# Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook 6/14/2022

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# <u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

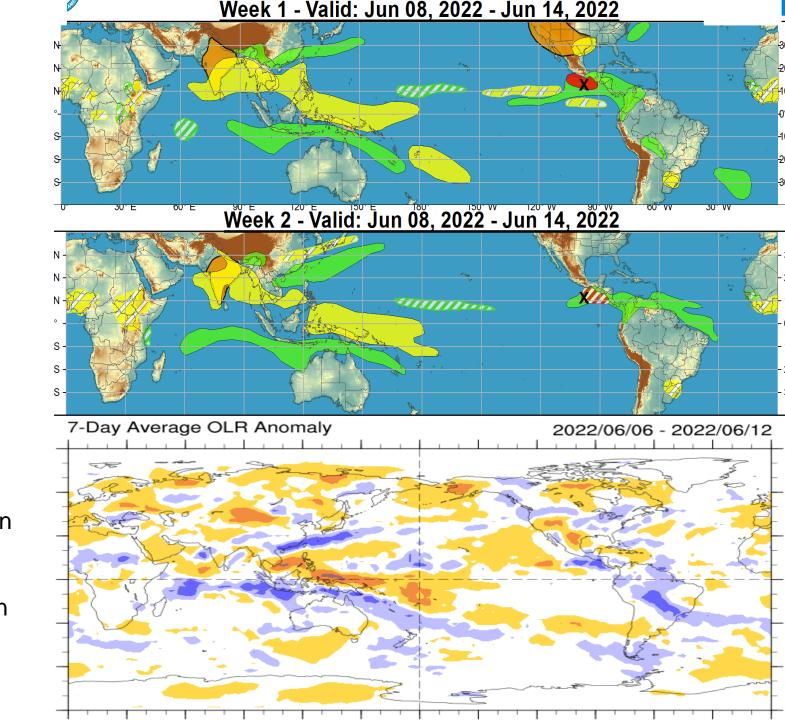
# Outlook Review

A = Tropical Storm Blas (6/14)

\* Pretty good consistency in forecasts during last 2 weeks

Cool shading More clouds/rain

Warm shading Less clouds/rain



# Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO: (Jun 9, 2022 Update) next update on Thursday, July 14th

- ENSO Alert System Status: <u>La Niña Advisory</u>
- Though La Niña is favored to continue, the odds for La Niña decrease into the Northern Hemisphere late summer (52% chance in JAS 2022) before slightly increasing through the Northern Hemisphere fall and early winter 2022 (58-59% chance)

## MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

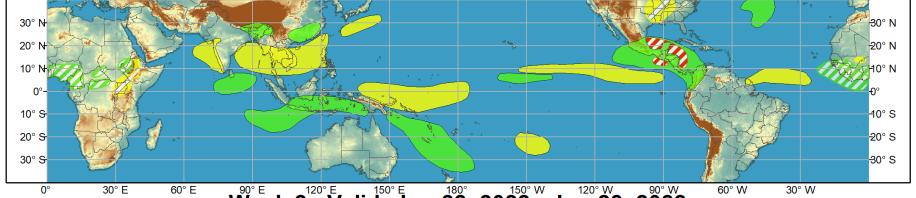
- Both velocity potential and RMM based MJO indices indicate a weakening of the intraseasonal signal during the last seven days.
- There is general agreement in the dynamical model RMM forecasts featuring an uptick in amplitude in short-term, followed by a re-weakening of the signal for the remainder of the outlook period. The renewed activity is likely tied to Rossby wave activity aiding the convective pattern over the western Hemisphere.
- Regardless of a disorganized MJO in the forecast, the interaction of tropical waves, and the persistence of anomalous lower-level westerlies over the tropical Americas is expected to increase chances for tropical cyclone formation over the eastern Pacific and Atlantic basins during the next two weeks.



