Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook 4/12/2022

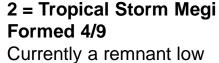
Thomas Collow

<u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

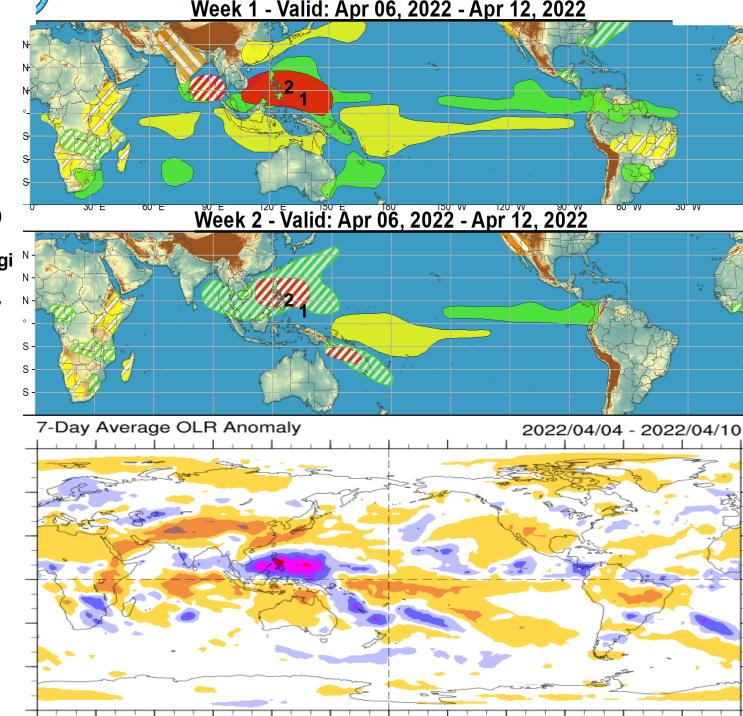
Outlook Review

1 = Typhoon Malakas Formed 4/7 Currently Active (95-kts)



Cool shading
More clouds/rain

Warm shading Less clouds/rain



Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO: (March 10, 2022 Update) next update on 14th of Apr.!

- ENSO Alert System Status: <u>La Niña Advisory</u>
- La Niña is favored to continue into the Northern Hemisphere summer (53% chance during June-August 2022), with a 40-50% chance of La Niña or ENSO-neutral thereafter.

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

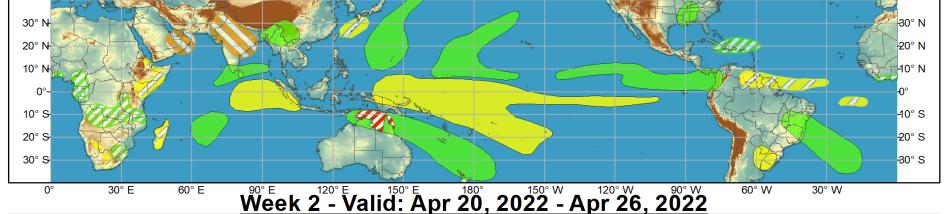
- Following an active Madden Julian Oscillation (MJO) signal that propagated eastward across the Indian Ocean and Maritime Continent during March, the intraseasonal signal has since decayed into the RMM-based unit circle.
- Increased convection over the Western Pacific, likely tied to Rossby Wave activity, has
 led to an increase in the amplitude of the RMM-based MJO index in recent days.
- The MJO is forecast to remain weak due to continuing influence from the low frequency La Niña base state, but some reemergence of the intraseasonal signal is possible over the Western Hemisphere by week-2.
- Following an uptick in tropical cyclone development across the Western Pacific in the past week, the forecast eastward shift of the convective envelope favors decreased TC activity in this region during the next 2 weeks.

