Global Tropics Hazards And Benefits Outlook 8/23/2022

Tom Collow

<u>Outline</u>

- 1. Review of Recent Conditions
- 2. Synopsis of Climate Modes
- 3. GTH Outlook and Forecast Discussion
- 4. Connections to U.S. Impacts

Outlook Review

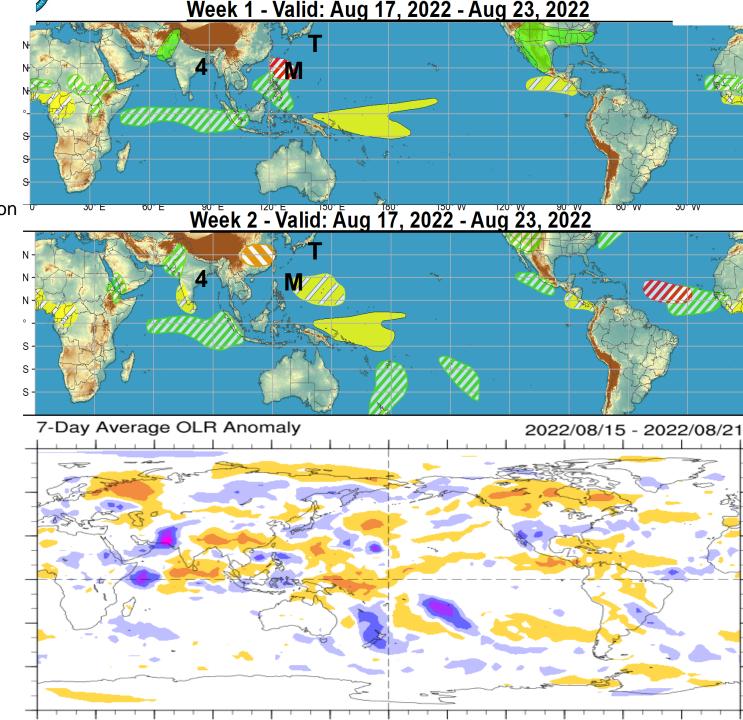
4 = BOB04 (Bay of Bengal; 8/19)

M = Tropical Storm Ma-on (West Pacific; 8/20)

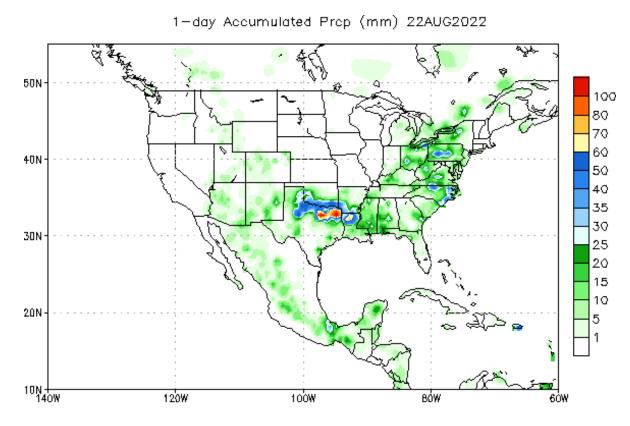
T = Typhoon Tokage (West Pacific; 8/21)

Cool shading More clouds/rain

Warm shading Less clouds/rain



North Texas flooding August 21-22, 2022



Data Source: CPC Unified (gauge-based & 0.5x0.5 deg resolution) Precipitation Analysis

Dallas-Fort Worth International Airport (DFW) had a 24-hr rainfall total of 9.19 inches (highest since 1932)

Some localized amounts up to 15 inches.

This rainfall followed an exceptionally dry period across the region since June including a 67 day streak without measurable rainfall (June 4 – August 9; 2nd longest on record).

Synopsis of Climate Modes

ENSO: (August 11, 2022) next update on Thursday, September 8th

- ENSO Alert System Status: <u>La Niña Advisory</u>
- La Niña is favored to continue into the Northern Hemisphere Fall (86% chance), with probabilities decreasing to 60% during Dec-Jan-Feb 2022-23.