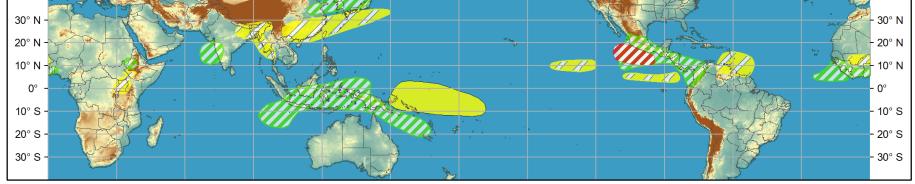
#### Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center







Week 2 - Valid: Jun 22, 2022 - Jun 28, 2022



Confidence Produced: 06/14/2022

High Moderate Forecaster: Novella

Tropical Cyclone Formation Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Above-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

Below-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.













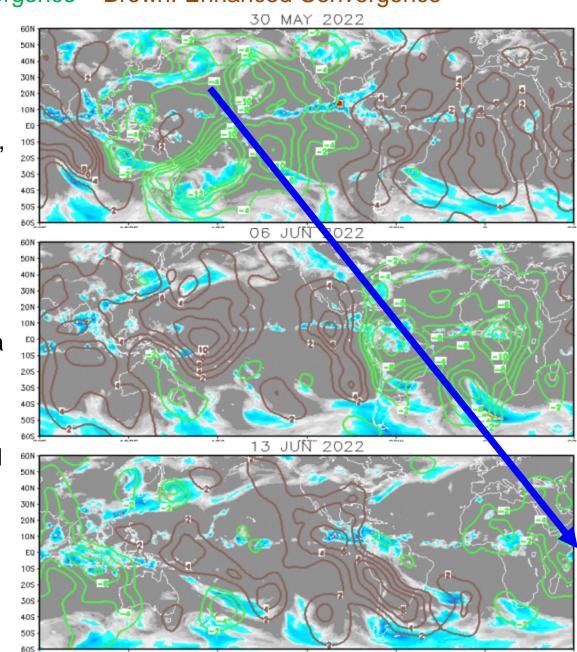
### IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

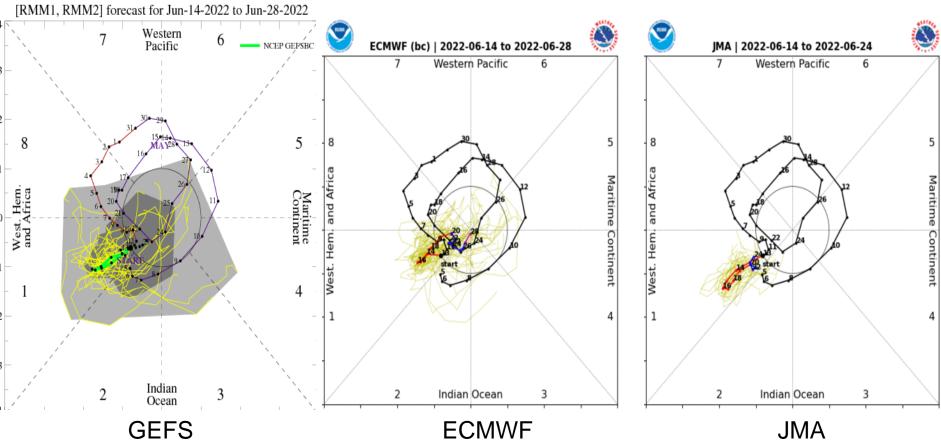
Enhanced convection quickly shifted from Asia and the Maritime Continent to the Pacific, indicative of a Kelvin Wave.

Enhanced convection is now observed across the Atlantic and extending into Africa, with suppressed convection over Asia and much of the Pacific.

Although envelopes of enhanced and suppressed convection continued to shift eastward, the wave-1 pattern has become less coherent.



# MJO Observation/Forecast



There is good agreement in dynamical models depicting an increase of the signal in RMM space on the near-term, followed by a re-weakening with little eastward propagation for the remainder of the period.