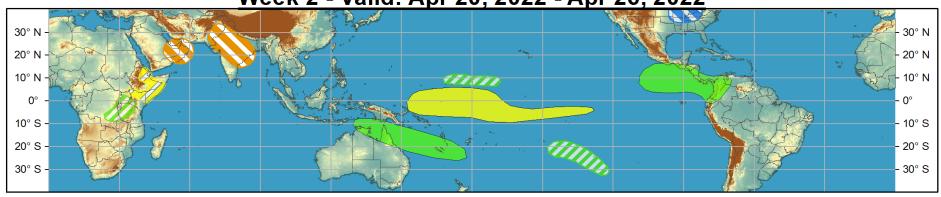


Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center









Confidence High Moderate Produced: 04/12/2022

Forecaster: Collow

Tropical Cyclone Formation Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Weekly total rainfall in the lower third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.



Below-average rainfall

Above-normal temperatures

Below-normal temperatures













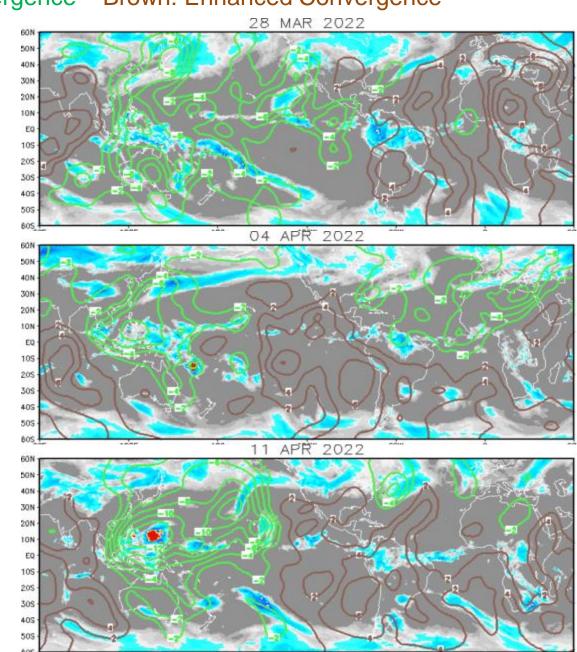
IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

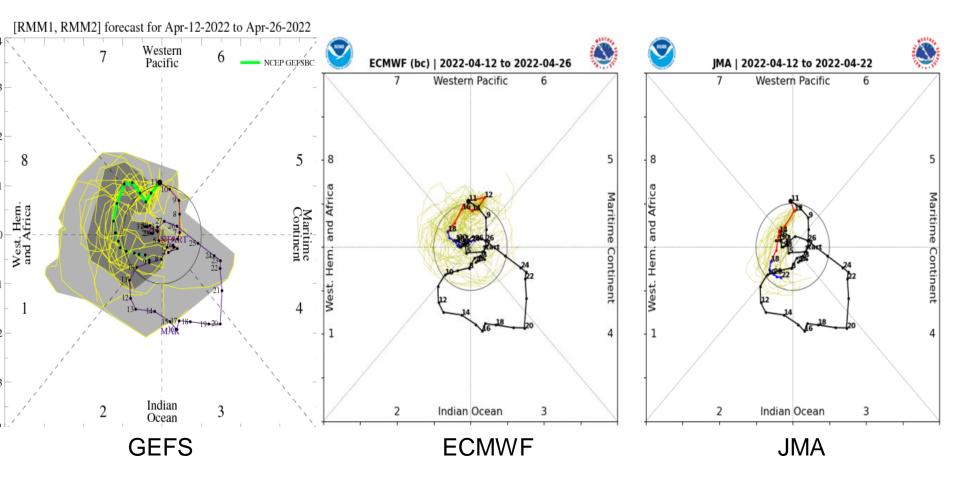
Wave-1 pattern observed in the spatial upper level velocity potential field, with enhanced convection across the Pacific, and suppressed convection over the eastern Atlantic Ocean, Africa, and the Indian Ocean.

Pattern becomes more wave-2 like as enhanced Kelvin Wave activity led to increased convection across Africa.

Pattern returns to wave-1 as convection over Africa dissipates; enhanced convection spreading across the Pacific.