MJO and other subseasonal tropical variability:

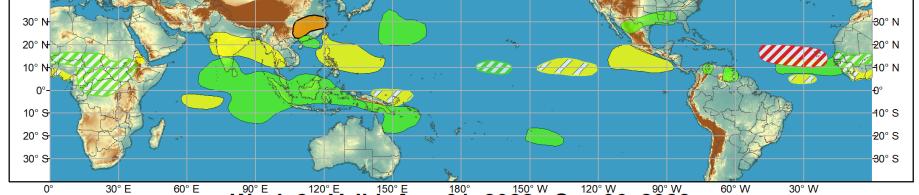
- Increased Convectively Coupled Kelvin Wave activity has led to an increase in convection across Africa, with easterly wave propagation beginning across the Main Development Region of the Atlantic.
- Tropical cyclone (TC) development is increasingly likely over the Atlantic Basin during the next 2 weeks as the peak of hurricane season approaches.
- The MJO is forecast to amplify across the Indian Ocean during the next week, with uncertainty into how far east the signal propagates, as well as its amplitude, given the well established La Niña base state.
- TC formation chances are forecast to decrease over the Western and Eastern Pacific Basins in the near-term but may begin to increase again during week-2.



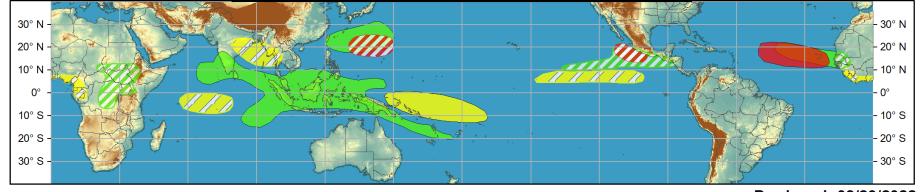
Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center







Week 2 - Valid: Aug 31, 2022 - Sep 06, 2022



Produced: 08/23/2022

Forecaster: Collow

Tropical Cyclone Formation Development of a tropical cyclone (tropical depression - TD, or greater strength).

Confidence
High Moderate

Above-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the upper third of the historical range.

Below-normal temperatures 7-day mean temperatures in the lower third of the historical range.

Product is updated once per week, except from 6/1 - 11/30 for the region from 120E to 0, 0 to 40N. The product targets broad scale conditions integrated over a 7-day period for US interests only. Consult your local responsible forecast agency.













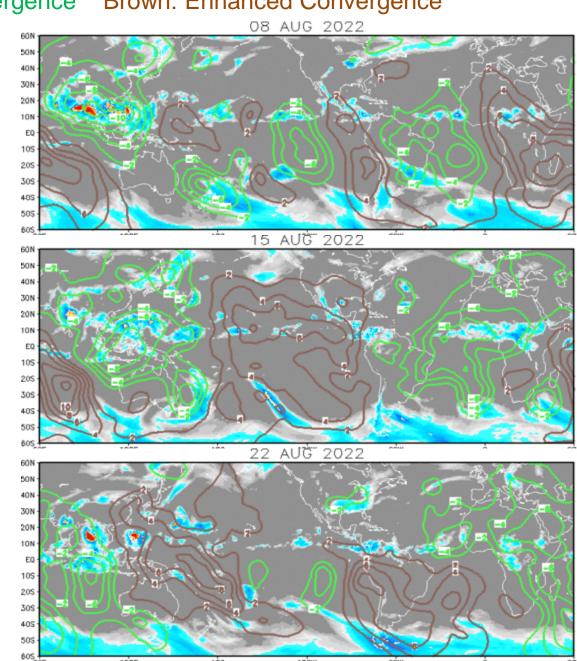
IR Satellite & 200-hpa Velocity Potential Anomalies