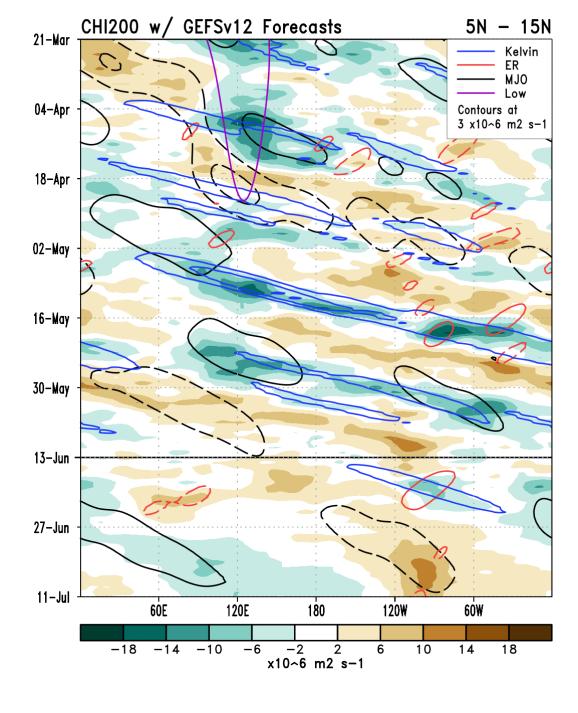
This renewed signal is likely tied to other modes of tropical variability.

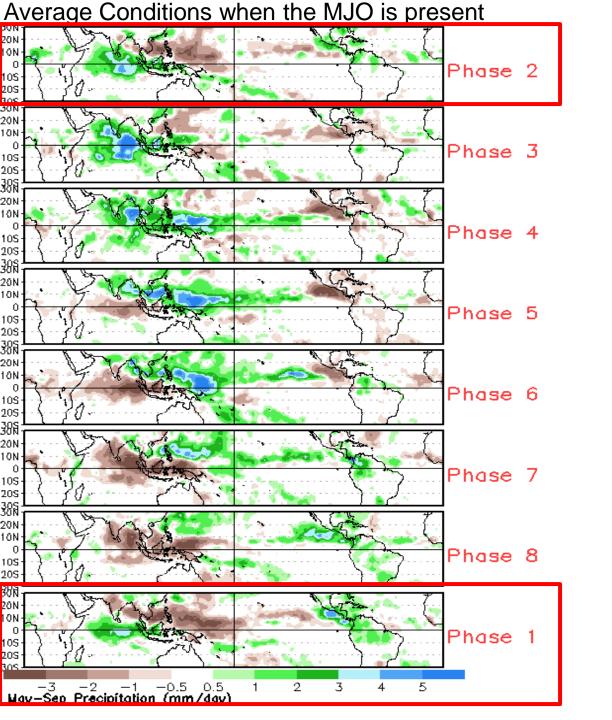
There are several ensemble members in the GEFS and ECMWF suggesting possible renewed MJO activity late in week-2.

Robust convectively coupled Kelvin wave activity was the dominant mode of activity during May and early June.

Constructive interference with predicted Rossby
Wave activity results in favorable conditions for enhanced convection and potential TC activity over and near the Americas during the next two weeks.

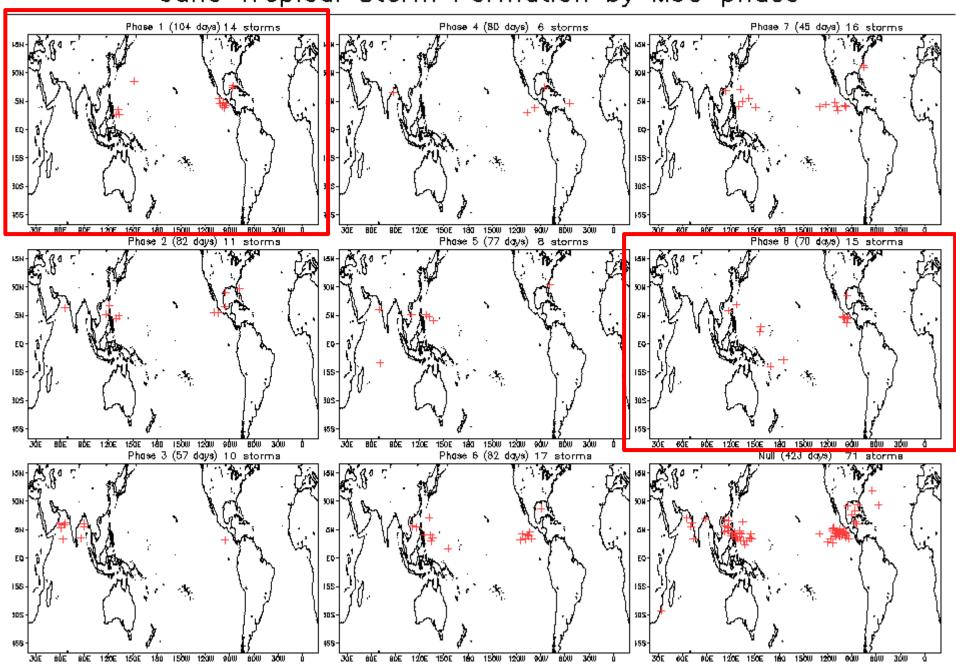
More coherent **MJO activity** is coming through the filtering in the GEFS by late June and into the week-3 period.