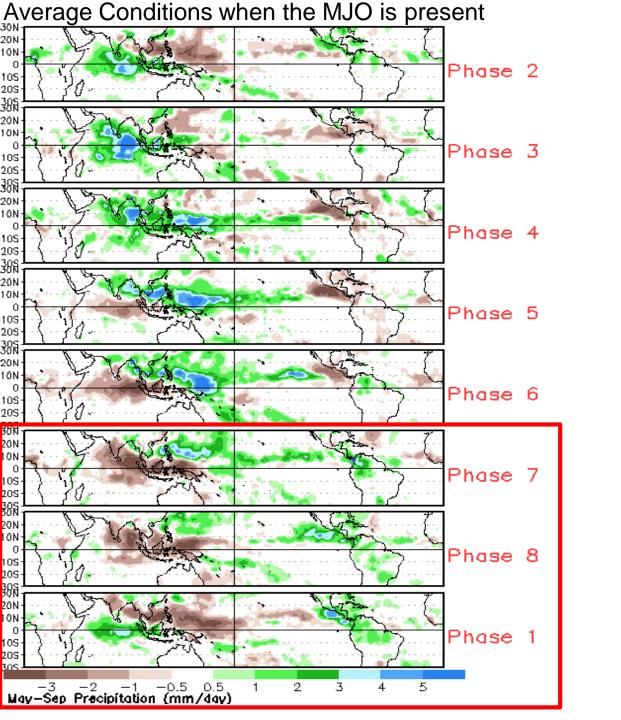


MJO Observation/Forecast



GEFS, ECWMF, and JMA ensemble means generally agree in terms of a weak MJO signal propagating around the periphery of the unit circle over the Western Hemisphere during the next 2 weeks.

Some GEFS ensemble members indicate a more robust intraseasonal signal in phases 8 and 1 compared to the ECMWF and JMA ensembles.



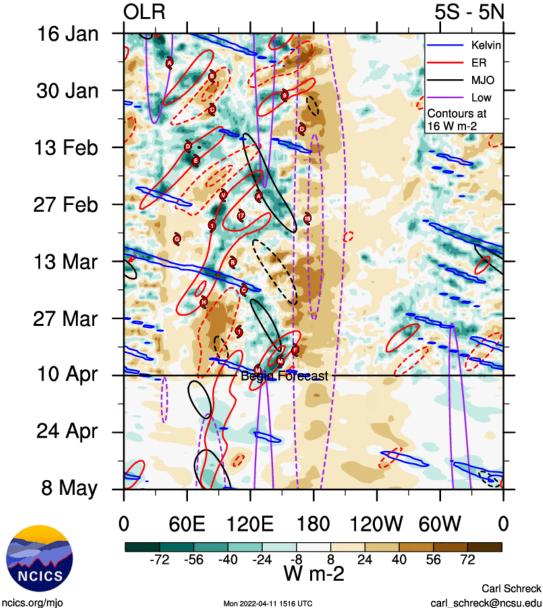
Note: April is an "in-between" month with regard to these composites

CAVEAT: These panels are representative of robust MJO events.

MJO activity was depicted coming through the OLR filtering over the Maritime Continent and Western Pacific during March, with Rossby Wave activity becoming more dominant in early April.

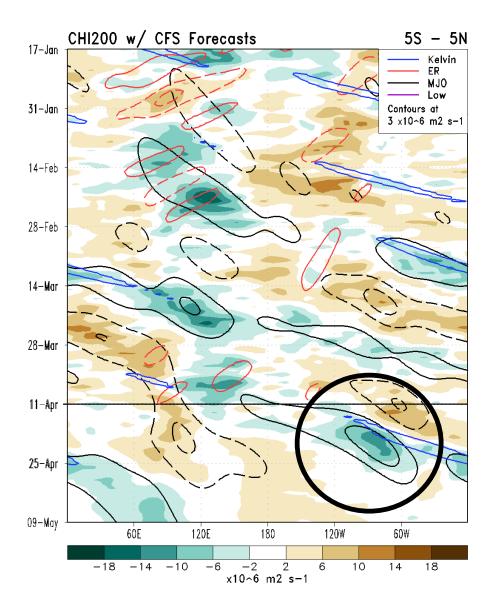
Kelvin wave activity is coupled with convection near the Prime Meridian.

Low frequency contours depict ENSO cold conditions, and are currently the most prominent signal.