Green: Enhanced Divergence Brown: Enhanced Convergence

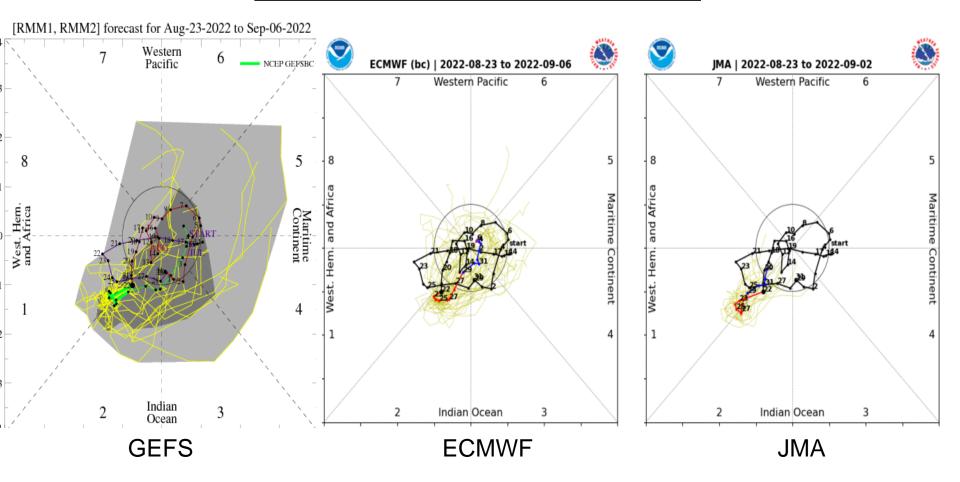
Pattern has become much less defined with increasing anomalous divergence aloft over the Pacific and Atlantic. Enhanced convection remains entrenched over the Indian Ocean.

La Nina continues to dominate over the Pacific and Maritime Continent. A Kelvin Wave has recently led to upper-level divergence across Africa.

Anomalous upper-level divergence continues across Africa and the Indian Ocean, with upper-level convergence (suppressed convection) expanding across the West Pacific.

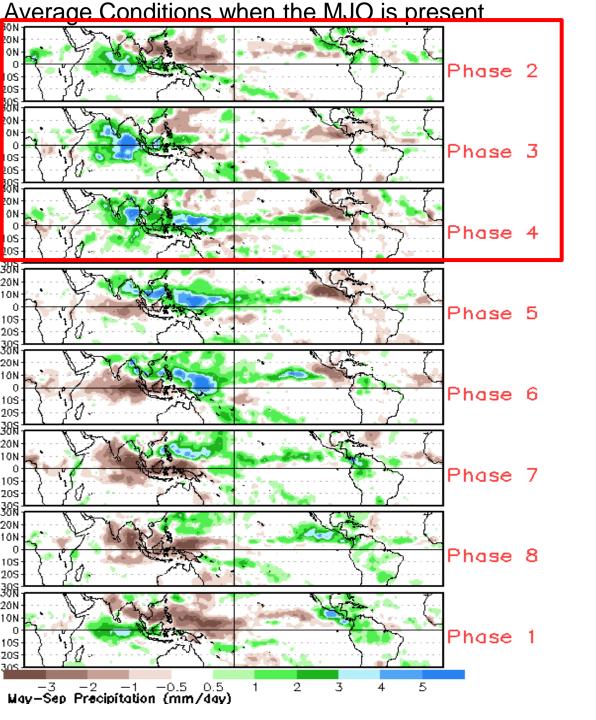


MJO Observation/Forecast



The MJO signal is forecast to amplify across the Indian Ocean during the next week.

Some eastward propagation of the signal toward the Maritime Continent is forecast in the next 2 weeks, with the GEFS being the most amplified of the guidance, and the JMA ensemble being the weakest.



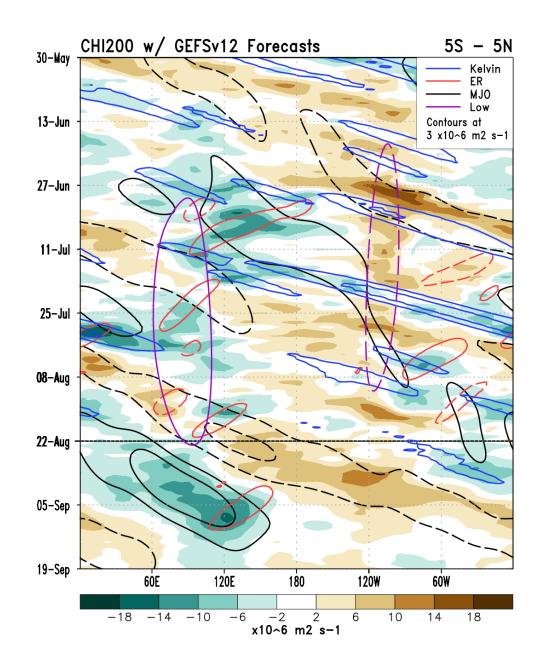
CAVEAT: These panels are representative of robust MJO events.