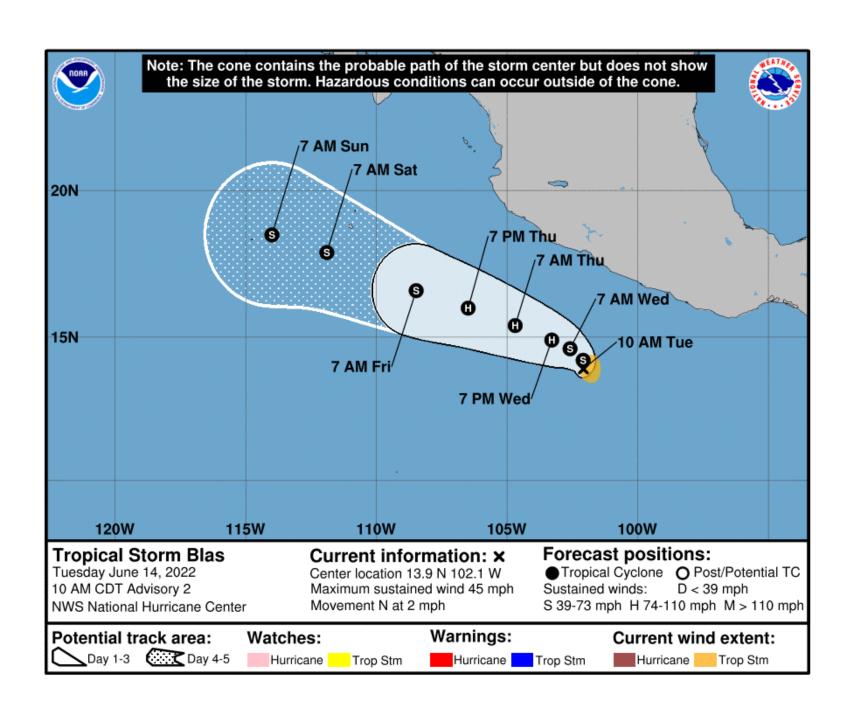




CAVEAT: These panels are representative of robust MJO events.