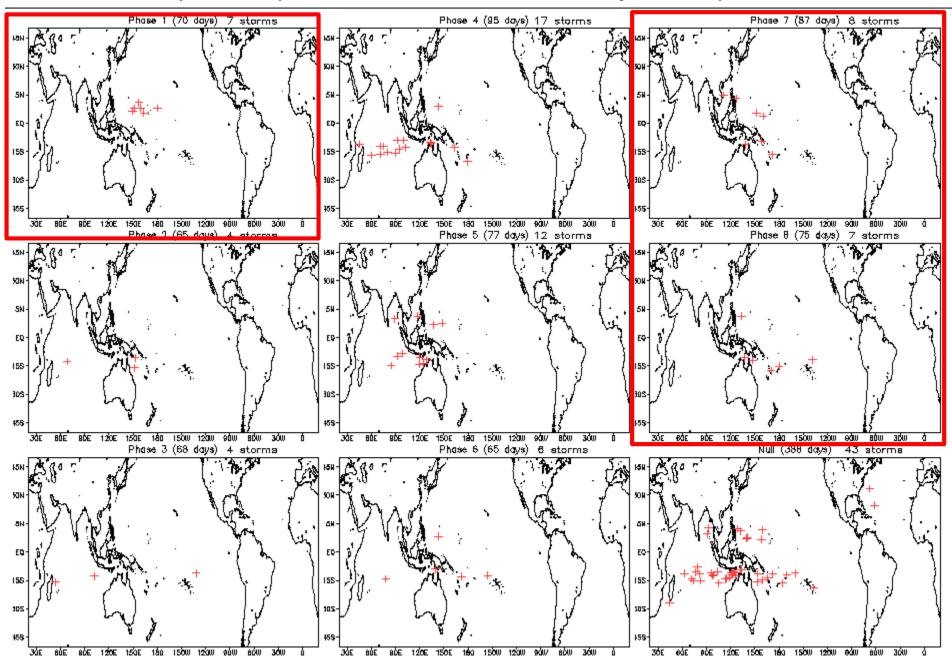


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When filtering using the upper-level velocity potential, an enhanced **MJO** signal emerges and propagates across the Western Hemisphere by week-2.



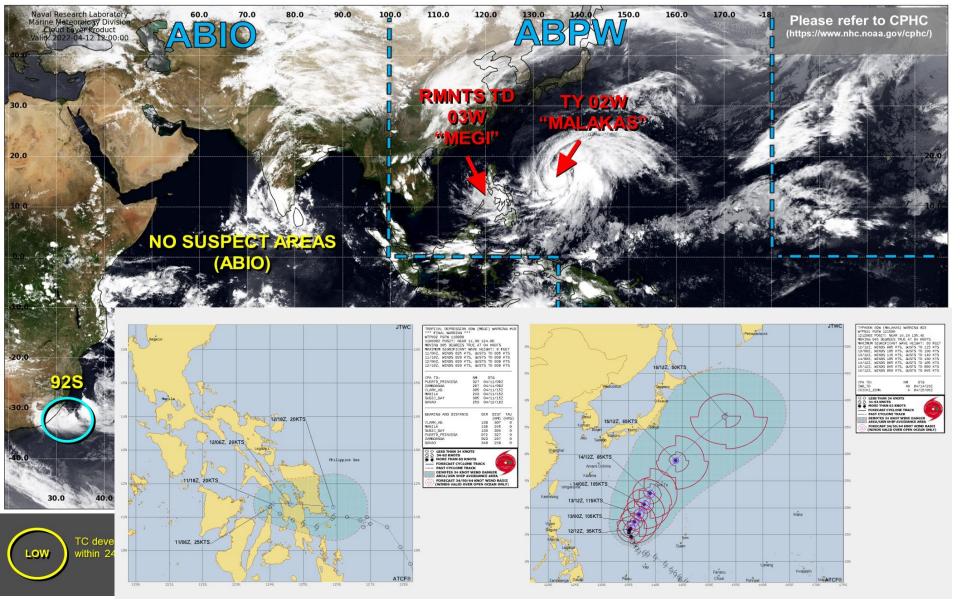
April Tropical Storm Formation by MJO phase