MJO activity is beginning to come through the upper-level velocity potential filtering over the eastern Indian Ocean.

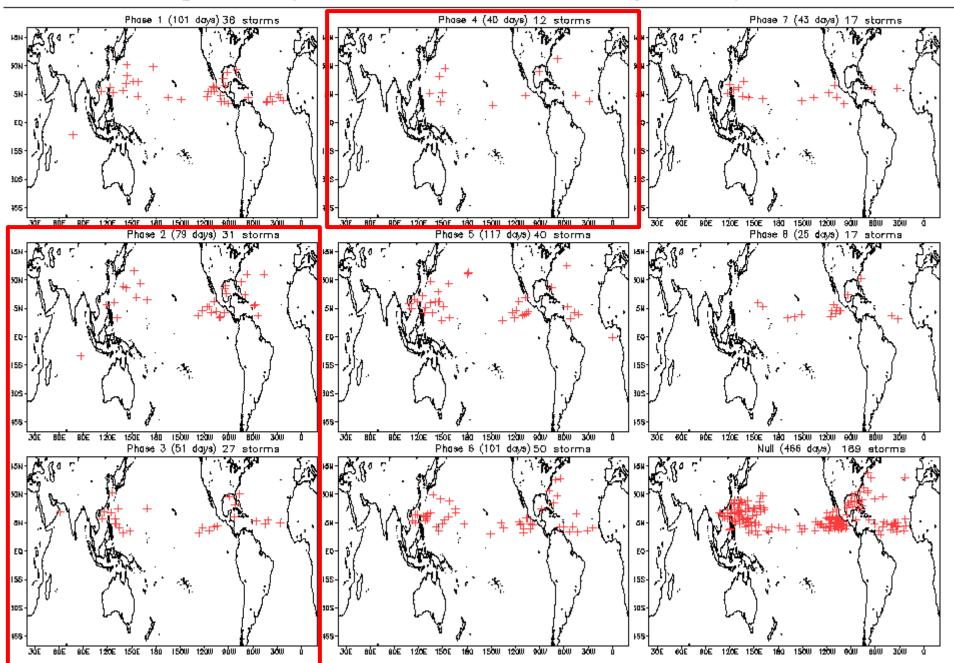
Although, the GEFS depicts a robust MJO propagation during the next 2 weeks, the other dynamical models are considerably weaker.

Kelvin wave activity had led to an increase in convection across Africa

Low frequency contours depict ENSO cold conditions.



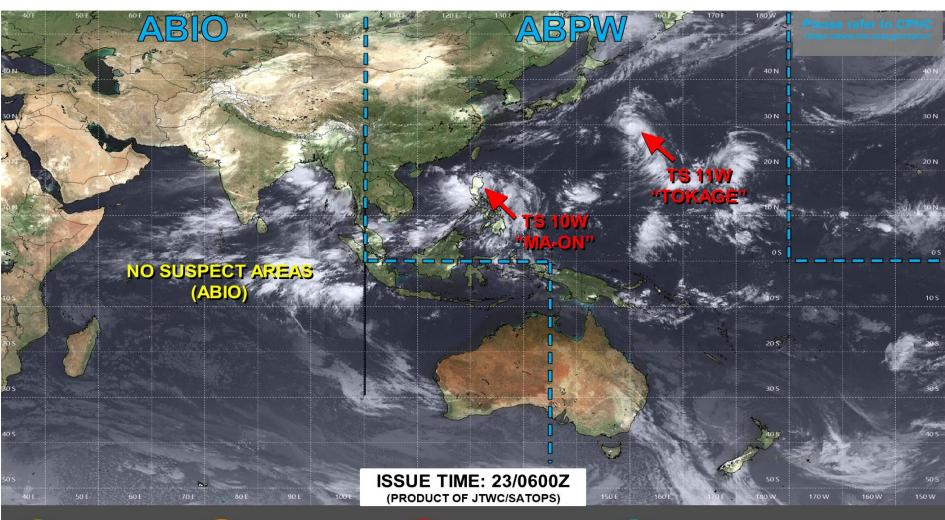
August Tropical Storm Formation by MJO phase