## June Tropical Storm Formation by MJO phase

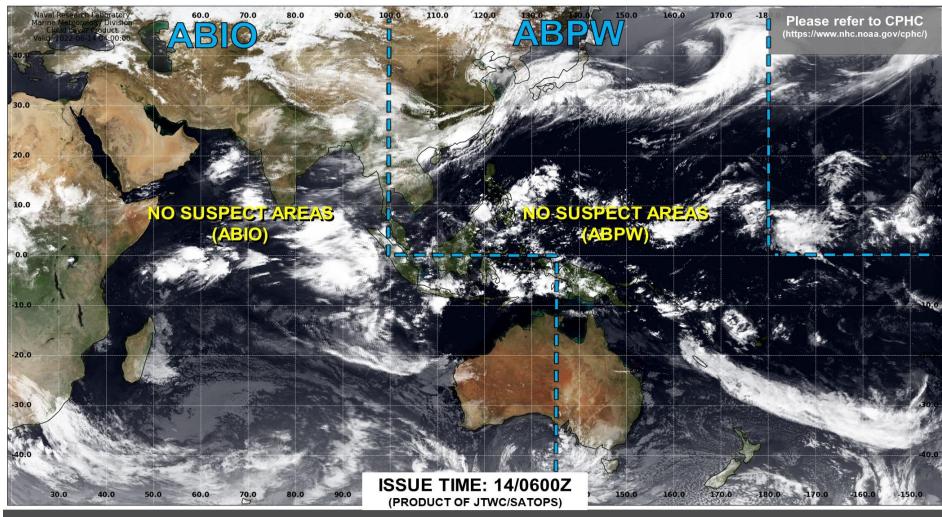






## **JOINT TYPHOON WARNING CENTER**







TC development unlikely within 24 hours



TC development likely, but expected to occur beyond 24 hours

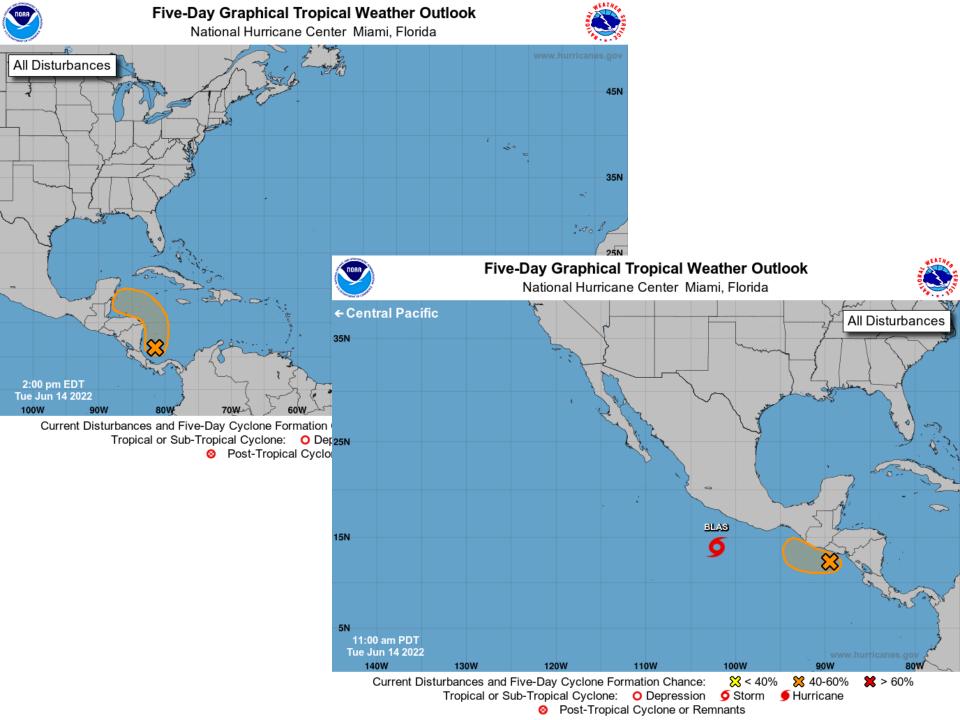


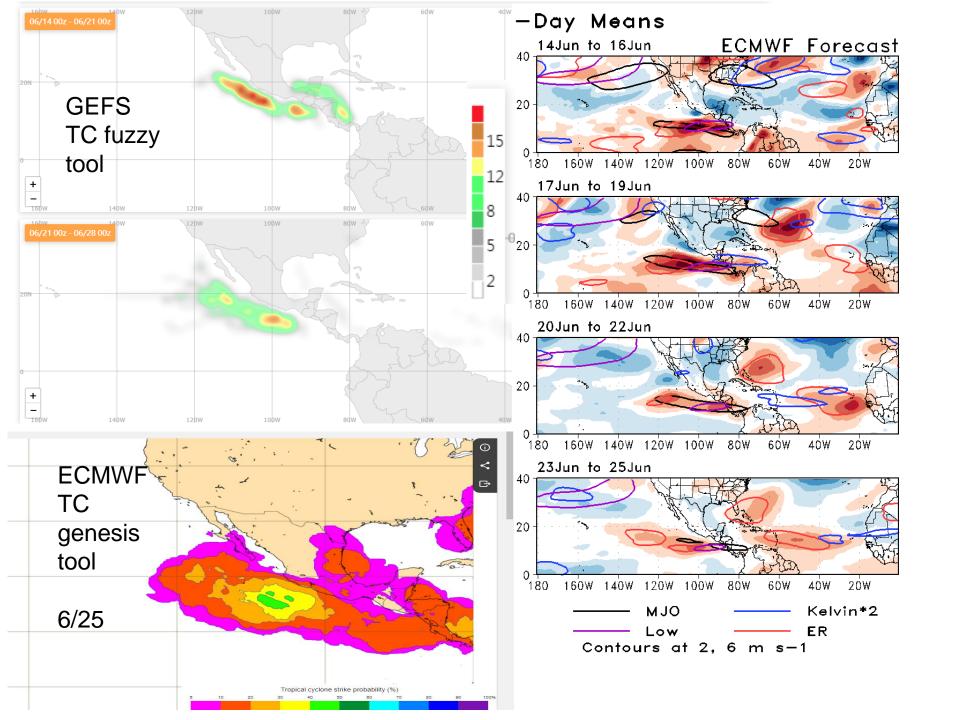
TC development likely within 24 hours (Reference TCFA)