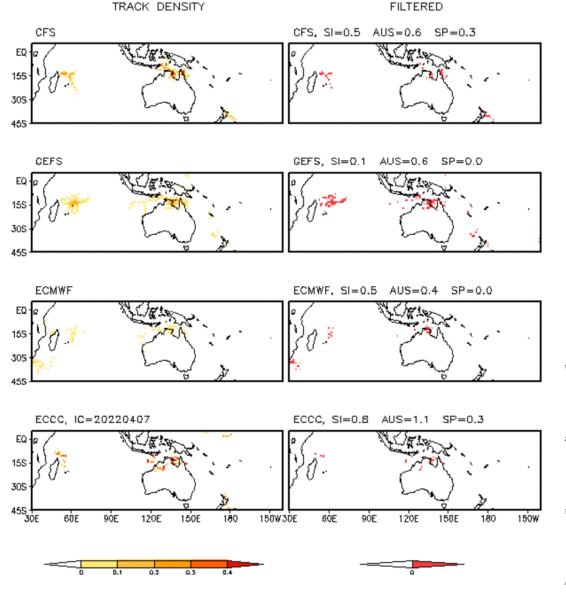


JOINT TYPHOON WARNING CENTER

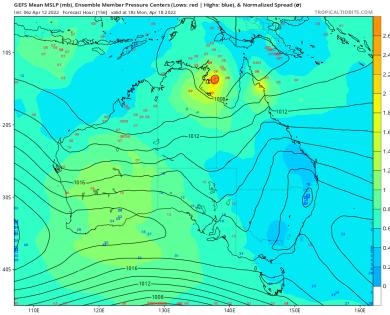




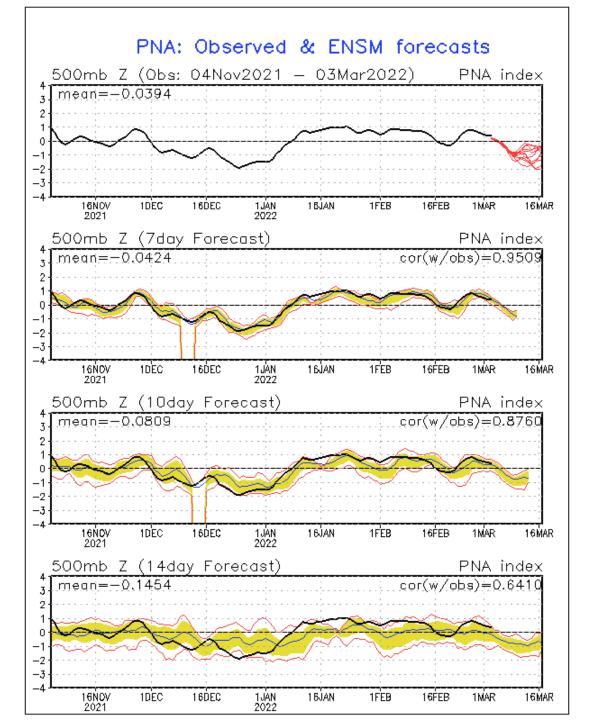
Storm Track Density Distribution, IC=20220411 Week 1 Forecast: 0413-0419