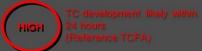
JOINT TYPHOON WARNING CENTER









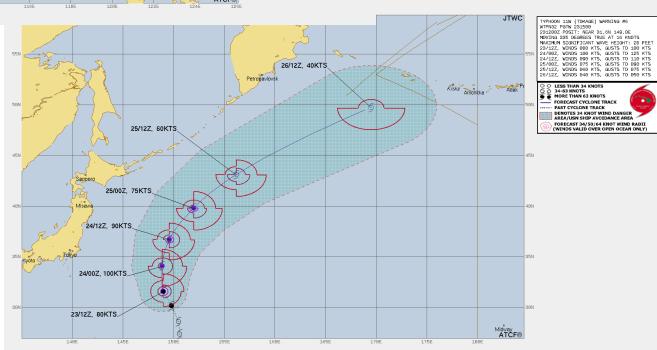




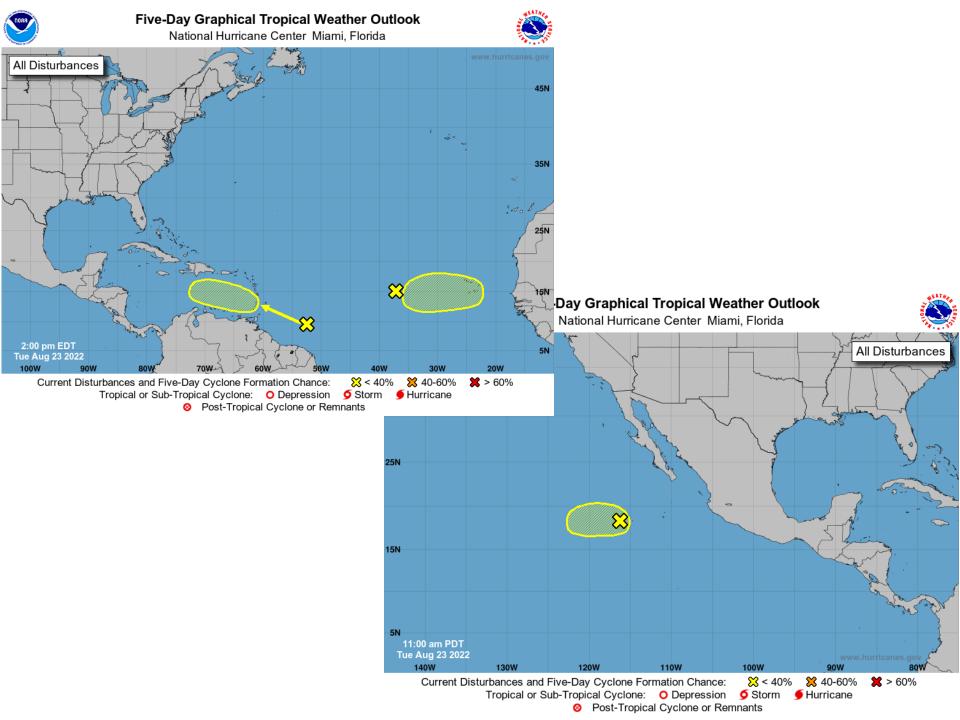
Monitoring for potential transition to TC. Invest label color denotes tropical transition probability