Monitoring for potential transition to TC. Invest label color denotes tropical transition probability

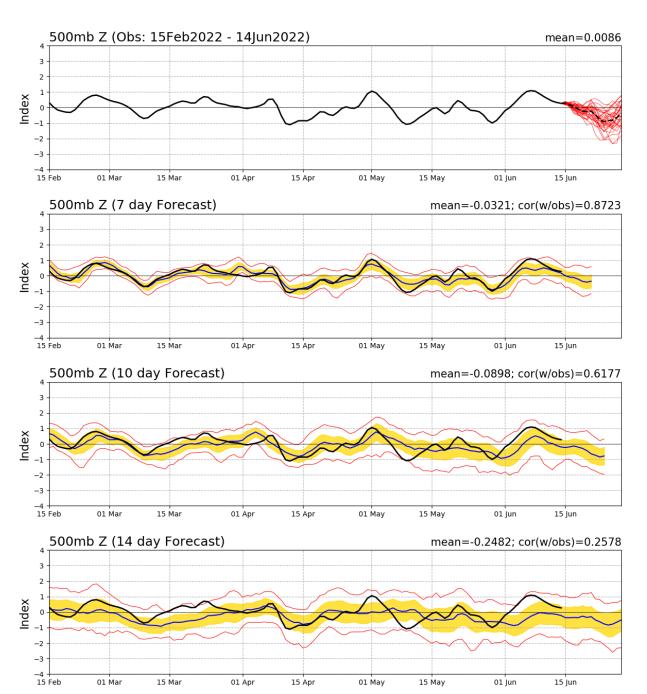




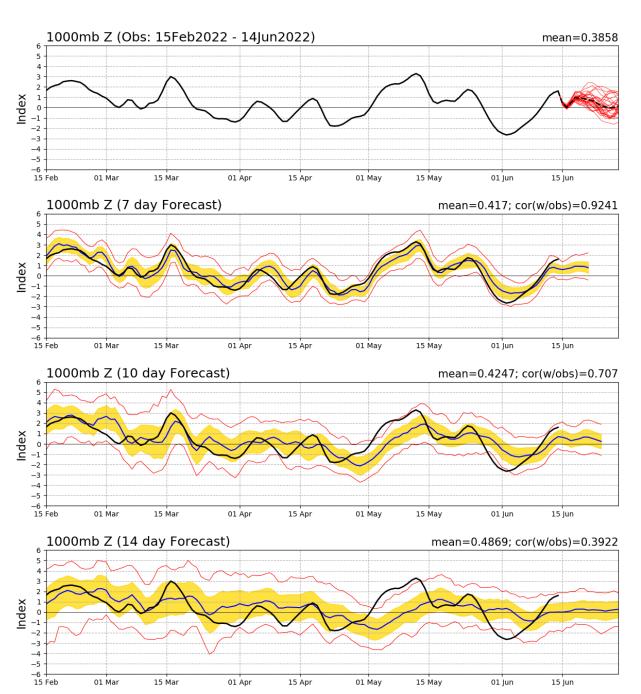


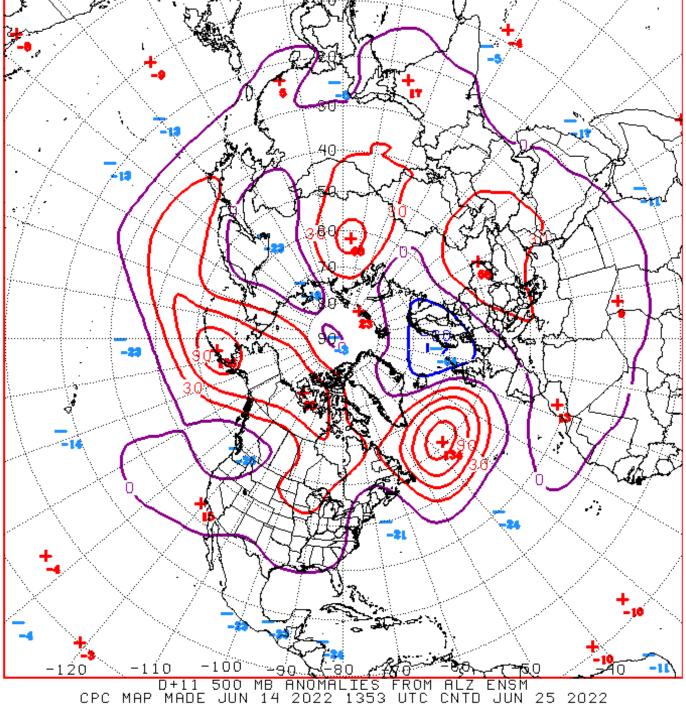
# Connections to U.S. Impacts

#### **PNA Index: Observed & GEFS Forecasts**

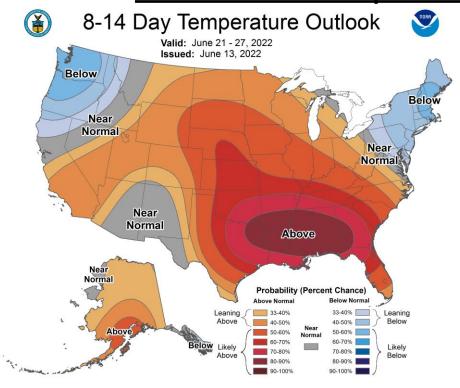


