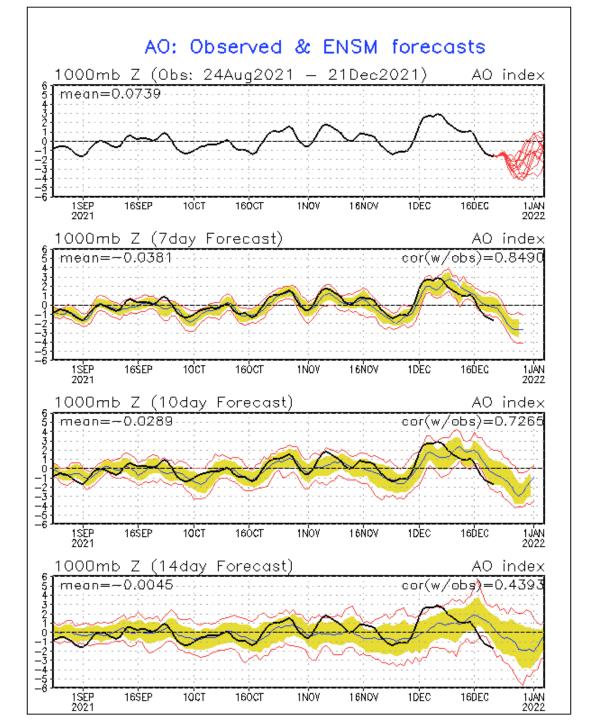
Tropical cyclone (TC) development indicated across the Timor Sea, with related impacts along the northern coast of Australia possible late in week-1.

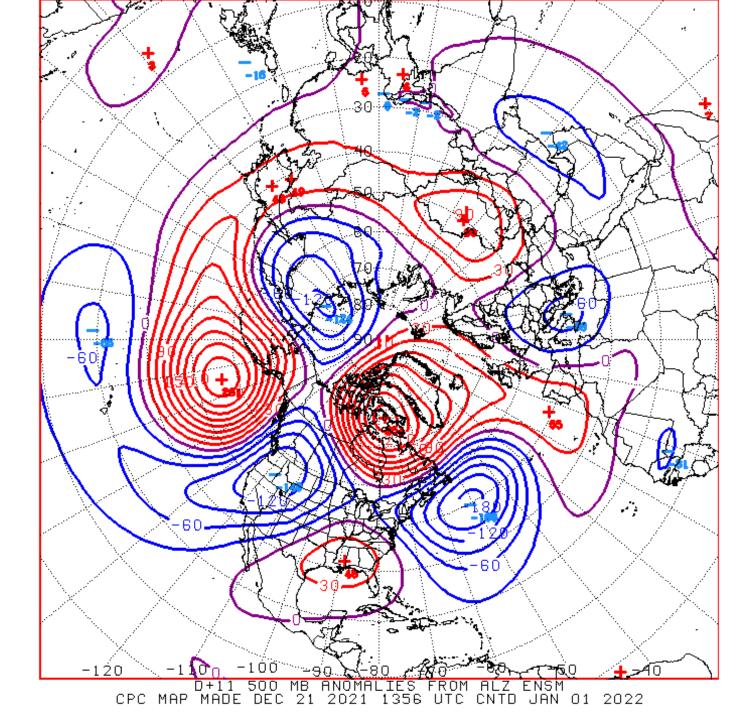
Elevated potential for development exists near the Vanuatu Island Chain.

Invest 98W may further develop into a TC as tracks closer to the Philippines later in week-1.

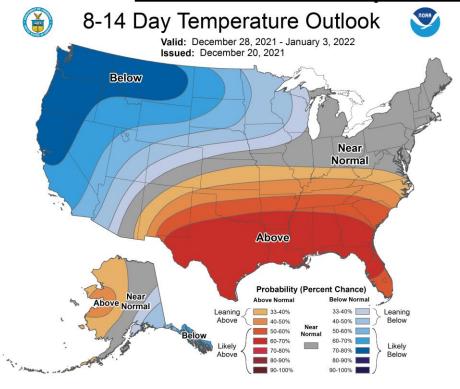
Connections to U.S. Impacts

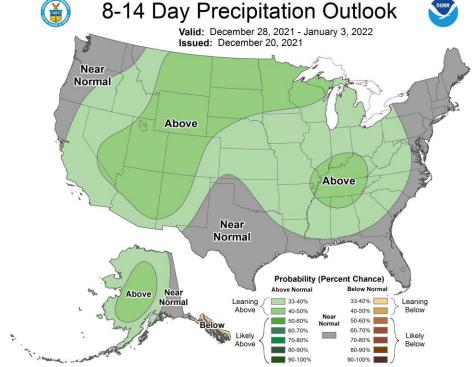






Week 2 - Temperature and Precipitation





Since we are in an amplified, stable pattern today's outlooks are likely to be similar.



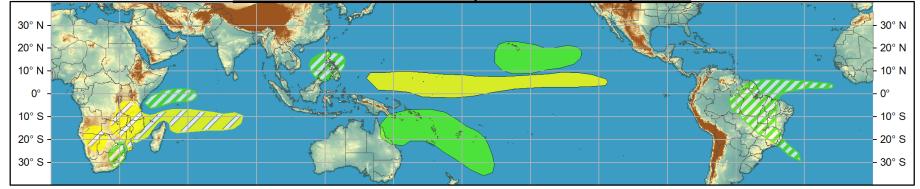
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