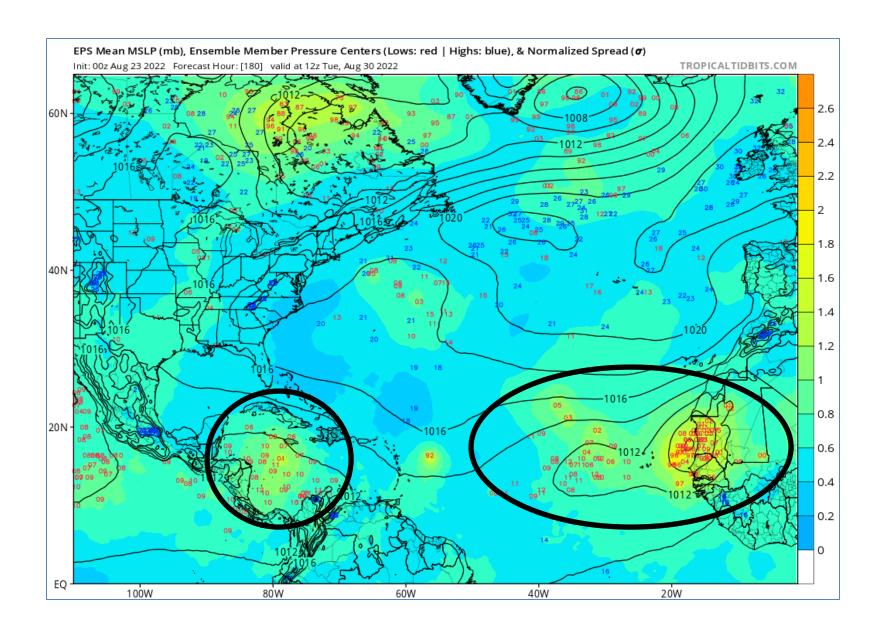






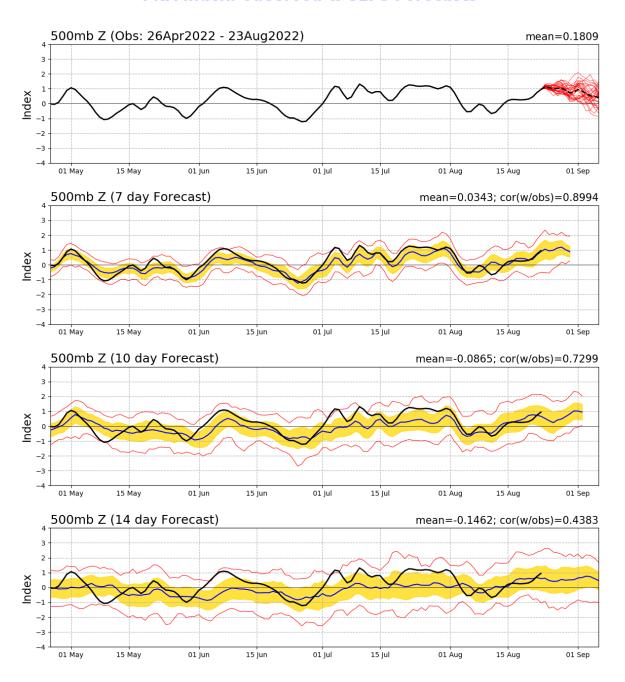
DENOTES 34 KNOT WIND DANGER
AREA/USN SHIP AVOIDANCE AREA
FORECAST 34/50/64 KNOT WIND RADII
(WINDS VALID OVER OPEN OCEAN ONLY)