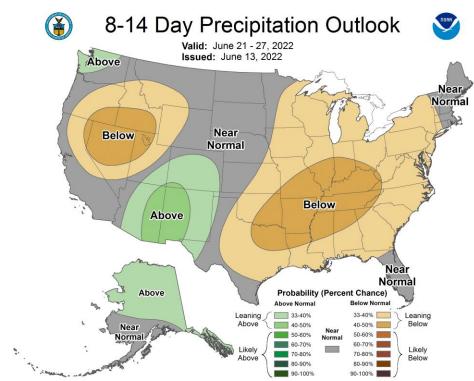
#### **AO Index: Observed & GEFS Forecasts**





# Week 2 – Temperature and Precipitation



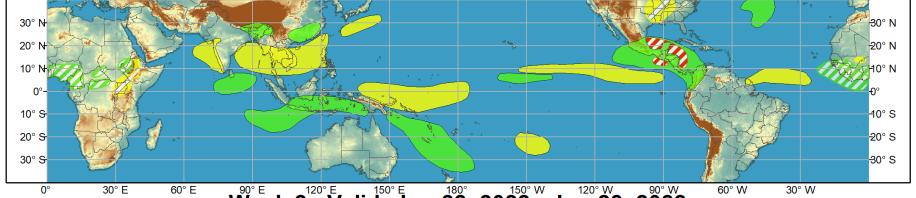




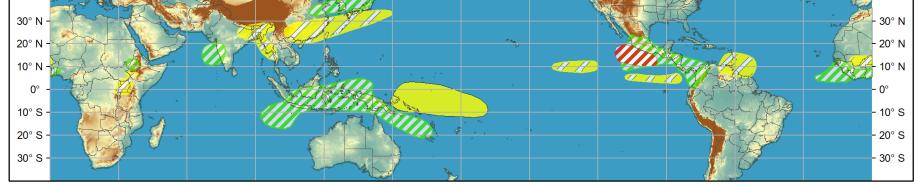
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**Tropical Cyclone Formation** 