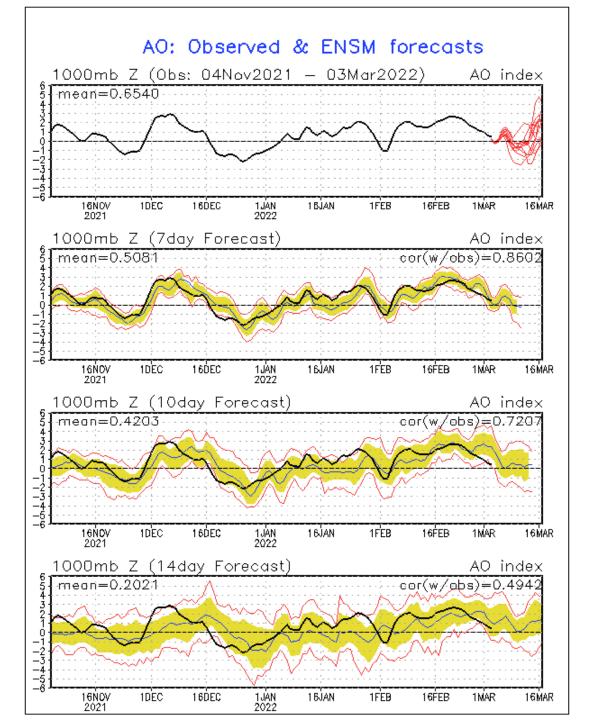


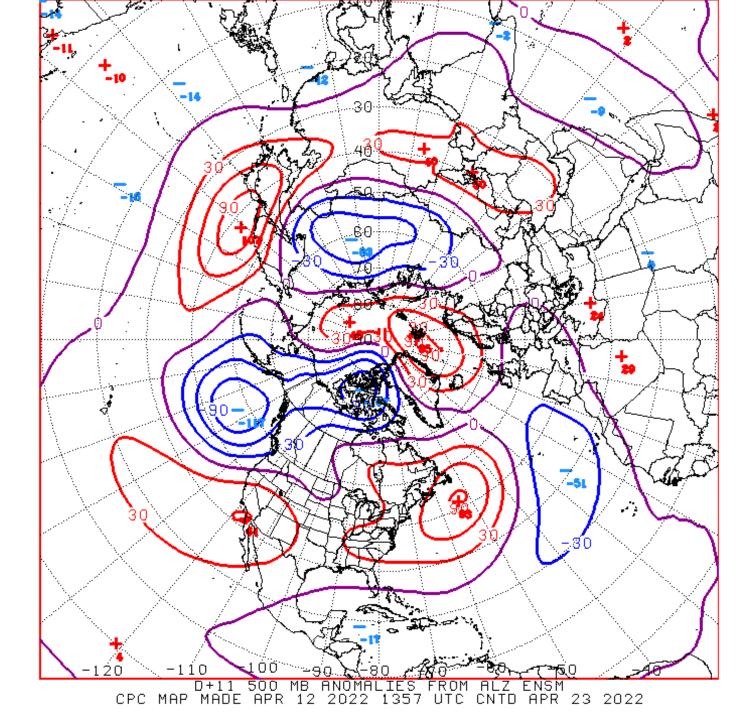
Possible tropical cyclone development in the vicinity of the Gulf of Carpentaria later in week-1, mostly indicated in the GEFS ensembles.



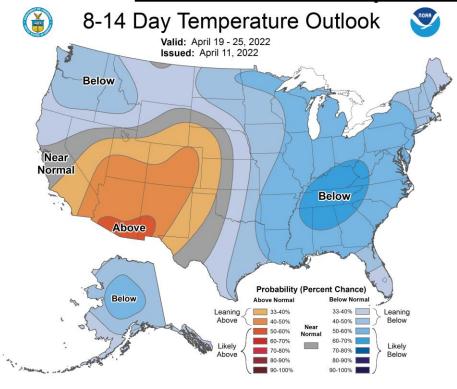
Connections to U.S. Impacts







Week 2 – Temperature and Precipitation



Near Normal

Probability (Percent Chance)
Above Normal

Leaning
Above

8-14 Day Precipitation Outlook

Valid: April 19 - 25, 2022

Near Normal Above

Leaning

Issued: April 11, 2022

Above

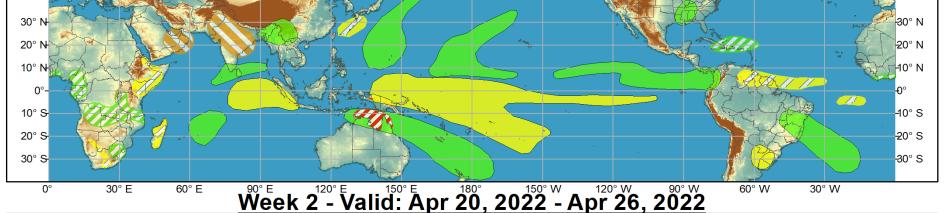
Fairly amplified pattern, potential for muchabove average temperatures early in the period for the East.



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