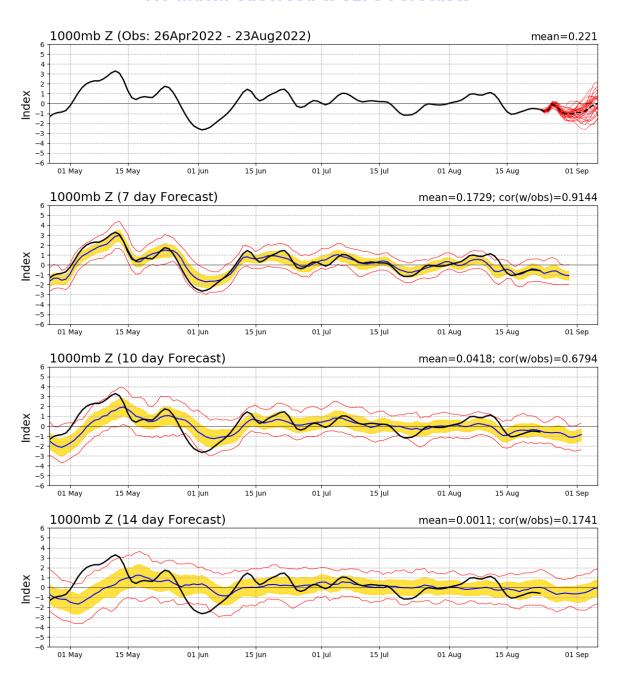


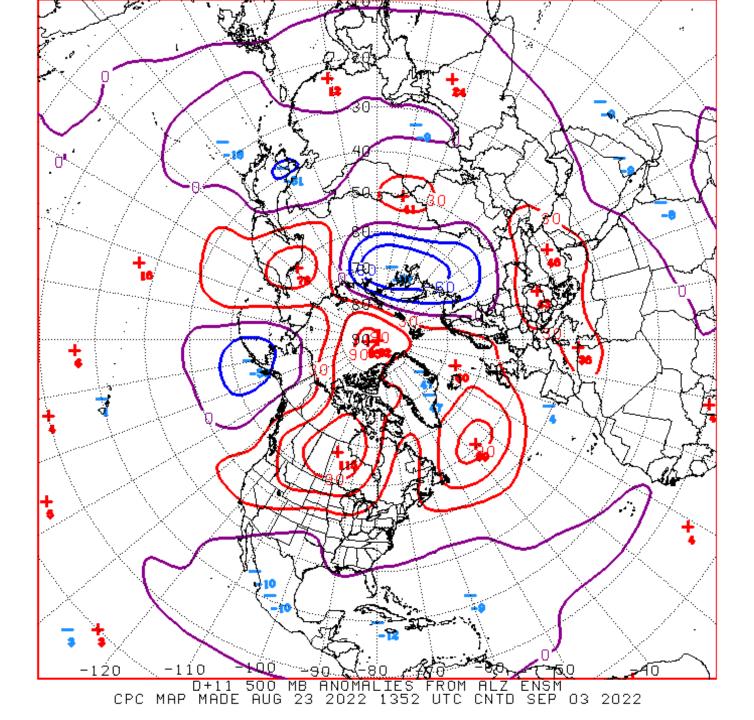
Connections to U.S. Impacts

PNA Index: Observed & GEFS Forecasts

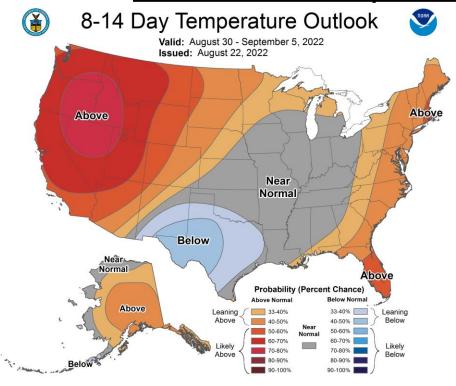


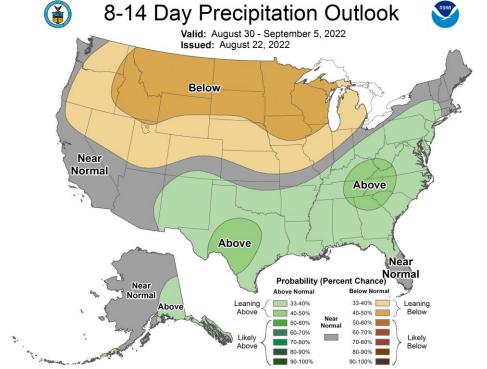
AO Index: Observed & GEFS Forecasts





Week 2 - Temperature and Precipitation





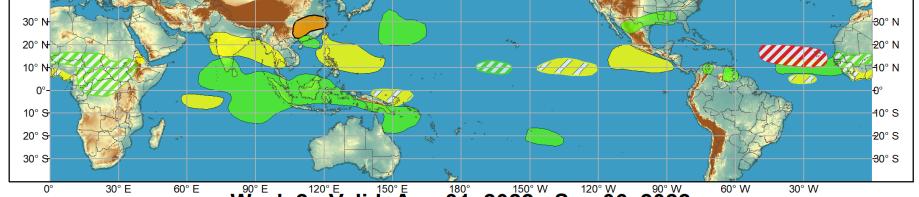
Since we are in an amplified, stable pattern today's outlooks are likely to be similar.



Global Tropics Hazards and Benefits Outlook - Climate Prediction Center







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Forecasters College

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